

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(41, 69.135, 354.556)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(41, 69.135, 354.556)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(41, 69.227, 354.522)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	BD006E
RGB	189, 0, 110
RGB Percent	74%, 0%, 43%
CMY	0.2603, 1.0000, 0.5699
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.42, 0.26
HSL	325°, 100%, 37%
HSV	325°, 100%, 74%
XYZ	23.6759, 11.8645, 15.7038
YIQ	69.0510, 77.3340, 74.2780

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

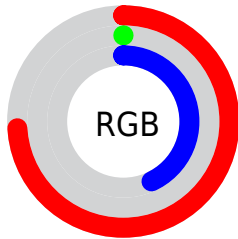
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	189, 0, 110
Decimal	12386414
CIELab	41.00, 68.91, -6.61
CIELCh	41, 69.227, 354.522
Yxy	11.8645, 0.4620, 0.2315
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290576494 (0xFFBD006E)
YUV	69.0510, 20.1879, 105.1953
Hunter-Lab	34.4449, 62.4143, -2.9194

# Details

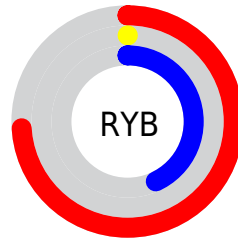
The CIELCh color **41, 69.227, 354.522** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0066**. A complement of this color would be **67, 76.887, 145.372**, and the grayscale version is **29, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61, 69.050, 354.733**, and **27, 51.406, 2.048** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41, 69.110, 354.560**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **42, 68.172, 351.584**.

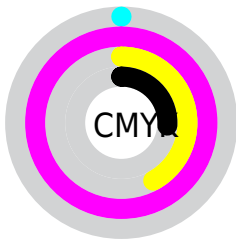
# Distribution



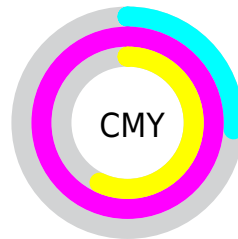
- Red (74%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (74%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Black (26%)




- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (57%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 41, 69.227, 354.522 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 41, 69.227, 354.522 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 41, 69.227,  
354.522


 41, 69.227,  
354.522


 100, 69.227,  
354.522


 31, 69.227,  
354.522

 61, 69.227,  
354.522


 21, 69.227,  
354.522

 71, 69.227,  
354.522


 11, 69.227,  
354.522


 81, 69.227,  
354.522

 1, 69.227, 354.522

 91, 69.227,  
354.522

 0, 69.227, 354.522

 41, 69.227,

 41, 69.227,

354.522

354.522

■ 41, 69.110,  
354.560

■ 42, 68.172,  
351.584

■ 44, 65.518,  
349.125

■ 46, 60.778,  
347.153

■ 49, 54.227,  
345.543

■ 53, 46.314,  
344.194

■ 57, 37.510,  
343.032

■ 62, 28.218,  
342.008

■ 66, 18.744,  
341.086



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41, 69.227, 354.522



67, 76.887, 145.372

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41, 69.227, 354.522



41, 69.227, 44.522



41, 69.227, 174.522



41, 69.227, 224.522

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41, 69.110, 354.560



78, 34.876, 342.055



28, 101.260, 310.155



39, 23.773, 342.475



98, 0.011, 296.813



51, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41, 69.110, 354.560



53, 83.837, 355.159



39, 79.879, 36.717



37, 5.267, 340.179



34, 60.786, 354.074



3, 14.674, 346.774



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41, 69.110, 354.560



53, 83.837, 355.159



69, 43.090, 184.425



37, 5.267, 340.179



34, 60.786, 354.074



3, 14.674, 346.774



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 41, 69.227, 354.522 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

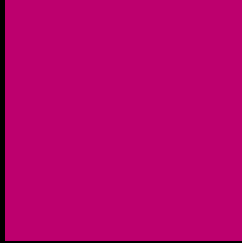
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 41, 69.227, 354.522 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

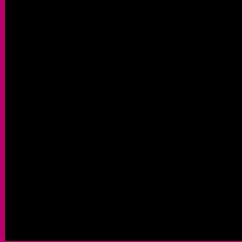
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 41, 69.227, 354.522

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 41, 69.227, 354.522.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 41, 69.227, 354.522.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

41, 69.227, 354.522

### Protanopia

42, 36.979, 286.146

### Deuteranopia

42, 6.194, 344.490





**Tritanopia**  
42, 65.746, 32.121

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
41, 69.227, 354.522

**Protanomaly**  
36, 50.688, 318.500

**Deuteranomaly**  
37, 39.197, 344.862

**Tritanomaly**  
41, 64.322, 17.365

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
41, 69.227, 354.522

**Achromatopsia**  
29, 0.005, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
29, 36.189, 344.863

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 41, 69.227, 354.522 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(189, 0, 110)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(189, 0, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(189, 0, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(189, 0, 110) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 41, 69.227, 354.522 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(189, 0, 110) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(189, 0, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(189, 0, 110)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(189, 0, 110); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 0, 110);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 0,  
110) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 41, 69.227, 354.522 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(189, 0, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(189, 0,  
110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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