

Converting Colors

CIELCh(42, 1.854, 225.911)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(42, 1.854, 225.911) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(42, 1.736, 219.783)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	606465
RGB	96, 100, 101
RGB Percent	38%, 39%, 40%
CMY	0.6241, 0.6084, 0.6045
CMYK	0.05, 0.01, 0.00, 0.60
HSL	192°, 3%, 39%
HSV	192°, 5%, 40%
XYZ	11.6917, 12.5000, 14.0690
YIQ	98.9180, -2.7050, -0.5370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

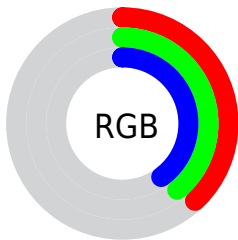
Format	Color
R_{YB}	96, 98, 101
Decimal	6317157
CIE _{Lab}	42.00, -1.33, -1.11
CIE _{LCh}	42, 1.736, 219.783
Yxy	12.5000, 0.3056, 0.3267
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284507237 (0xFF606465)
YUV	98.9180, 1.0264, -2.5591
Hunter-Lab	35.3553, -2.8435, 1.1554

Details

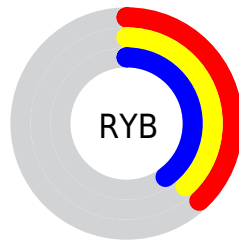
The CIELCh color **42, 1.736, 219.783** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **41, 1.784, 39.159**, and the grayscale version is **42, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **62, 1.978, 215.947**, and **22, 1.505, 225.867** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41, 5.115, 219.943**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **43, 1.798, 39.156**.

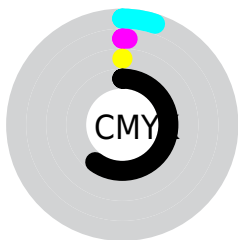
Distribution



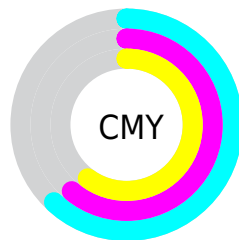
- Red (38%)
- Green (39%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (60%)















- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 42, 1.736, 219.783 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 42, 1.736, 219.783 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 42, 1.736, 219.783	 42, 1.736, 219.783
 100, 1.736, 219.783	 32, 1.736, 219.783
 62, 1.736, 219.783	 22, 1.736, 219.783
 72, 1.736, 219.783	 12, 1.736, 219.783
 82, 1.736, 219.783	 2, 1.736, 219.783
 92, 1.736, 219.783	 0, 1.736, 219.783

 42, 1.736, 219.783	 42, 1.736, 219.783
 41, 5.115, 219.943	 43, 1.798, 39.156
 39, 8.298, 220.390	 45, 5.453, 39.157

■ 38, 11.239,
221.032

■ 47, 9.198, 39.128

■ 37, 13.893,
221.904

■ 48, 13.007, 39.140

■ 50, 16.862, 39.189

■ 36, 16.213,
223.059

■ 51, 20.743, 39.267

■ 34, 18.162,
224.556

■ 53, 24.639, 39.367

■ 55, 28.539, 39.483

■ 33, 19.716,
226.463

■ 56, 32.434, 39.611

■ 33, 20.872,
228.849

■ 32, 21.711,
231.679

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42, 1.736, 219.783



41, 1.784, 39.159

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42, 1.736, 219.783



42, 1.736, 269.783



42, 1.736, 39.783



42, 1.736, 89.783

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42, 1.736, 219.742



54, 0.436, 220.363



42, 3.238, 149.722



28, 0.250, 220.446



78, 0.009, 296.813



28, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42, 1.736, 219.742



53, 2.583, 219.738



41, 2.162, 273.076



21, 1.385, 219.739



36, 24.279, 233.692



73, 42.329, 236.232

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41, 3.213, 330.744



52, 4.796, 330.826



42, 2.153, 91.805



20, 2.573, 330.831



25, 55.243, 337.638



55, 94.976, 338.343

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 42, 1.736, 219.783 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 42, 1.736, 219.783 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

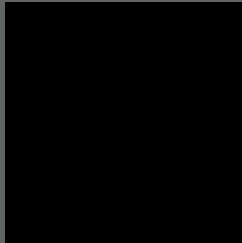
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

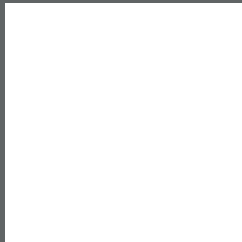
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 42, 1.736, 219.783

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 1.736, 219.783.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 1.736, 219.783.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


42, 1.736, 219.783

Protanopia

42, 0.741, 324.283

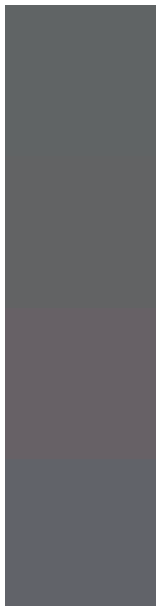
Deuteranopia

42, 5.860, 342.014



Tritanopia
42, 4.887, 281.470

Trichromacy



Original Color

42, 1.736, 219.783

Protanomaly

42, 0.730, 255.949

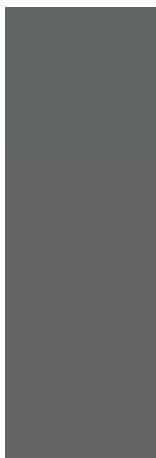
Deuteranomaly

42, 3.935, 329.673

Tritanomaly

42, 3.703, 278.135

Monochromacy



Original Color

42, 1.736, 219.783

Achromatopsia

42, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly

42, 0.730, 255.949

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 42, 1.736, 219.783 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(96, 100, 101)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(96, 100, 101)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(96, 100, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(96, 100, 101) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 42, 1.736, 219.783 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(96, 100, 101) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(96, 100, 101) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(96, 100, 101)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(96, 100, 101); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 100, 101);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 100,  
101) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 42, 1.736, 219.783 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(96, 100, 101) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(96, 100,  
101) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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