

Converting Colors

CIELCh(42, 3.542, 262.151)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(42, 3.542, 262.151) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(42, 3.594, 256.641)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5F6469
RGB	95, 100, 105
RGB Percent	37%, 39%, 41%
CMY	0.6284, 0.6088, 0.5892
CMYK	0.10, 0.05, 0.00, 0.59
HSL	210°, 5%, 39%
HSV	210°, 10%, 41%
XYZ	11.7629, 12.5000, 15.0886
YIQ	99.0750, -4.5850, 0.4950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

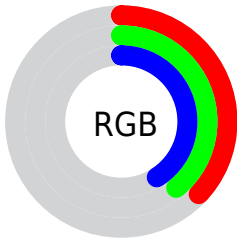
Format	Color
R_{YB}	95, 98, 105
Decimal	6251625
CIE Lab	42.00, -0.83, -3.50
CIE LCh	42, 3.594, 256.641
Yxy	12.5000, 0.2989, 0.3176
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284441705 (0xFF5F6469)
YUV	99.0750, 2.9210, -3.5738
Hunter-Lab	35.3553, -2.4841, -0.5545

Details

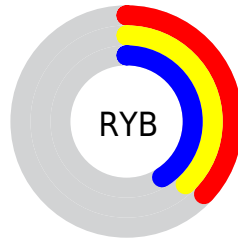
The CIELCh color $42, 3.594, 256.641$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $43, 3.668, 74.248$, and the grayscale version is $42, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $62, 3.569, 251.266$, and $22, 3.753, 263.057$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $40, 7.322, 258.013$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $44, 0.168, 73.977$.

Distribution



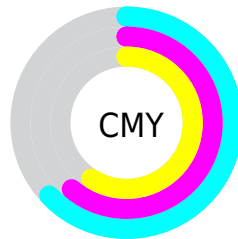
- Red (37%)
- Green (39%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (37%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (59%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 42, 3.594, 256.641 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 42, 3.594, 256.641 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 42, 3.594, 256.641

■ 42, 3.594, 256.641

■ 100, 3.594,
256.641

■ 32, 3.594, 256.641

■ 62, 3.594, 256.641

■ 22, 3.594, 256.641

■ 72, 3.594, 256.641

■ 12, 3.594, 256.641

■ 82, 3.594, 256.641

■ 2, 3.594, 256.641

■ 92, 3.594, 256.641

■ 0, 3.594, 256.641

■ 42, 3.594, 256.641

■ 42, 3.594, 256.641

■ 40, 7.322, 258.013

■ 44, 0.168, 73.977

■ 37, 11.003,
259.675

■ 47, 3.950, 74.245

■ 35, 14.626,
261.641

■ 49, 7.740, 73.372

■ 33, 18.182,
263.959

■ 52, 11.529, 72.599

■ 54, 15.307, 71.918

■ 30, 21.670,
266.676

■ 57, 19.069, 71.316

■ 28, 25.104,
269.828

■ 59, 22.807, 70.780

■ 61, 26.518, 70.302

■ 26, 28.511,
273.416

■ 64, 30.198, 69.871

■ 24, 31.935,
277.393

■ 22, 35.480,
281.262

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42, 3.594, 256.641



43, 3.668, 74.248

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42, 3.594, 256.641



42, 3.594, 306.641



42, 3.594, 76.641



42, 3.594, 126.641

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42, 3.593, 256.624



55, 1.399, 255.951



43, 5.178, 162.074



29, 1.068, 255.997



79, 0.010, 296.813



29, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42, 3.593, 256.624



53, 5.102, 256.847



41, 5.981, 290.447



21, 2.156, 256.555



25, 39.110, 282.068



53, 71.238, 284.906

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41, 5.179, 344.340



52, 7.374, 344.493



44, 5.860, 108.631



21, 3.104, 344.292



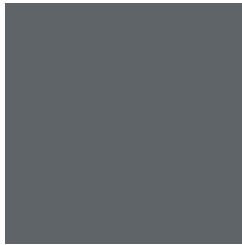
24, 47.929, 0.143



53, 82.065, 2.821

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 42, 3.594, 256.641 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 42, 3.594, 256.641 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

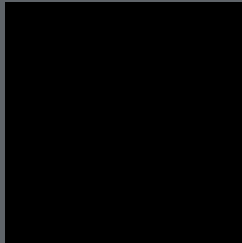
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

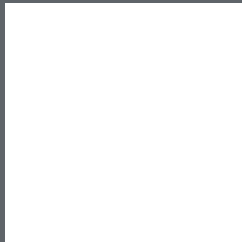
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 42, 3.594, 256.641

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 3.594, 256.641.

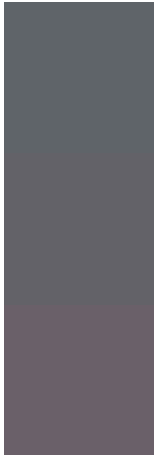


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 3.594, 256.641.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


42, 3.594, 256.641

Protanopia

42, 3.662, 297.104

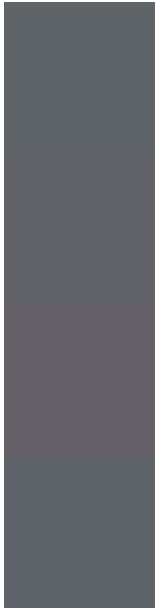
Deuteranopia

42, 6.852, 327.758



Tritanopia
42, 5.062, 272.546

Trichromacy



Original Color

42, 3.594, 256.641

Protanomaly

42, 3.117, 275.571

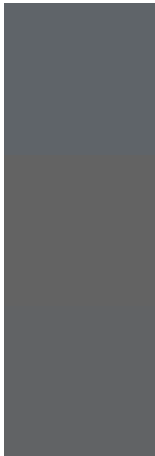
Deuteranomaly

42, 5.281, 313.589

Tritanomaly

42, 4.496, 269.957

Monochromacy



Original Color

42, 3.594, 256.641

Achromatopsia

42, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly

42, 1.453, 256.030

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 42, 3.594, 256.641 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(95, 100, 105)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(95, 100, 105)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(95, 100, 105) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(95, 100, 105) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 42, 3.594, 256.641 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(95, 100, 105) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(95, 100, 105) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(95, 100, 105)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(95, 100, 105); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 100, 105);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 100,  
105) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 42, 3.594, 256.641 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(95, 100, 105) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(95, 100,  
105) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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