

Converting Colors

CIELCh(41, 63.069, 156.675)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(41, 63.069, 156.675)
contains.

CIELCh(42, 50.864, 148.100)	3
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Color

CIELCh(42, 50.864, 148.100)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	007334
RGB	0, 115, 52
RGB Percent	0%, 45%, 20%
CMY	1.0000, 0.5489, 0.7956
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.55, 0.55
HSL	147°, 100%, 23%
HSV	147°, 100%, 45%
XYZ	6.7266, 12.5000, 5.3212
YIQ	73.4330, -48.3170, -43.9730

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

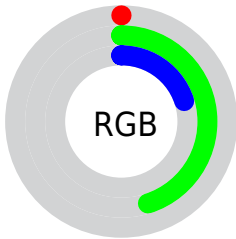
Format	Color
RYB	0, 79, 115
Decimal	29492
CIELab	42.00, -43.18, 26.88
CIELCh	42, 50.864, 148.100
Yxy	12.5000, 0.2740, 0.5092
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278219572 (0xFF007334)
YUV	73.4330, -10.5665, -64.4007
Hunter-Lab	35.3553, -27.9112, 15.8253

Details

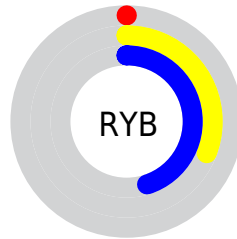
The CIELCh color **42, 50.864, 148.100** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006633**. A complement of this color would be **24, 47.890, 355.938**, and the grayscale version is **31, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **62, 50.666, 147.808**, and **23, 42.424, 138.469** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42, 50.715, 147.951**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **42, 47.296, 149.851**.

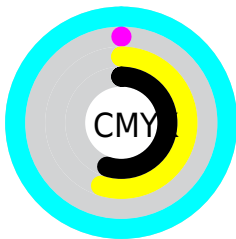
Distribution



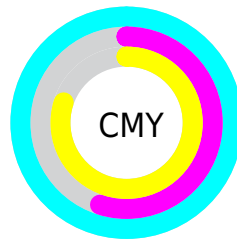
- Red (0%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Black (55%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (80%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 42, 50.864, 148.100 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 42, 50.864, 148.100 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 42, 50.864,
148.100


 42, 50.864,
148.100


 100, 50.864,
148.100


 32, 50.864,
148.100

 62, 50.864,
148.100


 22, 50.864,
148.100

 72, 50.864,
148.100

 12, 50.864,
148.100

 82, 50.864,
148.100

 2, 50.864, 148.100

 92, 50.864,
148.100

 0, 50.864, 148.100

 42, 50.864,

 42, 50.864,

148.100

148.100

■ 42, 50.715,
147.951

■ 42, 47.296,
149.851

■ 43, 43.528,
151.767

■ 43, 39.232,
153.494

■ 43, 34.444,
155.033

■ 44, 29.236,
156.395

■ 45, 23.696,
157.600

■ 45, 17.916,
158.667

■ 46, 11.987,
159.621

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42, 50.864, 148.100



24, 47.890, 355.938

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42, 50.864, 148.100



42, 50.864, 198.100



42, 50.864, 328.100



42, 50.864, 18.100

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42, 50.715, 147.951



58, 22.314, 158.588



43, 59.261, 125.596



30, 15.307, 158.241



82, 0.010, 296.813



33, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42, 50.715, 147.951



54, 62.419, 147.306



43, 28.973, 189.297



24, 3.426, 160.569



45, 53.205, 147.787



87, 92.791, 146.454

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24, 47.890, 355.938



32, 57.923, 356.969



23, 54.744, 35.388



23, 3.459, 341.847



25, 50.018, 356.195



54, 84.163, 358.404

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 42, 50.864, 148.100 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

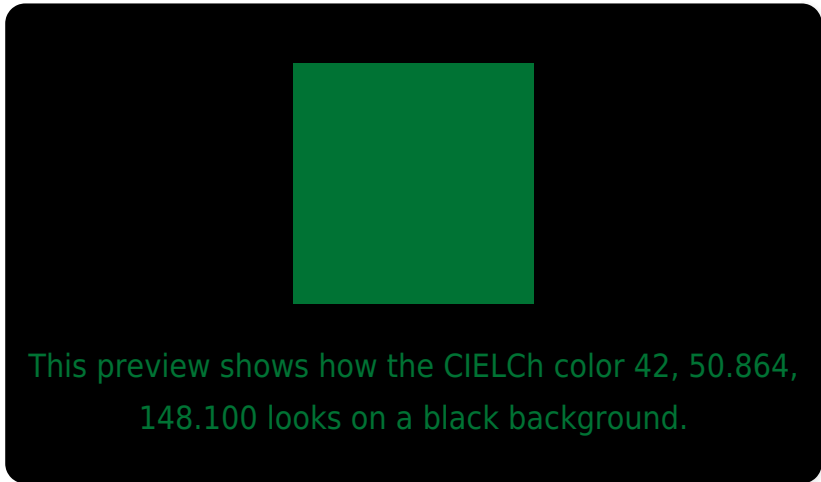
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 42, 50.864, 148.100

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 50.864, 148.100.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 50.864, 148.100.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
42, 50.755, 147.907

Protanopia
42, 30.899, 95.584

Deuteranopia
42, 25.221, 77.019



Tritanopia
42, 20.417, 212.878

Trichromacy



Original Color
42, 50.755, 147.907



Protanomaly
41, 36.204, 130.933



Deuteranomaly
40, 29.629, 129.353

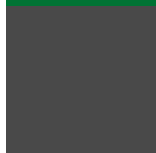


Tritanomaly
42, 28.993, 173.970

Monochromacy



Original Color
42, 50.755, 147.907



Achromatopsia
31, 0.005, 296.813



Achromatomaly
34, 22.518, 156.836

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 42, 50.864, 148.100 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 115, 52)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 115, 52)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 115, 52) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 115, 52) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 42, 50.864, 148.100 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 115, 52) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 115, 52) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 115, 52)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 115, 52); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 115, 52);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 115, 52)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 42, 50.864, 148.100 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 115, 52) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 115,  
52) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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