

Converting Colors

CIELCh(41, 8.500, 327.637)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(41, 8.500, 327.637) contains.

CIELCh(41, 8.341, 327.366)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(41, 8.341, 327.366)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	695D68
RGB	105, 93, 104
RGB Percent	41%, 36%, 41%
CMY	0.5877, 0.6348, 0.5916
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.01, 0.59
HSL	305°, 6%, 39%
HSV	305°, 11%, 41%
XYZ	12.2720, 11.8645, 14.7747
YIQ	97.8420, 3.6210, 5.9650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

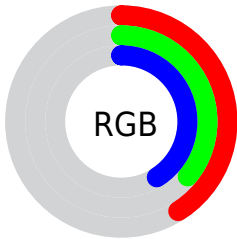
Format	Color
R_{YB}	105, 93, 104
Decimal	6905192
CIE _{Lab}	41.00, 7.02, -4.50
CIE _{LCh}	41, 8.341, 327.366
Yxy	11.8645, 0.3154, 0.3049
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285095272 (0xFF695D68)
YUV	97.8420, 3.0359, 6.2776
Hunter-Lab	34.4449, 3.3172, -1.3202

Details

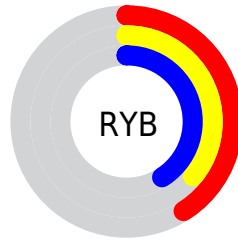
The CIELCh color $41, 8.341, 327.366$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $43, 8.325, 146.137$, and the grayscale version is $42, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $61, 8.439, 327.019$, and $21, 8.431, 327.922$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $38, 15.701, 327.920$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $44, 1.031, 326.682$.

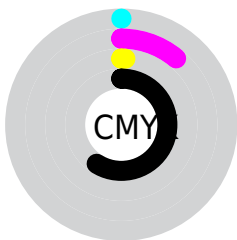
Distribution



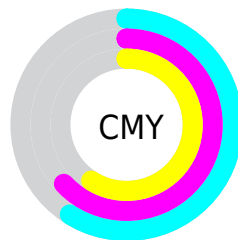
- Red (41%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (59%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 41, 8.341, 327.366 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 41, 8.341, 327.366 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 41, 8.341, 327.366

■ 41, 8.341, 327.366

■ 100, 8.341,
327.366

■ 31, 8.341, 327.366

■ 61, 8.341, 327.366

■ 21, 8.341, 327.366

■ 71, 8.341, 327.366

■ 11, 8.341, 327.366

■ 81, 8.341, 327.366

■ 1, 8.341, 327.366

■ 91, 8.341, 327.366

■ 0, 8.341, 327.366

■ 41, 8.341, 327.366

■ 41, 8.341, 327.366

■ 38, 15.701,
327.920

■ 44, 1.031, 326.682

■ 35, 23.011,

■ 47, 6.156, 146.356

328.468

50, 13.178,
145.835

33, 30.121,
329.007

53, 20.013,
145.345

30, 36.833,
329.528

57, 26.649,
144.879

28, 42.905,
330.025

60, 33.087,
144.438

26, 48.067,
330.491

63, 39.330,
144.022

25, 52.068,
330.924

66, 45.386,
143.629

24, 54.742,
331.327

69, 51.264,
143.260

23, 56.614,
331.656

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41, 8.341, 327.366



43, 8.325, 146.137

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41, 8.341, 327.366



41, 8.341, 17.366



41, 8.341, 147.366



41, 8.341, 197.366

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41, 8.340, 327.366



56, 2.724, 326.862



40, 7.343, 294.418



28, 2.050, 326.913



79, 0.010, 296.813



29, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41, 8.340, 327.366



52, 12.783, 327.533



41, 5.903, 349.325



21, 4.163, 327.229



26, 61.147, 331.702



57, 104.832, 331.926

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41, 8.340, 327.366



52, 12.783, 327.533



43, 5.786, 167.491



21, 4.163, 327.229



26, 61.147, 331.702



57, 104.832, 331.926

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 41, 8.341, 327.366 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 41, 8.341, 327.366 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 41, 8.341, 327.366

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 41, 8.341, 327.366.

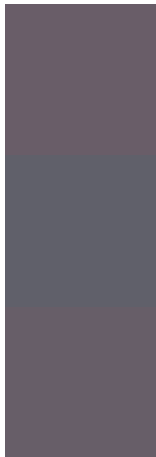


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 41, 8.341, 327.366.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

41, 8.341, 327.366

Protanopia

41, 6.074, 291.094

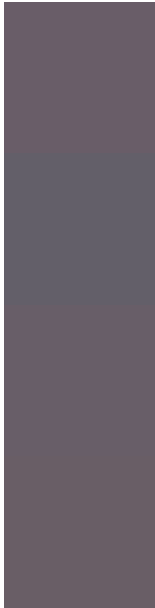
Deuteranopia

41, 7.142, 322.131



Tritanopia
41, 6.267, 337.661

Trichromacy



Original Color

41, 8.341, 327.366

Protanomaly

41, 6.314, 305.944

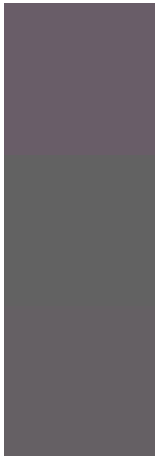
Deuteranomaly

41, 7.364, 324.914

Tritanomaly

41, 6.686, 333.831

Monochromacy



Original Color

41, 8.341, 327.366

Achromatopsia

42, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly

41, 3.212, 330.756

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 41, 8.341, 327.366 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(105, 93, 104)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(105, 93, 104)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(105, 93, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(105, 93, 104) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 41, 8.341, 327.366 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(105, 93, 104) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(105, 93, 104) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(105, 93, 104)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(105, 93, 104); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 93, 104);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(105, 93,  
104) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 41, 8.341, 327.366 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(105, 93, 104) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(105, 93,  
104) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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