

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(41, 68.098, 3.749)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(41, 68.098, 3.749) contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(41, 68.024, 3.865)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BF005C
RGB	191, 0, 92
RGB Percent	75%, 0%, 36%
CMY	0.2507, 0.9990, 0.6390
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.52, 0.25
HSL	331°, 100%, 38%
HSV	331°, 100%, 75%
XYZ	23.4415, 11.8645, 11.1933
YIQ	67.5970, 84.3040, 69.1040

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

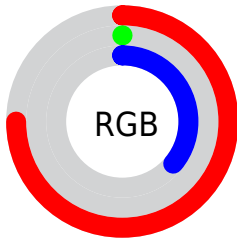
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>Y</sub>B</b>	191, 0, 92
Decimal	12517468
CIE Lab	41.00, 67.87, 4.59
CIE LCh	41, 68.024, 3.865
Yxy	11.8645, 0.5041, 0.2552
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290707548 (0xFFBF005C)
YUV	67.5970, 12.0307, 108.2244
Hunter-Lab	34.4449, 61.1997, 4.8444

# Details

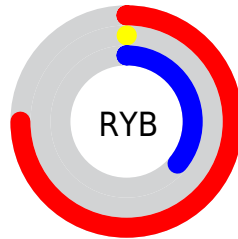
The CIELCh color **41, 68.024, 3.865** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0066**. A complement of this color would be **68, 70.304, 150.081**, and the grayscale version is **29, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61, 68.239, 3.756**, and **27, 51.990, 13.911** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41, 68.040, 3.919**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **42, 66.494, 359.846**.

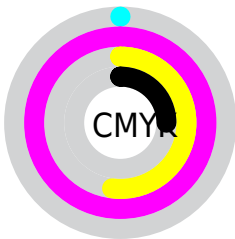
# Distribution



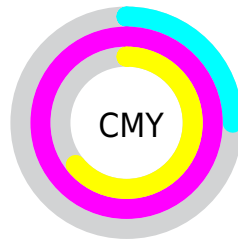
- Red (75%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (64%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 41, 68.024, 3.865 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 41, 68.024, 3.865 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 41, 68.024, 3.865       41, 68.024, 3.865

 100, 68.024, 3.865       31, 68.024, 3.865



 61, 68.024, 3.865       21, 68.024, 3.865


 71, 68.024, 3.865       11, 68.024, 3.865

 81, 68.024, 3.865       1, 68.024, 3.865

 91, 68.024, 3.865       0, 68.024, 3.865

 41, 68.024, 3.865       41, 68.024, 3.865

 41, 68.040, 3.919       42, 66.494,  
359.846

 44, 63.470,  
356.532

46, 58.553,  
353.914

50, 51.985,  
351.826

53, 44.194,  
350.127

58, 35.631,  
348.709

62, 26.681,  
347.495

67, 17.627,  
346.431

72, 8.659, 345.469

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41, 68.024, 3.865



68, 70.304, 150.081

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41, 68.024, 3.865



41, 68.024, 53.865



41, 68.024, 183.865



41, 68.024, 233.865

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41, 68.021, 3.866



79, 33.055, 347.563



30, 100.047, 312.263



40, 22.757, 348.065



99, 0.012, 296.813



52, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41, 68.021, 3.866



53, 82.551, 4.710



40, 83.863, 40.129



37, 4.918, 345.420



34, 59.184, 3.218



3, 13.806, 352.714





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41, 68.021, 3.866



53, 82.551, 4.710



69, 39.389, 199.016



37, 4.918, 345.420



34, 59.184, 3.218



3, 13.806, 352.714



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 41, 68.024, 3.865 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 41, 68.024, 3.865 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 41, 68.024, 3.865**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 41, 68.024, 3.865.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 41, 68.024, 3.865.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

41, 68.024, 3.865

### Protanopia

42, 21.276, 284.729

### Deuteranopia

42, 10.847, 57.577



**Tritanopia**  
42, 70.657, 34.277



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
41, 68.024, 3.865

**Protanomaly**  
36, 41.028, 330.964

**Deuteranomaly**  
37, 37.131, 2.297

**Tritanomaly**  
41, 68.175, 23.681

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
41, 68.024, 3.865

**Achromatopsia**  
29, 0.005, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
29, 35.149, 351.389

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 41, 68.024, 3.865 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(191, 0, 92)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(191, 0, 92)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 0, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(191, 0, 92) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 41, 68.024, 3.865 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

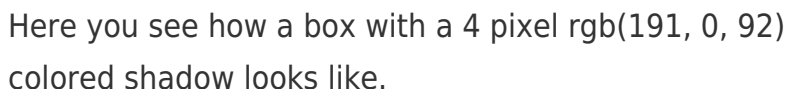
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(191, 0, 92) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(191, 0, 92) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(191, 0, 92)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(191, 0, 92); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 0, 92);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 0, 92)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 41, 68.024, 3.865 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(191, 0, 92) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(191, 0,  
92) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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