

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(41, 66.410, 14.318)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(41, 66.410, 14.318) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(41, 66.464, 14.510)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BE1249
RGB	190, 18, 73
RGB Percent	75%, 7%, 29%
CMY	0.2548, 0.9292, 0.7137
CMYK	0.00, 0.90, 0.62, 0.25
HSL	341°, 83%, 41%
HSV	341°, 90%, 75%
XYZ	22.6598, 11.8645, 7.4014
YIQ	75.6980, 84.8570, 53.5690

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

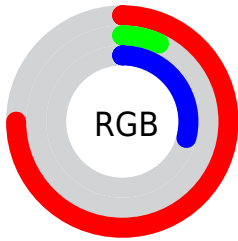
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	190, 18, 73
Decimal	12456521
CIE Lab	41.00, 64.34, 16.65
CIE LCh	41, 66.464, 14.510
Yxy	11.8645, 0.5405, 0.2830
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290646601 (0xFFBE1249)
YUV	75.6980, -1.3301, 100.2429
Hunter-Lab	34.4449, 57.1484, 11.3714

# Details

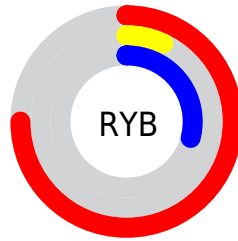
The CIELCh color **41, 66.464, 14.510** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3366**. A complement of this color would be **69, 55.243, 162.311**, and the grayscale version is **32, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61, 66.212, 14.626**, and **26, 54.169, 25.029** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **40, 69.707, 19.446**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **43, 62.175, 10.002**.

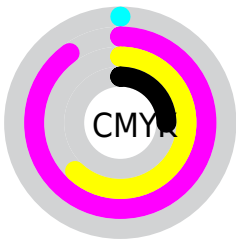
# Distribution



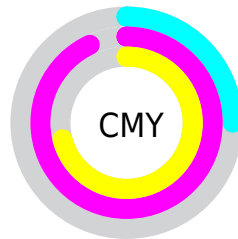
- Red (75%)
- Green (7%)
- Blue (29%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Blue (29%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (90%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (93%)
- Yellow (71%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 41, 66.464, 14.510 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 41, 66.464, 14.510 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 41, 66.464, 14.510

 41, 66.464, 14.510

 100, 66.464,  
14.510

 31, 66.464, 14.510

 61, 66.464, 14.510

 21, 66.464, 14.510

 71, 66.464, 14.510

 11, 66.464, 14.510

 81, 66.464, 14.510

 1, 66.464, 14.510

 91, 66.464, 14.510

 0, 66.464, 14.510

 41, 66.464, 14.510

 41, 66.464, 14.510

 40, 69.707, 19.446

 43, 62.175, 10.002

 45, 56.519, 6.392

48, 49.622, 3.540

52, 41.824, 1.277

57, 33.510,  
359.449

61, 25.012,  
357.942

66, 16.568,  
356.668

71, 8.333, 355.556

77, 0.390, 353.503

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41, 66.464, 14.510



69, 55.243, 162.311

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41, 66.464, 14.510



41, 66.464, 64.510



41, 66.464, 194.510



41, 66.464, 244.510

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41, 66.461, 14.512



80, 27.326, 357.531



36, 93.242, 316.865



41, 18.645, 357.997



99, 0.012, 296.813



52, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41, 66.461, 14.512



52, 85.397, 20.457



43, 74.160, 41.759



37, 4.464, 355.434



33, 60.601, 18.581



3, 12.921, 1.636





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41, 66.461, 14.512



52, 85.397, 20.457



61, 34.329, 225.476



37, 4.464, 355.434



33, 60.601, 18.581



3, 12.921, 1.636



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 41, 66.464, 14.510 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 41, 66.464, 14.510 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 41, 66.464, 14.510**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 41, 66.464, 14.510.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 41, 66.464, 14.510.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

41, 66.464, 14.510

### Protanopia

42, 4.238, 290.815

### Deuteranopia

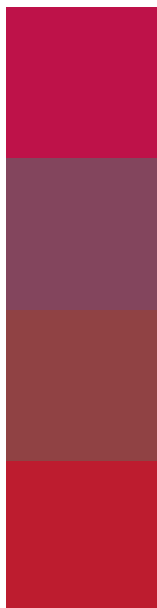
42, 21.047, 74.752



**Tritanopia**  
41, 72.433, 35.013



# Trichromacy



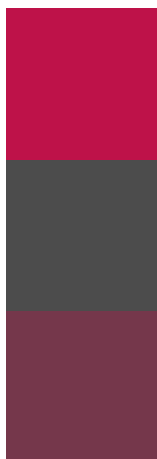
**Original Color**  
41, 66.464, 14.510

**Protanomaly**  
38, 29.646, 355.654

**Deuteranomaly**  
38, 36.285, 23.881

**Tritanomaly**  
41, 69.220, 28.248

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
41, 66.464, 14.510

**Achromatopsia**  
32, 0.005, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
32, 29.548, 1.121

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 41, 66.464, 14.510 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(190, 18, 73)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(190, 18, 73)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(190, 18, 73) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(190, 18, 73) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 41, 66.464, 14.510 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(190, 18, 73) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(190, 18, 73) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(190, 18, 73)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(190, 18, 73); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 18, 73);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 18,  
73) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 41, 66.464, 14.510 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(190, 18, 73) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(190, 18,  
73) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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