

Converting Colors

CIELCh(42, 16.352, 177.912)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(42, 16.352, 177.912)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(42, 16.337, 177.947)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	436B62
RGB	67, 107, 98
RGB Percent	26%, 42%, 38%
CMY	0.7386, 0.5817, 0.6170
CMYK	0.37, 0.00, 0.08, 0.58
HSL	167°, 23%, 34%
HSV	167°, 37%, 42%
XYZ	9.7019, 12.5000, 13.3728
YIQ	94.0140, -20.9510, -11.2790

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

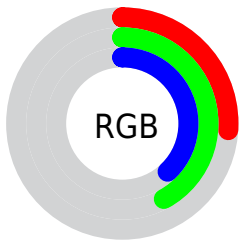
Format	Color
RYB	67, 90, 107
Decimal	4418402
CIELab	42.00, -16.33, 0.59
CIELCh	42, 16.337, 177.947
Yxy	12.5000, 0.2727, 0.3514
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282608482 (0xFF436B62)
YUV	94.0140, 1.9651, -23.6913
Hunter-Lab	35.3553, -12.8895, 2.3229

Details

The CIELCh color $42, 16.337, 177.947$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 336666 . A complement of this color would be $33, 18.750, 5.546$, and the grayscale version is $40, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $62, 16.449, 177.946$, and $22, 16.030, 179.415$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $41, 20.133, 176.872$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $43, 12.244, 178.946$.

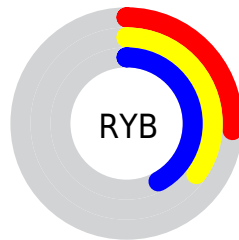
Distribution



Red (26%)

Green (42%)

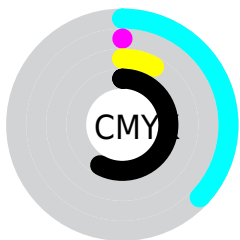
Blue (38%)



Red (26%)

Yellow (35%)

Blue (42%)

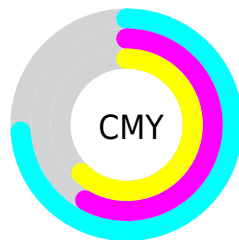


Cyan (37%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (8%)

Black (58%)



Cyan (74%)


Magenta (58%)


Yellow (62%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 42, 16.337, 177.947 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 42, 16.337, 177.947 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 42, 16.337,
177.947


 42, 16.337,
177.947


 100, 16.337,
177.947


 32, 16.337,
177.947

 62, 16.337,
177.947


 22, 16.337,
177.947

 72, 16.337,
177.947


 12, 16.337,
177.947


 82, 16.337,
177.947

 2, 16.337, 177.947

 92, 16.337,
177.947

 0, 16.337, 177.947

 42, 16.337,

 42, 16.337,

177.947

177.947

■ 41, 20.133,
176.872

■ 43, 12.244,
178.946

■ 41, 23.563,
175.709

■ 43, 7.920, 179.893

■ 40, 26.569,
174.436

■ 44, 3.433, 180.828

■ 45, 1.160, 1.303

■ 40, 29.111,
173.034

■ 46, 5.809, 2.326

■ 40, 31.174,
171.483

■ 48, 10.473, 3.124

■ 49, 15.119, 3.878

■ 40, 32.891,
169.852

■ 50, 19.723, 4.603

■ 40, 33.323,
169.467

■ 51, 24.267, 5.302

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42, 16.337, 177.947



33, 18.750, 5.546

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42, 16.337, 177.947



42, 16.337, 227.947



42, 16.337, 357.947



42, 16.337, 47.947

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42, 16.338, 177.945



56, 6.190, 180.467



42, 27.254, 135.956



28, 4.124, 180.382



79, 0.010, 296.813



29, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42, 16.338, 177.945



53, 23.617, 177.014



39, 12.306, 230.593



22, 2.579, 180.686



44, 35.759, 169.244



86, 62.546, 168.024

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33, 18.750, 5.546



40, 28.061, 6.988



36, 15.520, 46.028



21, 2.660, 2.091



23, 50.598, 25.042



51, 89.447, 28.596

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 42, 16.337, 177.947 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 42, 16.337, 177.947 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

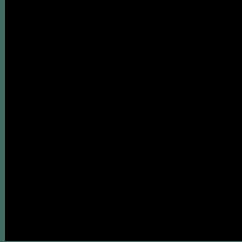
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

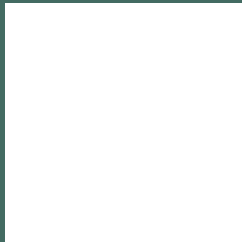
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 42, 16.337, 177.947

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 16.337, 177.947.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 16.337, 177.947.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
42, 16.337, 177.947

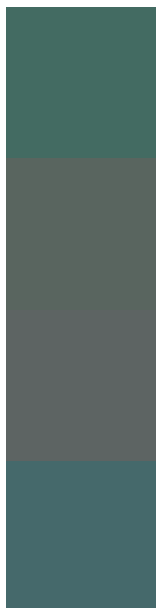
Protanopia
42, 3.452, 80.091

Deuteranopia
42, 5.598, 354.633



Tritanopia
42, 13.207, 222.642

Trichromacy



Original Color
42, 16.337, 177.947

Protanomaly
42, 6.182, 162.754

Deuteranomaly
42, 2.940, 187.267

Tritanomaly
42, 13.309, 203.126

Monochromacy



Original Color
42, 16.337, 177.947

Achromatopsia
40, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
41, 6.624, 177.038

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 42, 16.337, 177.947 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(67, 107, 98)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(67, 107, 98)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(67, 107, 98) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(67, 107, 98) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 42, 16.337, 177.947 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(67, 107, 98) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(67, 107, 98) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(67, 107, 98)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(67, 107, 98); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 107, 98);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 107,  
98) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 42, 16.337, 177.947 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(67, 107, 98) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(67, 107,  
98) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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