

Converting Colors

CIELCh(42, 22.849, 344.878)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(42, 22.849, 344.878)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(42, 22.645, 345.444)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	82566D
RGB	130, 86, 109
RGB Percent	51%, 34%, 43%
CMY	0.4903, 0.6628, 0.5726
CMYK	0.00, 0.34, 0.16, 0.49
HSL	329°, 20%, 42%
HSV	329°, 34%, 51%
XYZ	15.2877, 12.5000, 16.0690
YIQ	101.7780, 18.8410, 16.4810

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

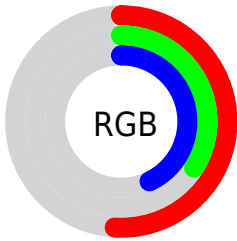
Format	Color
R_{YB}	130, 86, 109
Decimal	8541805
CIE _{Lab}	42.00, 21.92, -5.69
CIE _{LCh}	42, 22.645, 345.444
Yxy	12.5000, 0.3486, 0.2850
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286731885 (0xFF82566D)
YUV	101.7780, 3.5604, 24.7507
Hunter-Lab	35.3553, 15.3120, -2.1985

Details

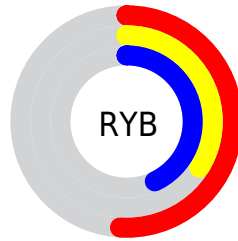
The CIELCh color $42, 22.645, 345.444$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996666 . A complement of this color would be $51, 21.858, 159.417$, and the grayscale version is $43, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $62, 22.811, 345.991$, and $22, 22.630, 345.424$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $39, 29.238, 346.586$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $46, 15.897, 344.437$.

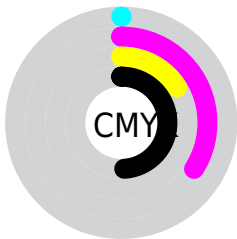
Distribution



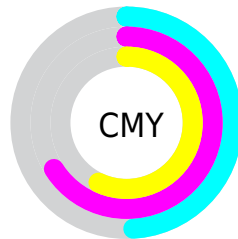
- Red (51%)
- Green (34%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 42, 22.645, 345.444 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 42, 22.645, 345.444 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 42, 22.645,
345.444

 42, 22.645,
345.444

 100, 22.645,
345.444

 32, 22.645,
345.444

 62, 22.645,
345.444

 22, 22.645,
345.444

 72, 22.645,
345.444

 12, 22.645,
345.444

 82, 22.645,
345.444

 2, 22.645, 345.444

 92, 22.645,
345.444

 0, 22.645, 345.444

 42, 22.645,

 42, 22.645,

345.444

345.444

■ 39, 29.238,
346.586

■ 46, 15.897,
344.437

■ 36, 35.461,
347.906

■ 49, 9.155, 343.526

■ 33, 41.026,
349.470

■ 53, 2.517, 342.629

■ 57, 3.956, 162.073

■ 31, 45.611,
351.368

■ 61, 10.233,
161.343

■ 29, 48.927,
353.722

■ 64, 16.303,
160.698

■ 28, 50.844,
356.661

■ 68, 22.165,
160.105

■ 27, 51.809,
358.577

■ 72, 27.827,
159.554

■ 76, 33.300,

159.040

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42, 22.645, 345.444



51, 21.858, 159.417

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42, 22.645, 345.444



42, 22.645, 35.444



42, 22.645, 165.444



42, 22.645, 215.444

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42, 22.643, 345.445



64, 8.134, 343.211



40, 27.962, 309.570



33, 5.531, 343.312



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42, 22.643, 345.445



51, 33.810, 346.355



41, 19.628, 19.712



25, 3.649, 343.112



27, 51.107, 358.496



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42, 22.643, 345.445



51, 33.810, 346.355



51, 15.901, 194.687



25, 3.649, 343.112



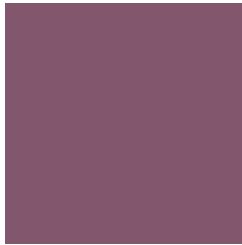
27, 51.107, 358.496



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 42, 22.645, 345.444 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

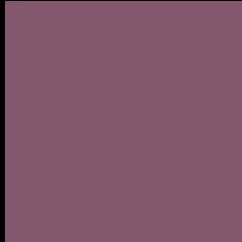
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 42, 22.645, 345.444 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

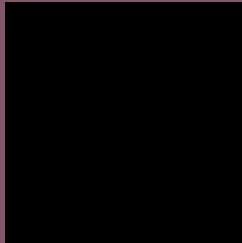
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 42, 22.645, 345.444

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 22.645, 345.444.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 22.645, 345.444.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

42, 22.645, 345.444

Protanopia

42, 10.905, 285.716

Deuteranopia

42, 7.105, 322.120



Tritanopia
42, 17.801, 8.488

Trichromacy



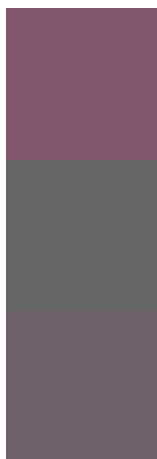
Original Color
42, 22.645, 345.444

Protanomaly
42, 13.388, 316.430

Deuteranomaly
42, 12.808, 336.310

Tritanomaly
42, 19.411, 358.789

Monochromacy



Original Color
42, 22.645, 345.444

Achromatopsia
43, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
43, 8.587, 341.484

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 42, 22.645, 345.444 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(130, 86, 109)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(130, 86, 109)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(130, 86, 109) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(130, 86, 109) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 42, 22.645, 345.444 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(130, 86, 109) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(130, 86, 109) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(130, 86, 109)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(130, 86, 109); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 86, 109);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 86,  
109) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 42, 22.645, 345.444 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(130, 86, 109) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(130, 86,  
109) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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