

Converting Colors

CIELCh(42, 20.434, 280.722)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(42, 20.434, 280.722)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(42, 20.272, 280.157)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	566384
RGB	86, 99, 132
RGB Percent	34%, 39%, 52%
CMY	0.6638, 0.6128, 0.4834
CMYK	0.35, 0.25, 0.00, 0.48
HSL	223°, 21%, 43%
HSV	223°, 35%, 52%
XYZ	12.3979, 12.5000, 23.4919
YIQ	98.8750, -18.3410, 7.5070

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

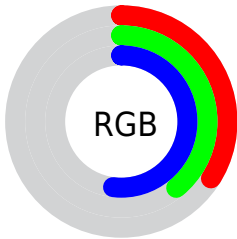
Format	Color
R_{YB}	86, 96, 132
Decimal	5661572
CIE _{Lab}	42.00, 3.57, -19.95
CIE _{LCh}	42, 20.272, 280.157
Yxy	12.5000, 0.2562, 0.2583
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283851652 (0xFF566384)
YUV	98.8750, 16.3306, -11.2914
Hunter-Lab	35.3553, 0.7218, -14.6465

Details

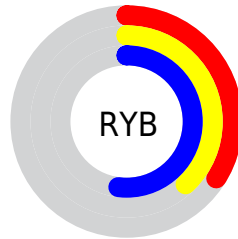
The CIELCh color $42, 20.272, 280.157$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666699 . A complement of this color would be $50, 20.005, 90.733$, and the grayscale version is $42, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $62, 19.989, 279.499$, and $22, 19.844, 279.417$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $38, 26.377, 282.212$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $46, 14.309, 278.387$.

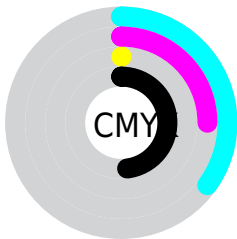
Distribution



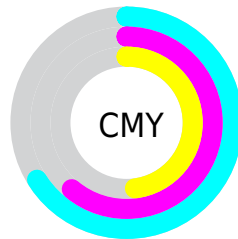
- Red (34%)
- Green (39%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (34%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (48%)





- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (48%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 42, 20.272, 280.157 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 42, 20.272, 280.157 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 42, 20.272,
280.157


 42, 20.272,
280.157


 100, 20.272,
280.157


 32, 20.272,
280.157

 62, 20.272,
280.157


 22, 20.272,
280.157

 72, 20.272,
280.157

 12, 20.272,
280.157

 82, 20.272,
280.157

 2, 20.272, 280.157

 92, 20.272,
280.157

 0, 20.272, 280.157

 42, 20.272,

 42, 20.272,

280.157

■ 38, 26.377,
282.212

■ 35, 32.645,
284.585

■ 31, 39.096,
287.285

■ 28, 45.739,
290.287

■ 24, 52.540,
293.503

■ 21, 59.369,
296.753

■ 20, 62.803,
298.225

280.157

■ 46, 14.309,
278.387

■ 49, 8.477, 276.869

■ 53, 2.767, 275.591

■ 57, 2.826, 94.344

■ 61, 8.307, 93.389

■ 64, 13.677, 92.530

■ 68, 18.939, 91.770

■ 72, 24.094, 91.096

■ 75, 29.146, 90.495

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42, 20.272, 280.157



50, 20.005, 90.733

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42, 20.272, 280.157



42, 20.272, 330.157



42, 20.272, 100.157



42, 20.272, 150.157

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42, 20.271, 280.156



65, 7.000, 276.237



52, 18.913, 173.771



34, 4.819, 276.394



86, 0.010, 296.813



37, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42, 20.271, 280.156



51, 30.438, 281.784



39, 28.482, 301.406



26, 3.206, 276.097



20, 62.144, 298.182



0, 0.762, 274.961

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42, 21.036, 1.035



51, 31.545, 2.299



53, 26.411, 116.399



26, 3.267, 357.933



26, 53.120, 20.799



0, 0.768, 357.161

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 42, 20.272, 280.157 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 42, 20.272, 280.157 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

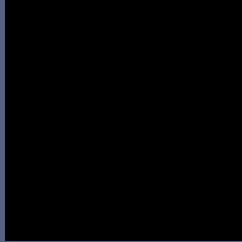
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

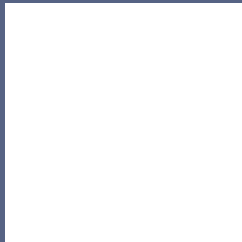
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 42, 20.272, 280.157

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 20.272, 280.157.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 20.272, 280.157.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


42, 20.272, 280.157

Protanopia

42, 20.052, 284.947

Deuteranopia

42, 21.241, 286.590



Tritanopia
42, 9.466, 229.434

Trichromacy



Original Color
42, 20.272, 280.157

Protanomaly
42, 20.140, 283.017

Deuteranomaly
42, 20.729, 283.433

Tritanomaly
42, 12.507, 259.904

Monochromacy



Original Color
42, 20.272, 280.157

Achromatopsia
42, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
42, 7.470, 276.078

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 42, 20.272, 280.157 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(86, 99, 132)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(86, 99, 132)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(86, 99, 132) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(86, 99, 132) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 42, 20.272, 280.157 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(86, 99, 132) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(86, 99, 132) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(86, 99, 132)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(86, 99, 132); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 99, 132);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 99,  
132) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 42, 20.272, 280.157 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(86, 99, 132) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(86, 99,  
132) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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