

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(41, 8.463, 336.542)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(41, 8.463, 336.542) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(41, 8.002, 337.564)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6B5D66
RGB	107, 93, 102
RGB Percent	42%, 36%, 40%
CMY	0.5812, 0.6360, 0.6008
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.05, 0.58
HSL	321°, 7%, 39%
HSV	321°, 13%, 42%
XYZ	12.3263, 11.8645, 14.1606
YIQ	98.2120, 5.4550, 5.7670

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

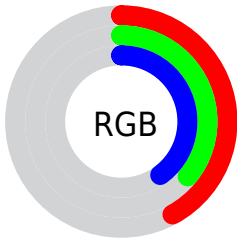
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	107, 93, 102
Decimal	7036262
CIELab	41.00, 7.40, -3.05
CIElCh	41, 8.002, 337.564
Yxy	11.8645, 0.3214, 0.3094
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285226342 (0xFF6B5D66)
YUV	98.2120, 1.8675, 7.7071
Hunter-Lab	34.4449, 3.5985, -0.2632

# Details

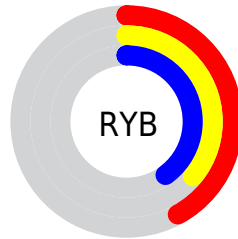
The CIELCh color  $41, 8.002, 337.564$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $666666$ . A complement of this color would be  $44, 7.937, 155.792$ , and the grayscale version is  $42, 0.006, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $61, 8.108, 336.285$ , and  $21, 8.079, 339.346$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $38, 14.189, 338.323$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $44, 1.880, 336.781$ .

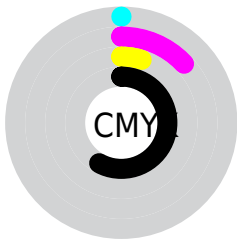
# Distribution



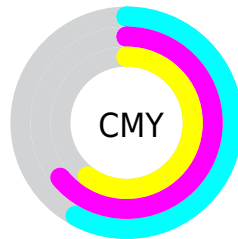
- Red (42%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (58%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (60%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 41, 8.002, 337.564 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 41, 8.002, 337.564 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 41, 8.002, 337.564

■ 41, 8.002, 337.564

■ 100, 8.002,  
337.564

■ 31, 8.002, 337.564

■ 61, 8.002, 337.564

■ 21, 8.002, 337.564

■ 71, 8.002, 337.564

■ 11, 8.002, 337.564

■ 81, 8.002, 337.564

■ 1, 8.002, 337.564

■ 91, 8.002, 337.564

■ 0, 8.002, 337.564

■ 41, 8.002, 337.564

■ 41, 8.002, 337.564

■ 38, 14.189,  
338.323

■ 44, 1.880, 336.781

■ 35, 20.355,

■ 47, 4.118, 156.307

339.132

51, 9.961, 155.666

32, 26.366,  
340.011

54, 15.635,  
155.086

30, 32.035,  
340.983

57, 21.136,  
154.545

27, 37.125,  
342.080

60, 26.466,  
154.037

25, 41.363,  
343.345

64, 31.633,  
153.560

24, 44.487,  
344.845

67, 36.645,  
153.111

23, 46.370,  
346.644

70, 41.513,  
152.688

22, 47.504,  
347.913

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41, 8.002, 337.564



44, 7.937, 155.792

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41, 8.002, 337.564



41, 8.002, 27.564



41, 8.002, 157.564



41, 8.002, 207.564

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41, 8.001, 337.566



56, 2.988, 336.878



40, 8.787, 304.349



28, 2.108, 336.929



79, 0.010, 296.813



29, 0.005, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41, 8.001, 337.566



51, 12.064, 337.813



41, 6.105, 8.220



21, 3.428, 337.260



25, 50.675, 348.195



54, 86.245, 349.824





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41, 8.001, 337.566



51, 12.064, 337.813



44, 5.772, 186.150



21, 3.428, 337.260



25, 50.675, 348.195



54, 86.245, 349.824



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 41, 8.002, 337.564 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 41, 8.002, 337.564 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

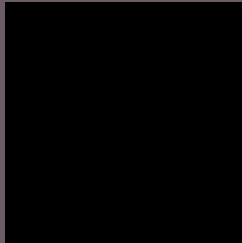
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 41, 8.002, 337.564

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 41, 8.002, 337.564.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 41, 8.002, 337.564.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

41, 8.002, 337.564

### Protanopia

41, 4.860, 290.916

### Deuteranopia

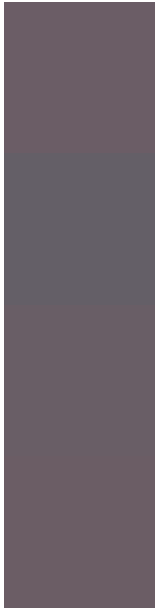
41, 6.409, 331.059



**Tritanopia**  
41, 7.254, 344.661



# Trichromacy



## Original Color

41, 8.002, 337.564

## Protanomaly

41, 5.300, 313.595

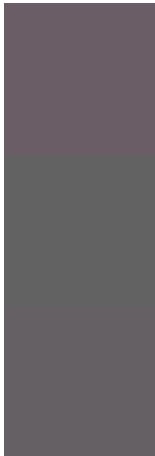
## Deuteranomaly

41, 6.686, 333.831

## Tritanomaly

41, 7.613, 340.934

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

41, 8.002, 337.564

## Achromatopsia

42, 0.006, 296.813

## Achromatomaly

41, 2.782, 338.896

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 41, 8.002, 337.564 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(107, 93, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(107, 93, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 93, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(107, 93, 102) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 41, 8.002, 337.564 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(107, 93, 102) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(107, 93, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 93, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(107, 93, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 93, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 93,  
102) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 41, 8.002, 337.564 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(107, 93, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(107, 93,  
102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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