

Converting Colors

CIELCh(41, 9.406, 101.128)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(41, 9.406, 101.128) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(41, 9.141, 100.453)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	646152
RGB	100, 97, 82
RGB Percent	39%, 38%, 32%
CMY	0.6079, 0.6196, 0.6785
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.18, 0.61
HSL	50°, 10%, 36%
HSV	50°, 18%, 39%
XYZ	11.0501, 11.8645, 9.6879
YIQ	96.1870, 6.6030, -4.0290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

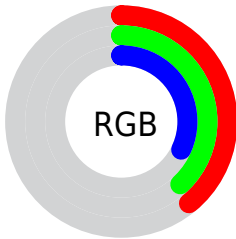
Format	Color
R _Y B	86, 100, 82
Decimal	6578514
CIE Lab	41.00, -1.66, 8.99
CIE LCh	41, 9.141, 100.453
Yxy	11.8645, 0.3389, 0.3639
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284768594 (0xFF646152)
YUV	96.1870, -6.9942, 3.3440
Hunter-Lab	34.4449, -3.0152, 7.4357

Details

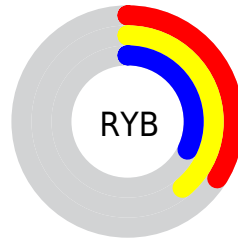
The CIELCh color **41, 9.141, 100.453** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **36, 9.352, 284.429**, and the grayscale version is **41, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61, 9.587, 101.829**, and **21, 9.425, 101.801** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **40, 14.238, 99.387**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **42, 4.051, 101.501**.

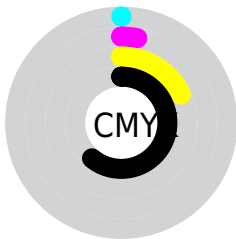
Distribution



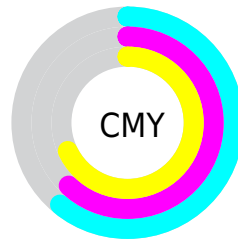
- Red (39%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (32%)



- Red (34%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Blue (32%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Black (61%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (68%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 41, 9.141, 100.453 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 41, 9.141, 100.453 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 41, 9.141, 100.453

■ 41, 9.141, 100.453

■ 100, 9.141,
100.453

■ 31, 9.141, 100.453

■ 61, 9.141, 100.453

■ 21, 9.141, 100.453

■ 71, 9.141, 100.453

■ 11, 9.141, 100.453

■ 81, 9.141, 100.453

■ 1, 9.141, 100.453

■ 91, 9.141, 100.453

■ 0, 9.141, 100.453

■ 41, 9.141, 100.453

■ 41, 9.141, 100.453

■ 40, 14.238, 99.387

■ 42, 4.051, 101.501

■ 40, 19.308, 98.295

■ 43, 1.016, 282.626

39, 24.297, 97.192

43, 6.048, 283.544

38, 29.115, 96.087

44, 11.040,
284.487

38, 33.621, 94.985

45, 15.989,
285.393

37, 37.598, 93.888

37, 40.753, 92.786

46, 20.893,
286.259

36, 43.344, 91.702

47, 25.752,
287.083

36, 43.924, 91.498

48, 30.566,
287.866

49, 35.336,
288.607

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41, 9.141, 100.453



36, 9.352, 284.429

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41, 9.141, 100.453



41, 9.141, 150.453



41, 9.141, 280.453



41, 9.141, 330.453

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41, 9.142, 100.460



54, 3.137, 101.784



37, 8.080, 7.426



28, 2.158, 101.735



78, 0.009, 296.813



28, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41, 9.142, 100.460



52, 13.879, 99.965



41, 11.145, 122.132



21, 2.891, 101.405



41, 48.352, 91.290



82, 83.422, 90.484

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36, 9.352, 284.429



45, 14.285, 285.058



36, 11.495, 304.036



19, 2.927, 283.324



14, 64.851, 302.409



34, 117.951, 303.822

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 41, 9.141, 100.453 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 41, 9.141, 100.453 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

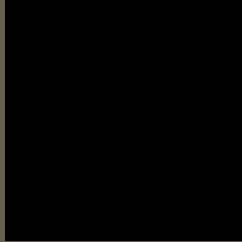
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

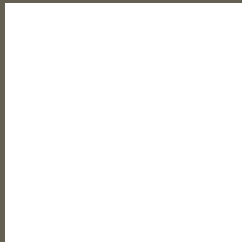
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 41, 9.141, 100.453

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 41, 9.141, 100.453.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 41, 9.141, 100.453.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

41, 9.141, 100.453

Protanopia

41, 8.866, 91.411

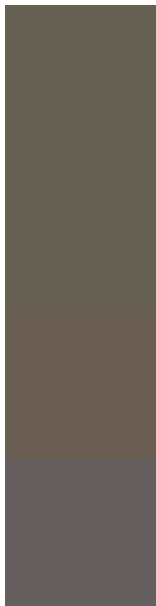
Deuteranopia

41, 10.132, 56.580



Tritanopia
41, 6.148, 328.058

Trichromacy



Original Color
41, 9.141, 100.453

Protanomaly
41, 8.741, 94.203

Deuteranomaly
41, 8.851, 68.296

Tritanomaly
41, 2.964, 19.688

Monochromacy



Original Color
41, 9.141, 100.453

Achromatopsia
41, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
41, 3.051, 101.678

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 41, 9.141, 100.453 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(100, 97, 82)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(100, 97, 82)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(100, 97, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(100, 97, 82) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 41, 9.141, 100.453 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(100, 97, 82) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(100, 97, 82) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(100, 97, 82)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(100, 97, 82); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 97, 82);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 97,  
82) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 41, 9.141, 100.453 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(100, 97, 82) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(100, 97,  
82) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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