

Converting Colors

CIELCh(42, 16.727, 267.139)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(42, 16.727, 267.139)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(42, 16.523, 265.815)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	50657E
RGB	80, 101, 126
RGB Percent	31%, 40%, 49%
CMY	0.6866, 0.6042, 0.5062
CMYK	0.37, 0.20, 0.00, 0.51
HSL	213°, 22%, 40%
HSV	213°, 37%, 49%
XYZ	11.7098, 12.5000, 21.5086
YIQ	97.5710, -20.5410, 3.3230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

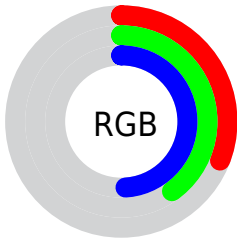
Format	Color
R_{YB}	80, 94, 126
Decimal	5268862
CIE _{Lab}	42.00, -1.21, -16.48
CIE _{LCh}	42, 16.523, 265.815
Yxy	12.5000, 0.2561, 0.2734
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283458942 (0xFF50657E)
YUV	97.5710, 14.0155, -15.4098
Hunter-Lab	35.3553, -2.7521, -11.3207

Details

The CIELCh color `42, 16.523, 265.815` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `336699`. A complement of this color would be `46, 17.755, 75.433`, and the grayscale version is `41, 0.006, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `62, 16.541, 265.978`, and `22, 16.783, 266.926` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `39, 20.986, 268.095`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `45, 12.028, 263.873`.

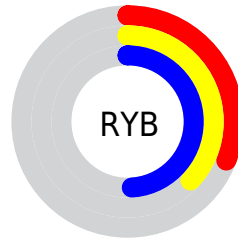
Distribution



Red (31%)

Green (40%)

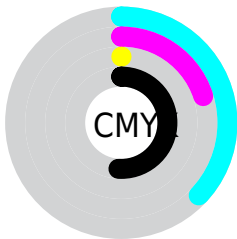
Blue (49%)



Red (31%)

Yellow (37%)

Blue (49%)

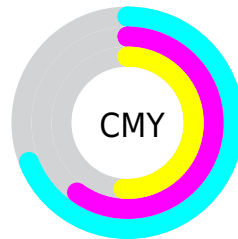


Cyan (37%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (51%)



Cyan (69%)

Magenta (60%)

Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 42, 16.523, 265.815 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 42, 16.523, 265.815 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 42, 16.523,
265.815

■ 42, 16.523,
265.815

■ 100, 16.523,
265.815

■ 32, 16.523,
265.815

■ 62, 16.523,
265.815

■ 22, 16.523,
265.815

■ 72, 16.523,
265.815

■ 12, 16.523,
265.815

■ 82, 16.523,
265.815

■ 2, 16.523, 265.815

■ 92, 16.523,
265.815

■ 0, 16.523, 265.815

■ 42, 16.523,

■ 42, 16.523,

265.815

265.815

■ 39, 20.986,
268.095

■ 45, 12.028,
263.873

■ 36, 25.421,
270.762

■ 48, 7.507, 262.228

■ 34, 29.845,
273.847

■ 51, 2.970, 260.862

■ 54, 1.572, 79.417

■ 31, 34.289,
277.351

■ 57, 6.108, 78.483

■ 28, 38.799,
281.221

■ 60, 10.628, 77.590

■ 63, 15.123, 76.802

■ 26, 43.431,
285.247

■ 66, 19.586, 76.106

■ 25, 45.090,
286.527

■ 69, 24.011, 75.487

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42, 16.523, 265.815



46, 17.755, 75.433

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42, 16.523, 265.815



42, 16.523, 315.815



42, 16.523, 85.815



42, 16.523, 135.815

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42, 16.522, 265.813



63, 6.182, 261.470



49, 21.918, 162.069



32, 4.132, 261.618



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42, 16.522, 265.813



51, 24.545, 267.730



36, 28.609, 295.718



25, 2.589, 261.184



26, 45.554, 286.586



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40, 22.925, 349.610



48, 34.082, 350.720



52, 26.209, 108.295



25, 3.492, 346.763



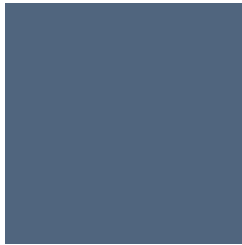
26, 50.539, 4.560



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 42, 16.523, 265.815 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 42, 16.523, 265.815 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

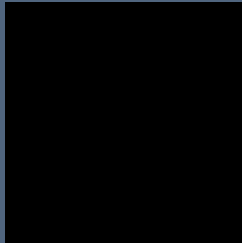
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

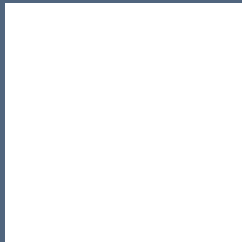
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 42, 16.523, 265.815

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 16.523, 265.815.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 16.523, 265.815.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

42, 16.523, 265.815

Protanopia

42, 15.778, 285.763

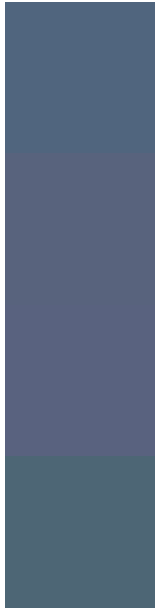
Deuteranopia

42, 18.157, 289.365



Tritanopia
42, 11.191, 227.677

Trichromacy



Original Color
42, 16.523, 265.815

Protanomaly
42, 16.079, 278.136

Deuteranomaly
42, 17.733, 282.229

Tritanomaly
42, 12.561, 245.217

Monochromacy



Original Color
42, 16.523, 265.815

Achromatopsia
41, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
41, 6.594, 266.435

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 42, 16.523, 265.815 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(80, 101, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(80, 101, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(80, 101, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(80, 101, 126) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 42, 16.523, 265.815 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(80, 101, 126) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(80, 101, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(80, 101, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(80, 101, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 101, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 101,  
126) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 42, 16.523, 265.815 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(80, 101, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(80, 101,  
126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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