

Converting Colors

CIELCh(42, 17.888, 106.866)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(42, 17.888, 106.866)
contains.

CIELCh(42, 17.871, 107.491)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(42, 17.871, 107.491)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	656547
RGB	101, 101, 71
RGB Percent	40%, 40%, 28%
CMY	0.6044, 0.6043, 0.7220
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.30, 0.60
HSL	60°, 17%, 34%
HSV	60°, 30%, 40%
XYZ	11.1314, 12.5000, 7.7697
YIQ	97.5800, 9.6300, -9.3300

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

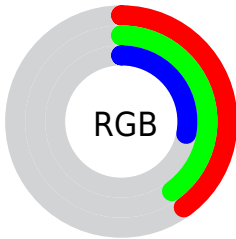
Format	Color
R_{YB}	71, 101, 71
Decimal	6645063
CIE _{Lab}	42.00, -5.37, 17.04
CIE _{LCh}	42, 17.871, 107.491
Yxy	12.5000, 0.3545, 0.3981
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284835143 (0xFF656547)
YUV	97.5800, -13.1039, 2.9993
Hunter-Lab	35.3553, -5.6721, 11.7192

Details

The CIELCh color $[42, 17.871, 107.491]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666633 . A complement of this color would be $[31, 19.106, 293.544]$, and the grayscale version is $[41, 0.006, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[62, 17.782, 108.192]$, and $[22, 17.626, 106.126]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[42, 23.701, 106.606]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[42, 11.917, 108.400]$.

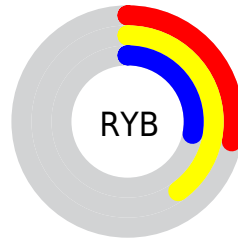
Distribution



Red (40%)

Green (40%)

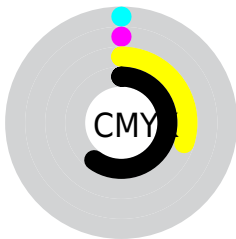
Blue (28%)



Red (28%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (28%)

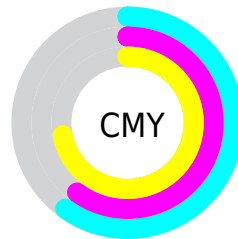


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (30%)

Black (60%)



Cyan (60%)


Magenta (60%)


Yellow (72%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 42, 17.871, 107.491 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 42, 17.871, 107.491 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 42, 17.871,
107.491


 42, 17.871,
107.491


 100, 17.871,
107.491


 32, 17.871,
107.491

 62, 17.871,
107.491


 22, 17.871,
107.491

 72, 17.871,
107.491


 12, 17.871,
107.491


 82, 17.871,
107.491

 2, 17.871, 107.491

 92, 17.871,
107.491

 0, 17.871, 107.491

 42, 17.871,

 42, 17.871,

107.491

107.491

■ 42, 23.701,
106.606

■ 42, 11.917,
108.400

■ 42, 29.322,
105.752

■ 42, 5.891, 109.304

■ 42, 34.609,
104.957

■ 43, 0.169, 290.439

■ 43, 6.238, 291.092

■ 41, 39.385,
104.249

■ 43, 12.301,
291.941

■ 41, 43.420,
103.662

■ 44, 18.344,
292.761

■ 41, 46.459,
103.228

■ 44, 24.358,
293.547

■ 41, 49.002,
102.870

■ 45, 30.337,
294.296

■ 41, 49.074,
102.860

■ 45, 36.275,

295.007

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42, 17.871, 107.491



31, 19.106, 293.544

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42, 17.871, 107.491



42, 17.871, 157.491



42, 17.871, 287.491



42, 17.871, 337.491

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42, 17.872, 107.495



54, 6.713, 109.347



33, 13.834, 21.651



28, 4.700, 109.249



78, 0.009, 296.813



28, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42, 17.872, 107.495



53, 26.522, 106.845



41, 19.176, 127.780



21, 3.429, 109.375



47, 53.753, 102.860



93, 93.218, 102.861

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31, 19.106, 293.544



37, 28.921, 294.625



33, 19.932, 310.412



19, 3.498, 291.043



11, 74.222, 306.288



30, 128.717, 306.287

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 42, 17.871, 107.491 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 42, 17.871, 107.491 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

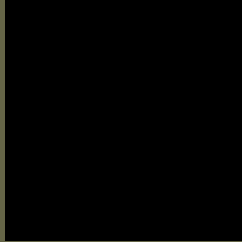
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

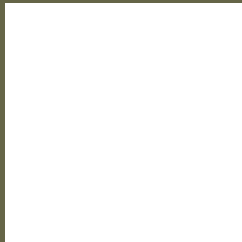
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 42, 17.871, 107.491

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 17.871, 107.491.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 17.871, 107.491.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

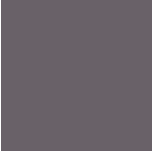
42, 17.871, 107.491

Protanopia

42, 17.741, 95.536

Deuteranopia

42, 17.375, 71.992



Tritanopia
42, 5.390, 328.429

Trichromacy



Original Color
42, 17.871, 107.491

Protanomaly
42, 18.048, 100.155

Deuteranomaly
42, 16.409, 84.677

Tritanomaly
42, 4.430, 74.049

Monochromacy



Original Color
42, 17.871, 107.491

Achromatopsia
41, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
41, 6.030, 109.259

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 42, 17.871, 107.491 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(101, 101, 71)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(101, 101, 71)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(101, 101, 71) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(101, 101, 71) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 42, 17.871, 107.491 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(101, 101, 71) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(101, 101, 71) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(101, 101, 71)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(101, 101, 71); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(101, 101, 71);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(101, 101,  
71) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 42, 17.871, 107.491 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(101, 101, 71) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(101,  
101, 71) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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