

Converting Colors

CIELCh(42, 17.686, 248.270)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(42, 17.686, 248.270)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(42, 17.706, 247.498)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	43687E
RGB	67, 104, 126
RGB Percent	26%, 41%, 49%
CMY	0.7388, 0.5936, 0.5074
CMYK	0.47, 0.18, 0.00, 0.51
HSL	202°, 31%, 38%
HSV	202°, 47%, 49%
XYZ	10.9407, 12.5000, 21.4417
YIQ	95.4450, -29.1140, -1.0020

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

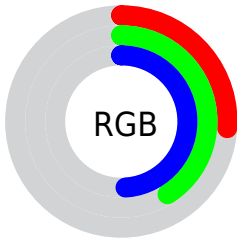
Format	Color
R_{YB}	67, 90, 126
Decimal	4417662
CIE _{Lab}	42.00, -6.78, -16.36
CIE _{LCh}	42, 17.706, 247.498
Yxy	12.5000, 0.2438, 0.2785
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282607742 (0xFF43687E)
YUV	95.4450, 15.0636, -24.9463
Hunter-Lab	35.3553, -6.6350, -11.2084

Details

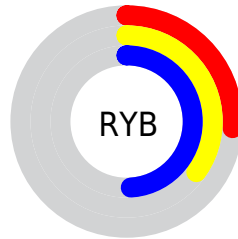
The CIELCh color $42, 17.706, 247.498$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 336666 . A complement of this color would be $41, 22.477, 56.637$, and the grayscale version is $40, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $62, 17.879, 247.884$, and $22, 17.711, 247.832$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $40, 20.889, 249.990$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $44, 14.281, 245.448$.

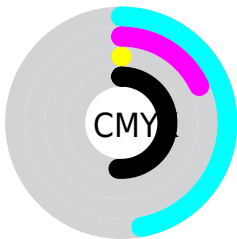
Distribution



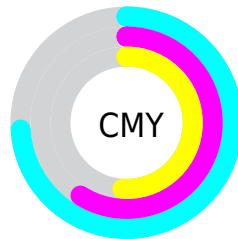
- Red (26%)
- Green (41%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (26%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (74%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 42, 17.706, 247.498 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 42, 17.706, 247.498 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 42, 17.706,
247.498

■ 42, 17.706,
247.498

■ 100, 17.706,
247.498

■ 32, 17.706,
247.498

■ 62, 17.706,
247.498

■ 22, 17.706,
247.498

■ 72, 17.706,
247.498

■ 12, 17.706,
247.498

■ 82, 17.706,
247.498

■ 2, 17.706, 247.498

■ 92, 17.706,
247.498

■ 0, 17.706, 247.498

■ 42, 17.706,

■ 42, 17.706,

247.498

247.498

■ 40, 20.889,
249.990

■ 44, 14.281,
245.448

■ 38, 23.824,
252.997

■ 46, 10.642,
243.772

■ 36, 26.525,
256.571

■ 49, 6.819, 242.410

■ 34, 29.042,
260.721

■ 51, 2.845, 241.344

■ 53, 1.248, 60.030

■ 32, 31.488,
265.254

■ 56, 5.431, 59.458

■ 32, 32.263,
266.548

■ 58, 9.680, 58.839

■ 61, 13.973, 58.307

■ 63, 18.294, 57.855

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42, 17.706, 247.498



41, 22.477, 56.637

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42, 17.706, 247.498



42, 17.706, 297.498



42, 17.706, 67.498



42, 17.706, 117.498

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42, 17.705, 247.497



63, 7.000, 242.098



48, 31.815, 152.847



32, 4.794, 242.308



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42, 17.705, 247.497



52, 25.412, 250.089



33, 32.160, 291.030



26, 2.322, 241.542



32, 32.646, 266.633



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37, 32.333, 341.234



44, 46.820, 342.361



49, 29.528, 99.145



25, 3.925, 337.980



27, 53.273, 349.642



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 42, 17.706, 247.498 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 42, 17.706, 247.498 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

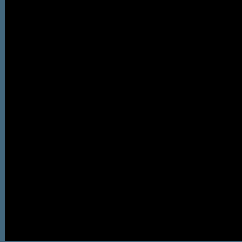
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

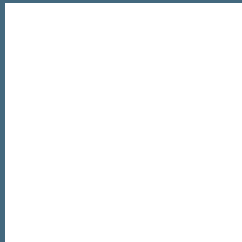
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 42, 17.706, 247.498

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 17.706, 247.498.

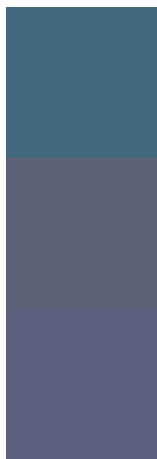


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 17.706, 247.498.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

42, 17.706, 247.498

Protanopia

42, 13.988, 284.545

Deuteranopia

42, 18.175, 288.235



Tritanopia
42, 15.583, 216.011

Trichromacy



Original Color
42, 17.706, 247.498

Protanomaly
42, 14.972, 268.093

Deuteranomaly
42, 17.083, 273.173

Tritanomaly
42, 15.824, 228.023

Monochromacy



Original Color
42, 17.706, 247.498

Achromatopsia
40, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
41, 6.919, 243.788

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 42, 17.706, 247.498 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(67, 104, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(67, 104, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(67, 104, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(67, 104, 126) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 42, 17.706, 247.498 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(67, 104, 126) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(67, 104, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(67, 104, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(67, 104, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 104, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 104,  
126) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 42, 17.706, 247.498 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(67, 104, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(67, 104,  
126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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