

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(42, 19.646, 1.032)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(42, 19.646, 1.032) contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(42, 19.646, 1.032)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	825763
RGB	130, 87, 99
RGB Percent	51%, 34%, 39%
CMY	0.4896, 0.6583, 0.6112
CMYK	0.00, 0.33, 0.24, 0.49
HSL	343°, 20%, 43%
HSV	343°, 33%, 51%
XYZ	14.9072, 12.5000, 13.4664
YIQ	101.2250, 21.7760, 12.8480

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

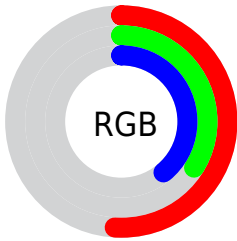
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	130, 87, 99
Decimal	8542051
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	42.00, 19.64, 0.35
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	42, 19.646, 1.032
Yxy	12.5000, 0.3647, 0.3058
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286732131 (0xFF825763)
YUV	101.2250, -1.0969, 25.2357
Hunter-Lab	35.3553, 13.3906, 2.1659

# Details

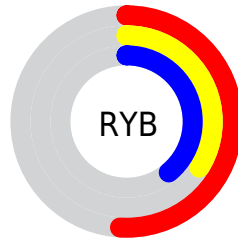
The CIELCh color  $42, 19.646, 1.032$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $996666$ . A complement of this color would be  $51, 17.739, 174.291$ , and the grayscale version is  $43, 0.006, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $62, 19.925, 0.304$ , and  $22, 19.367, 0.295$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $39, 25.860, 2.585$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $46, 13.485, 359.734$ .

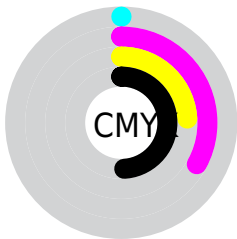
# Distribution



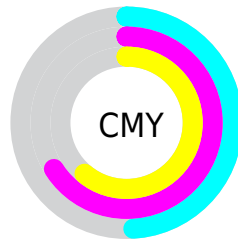
- Red (51%)
- Green (34%)
- Blue (39%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Blue (39%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (61%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 42, 19.646, 1.032 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 42, 19.646, 1.032 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 42, 19.646, 1.032       42, 19.646, 1.032

 100, 19.646, 1.032       32, 19.646, 1.032



 62, 19.646, 1.032       22, 19.646, 1.032

 72, 19.646, 1.032       12, 19.646, 1.032

 82, 19.646, 1.032       2, 19.646, 1.032

 92, 19.646, 1.032       0, 19.646, 1.032

 42, 19.646, 1.032       42, 19.646, 1.032

 39, 25.860, 2.585       46, 13.485,  
359.734

 35, 31.968, 4.471

 49, 7.488, 358.611

 33, 37.746, 6.808

■ 30, 42.941, 9.739

■ 53, 1.713, 357.497

■ 28, 47.335, 13.415

■ 57, 3.813, 176.956

■ 27, 50.858, 17.931

■ 61, 9.086, 176.155

■ 26, 53.244, 21.137

■ 65, 14.112,  
175.471

■ 69, 18.907,  
174.856

■ 73, 23.488,  
174.299

■ 77, 27.875,  
173.788

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42, 19.646, 1.032



51, 17.739, 174.291

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42, 19.646, 1.032



42, 19.646, 51.032



42, 19.646, 181.032



42, 19.646, 231.032

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42, 19.644, 1.035



64, 7.041, 358.315



42, 28.517, 317.621



33, 4.793, 358.437



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42, 19.644, 1.035



51, 29.598, 2.227



44, 16.257, 40.917



26, 3.261, 358.202



26, 53.213, 21.133



0, 0.767, 357.430





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42, 19.644, 1.035



51, 29.598, 2.227



49, 13.063, 223.251



26, 3.261, 358.202



26, 53.213, 21.133

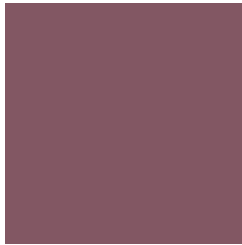


0, 0.767, 357.430



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 42, 19.646, 1.032 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

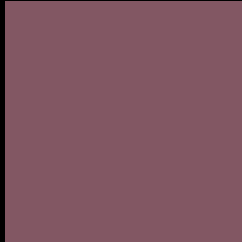
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 42, 19.646, 1.032 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

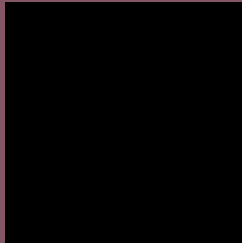
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 42, 19.646, 1.032**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 19.646, 1.032.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 19.646, 1.032.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

42, 19.646, 1.032

### Protanopia

42, 4.231, 290.810

### Deuteranopia

42, 6.061, 8.744



**Tritanopia**  
42, 18.661, 9.279



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
42, 19.646, 1.032

**Protanomaly**  
42, 8.283, 339.591

**Deuteranomaly**  
42, 10.671, 4.579

**Tritanomaly**  
42, 18.823, 5.682

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
42, 19.646, 1.032

**Achromatopsia**  
43, 0.006, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
42, 7.175, 0.802

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 42, 19.646, 1.032 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(130, 87, 99)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(130, 87, 99)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(130, 87, 99) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(130, 87, 99) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 42, 19.646, 1.032 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(130, 87, 99) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(130, 87, 99) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(130, 87, 99) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(130, 87, 99); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 87, 99);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 87,  
99) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 42, 19.646, 1.032 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(130, 87, 99) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(130, 87,  
99) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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