

Converting Colors

CIELCh(42, 3.652, 137.187)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(42, 3.652, 137.187) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(42, 3.462, 138.639)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	60645F
RGB	96, 100, 95
RGB Percent	38%, 39%, 37%
CMY	0.6225, 0.6068, 0.6264
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.05, 0.61
HSL	108°, 3%, 38%
HSV	108°, 5%, 39%
XYZ	11.5143, 12.5000, 12.6975
YIQ	98.2340, -0.7790, -2.4030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

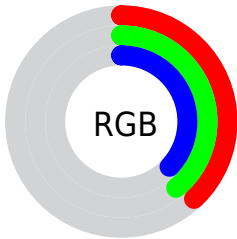
Format	Color
R _Y B	95, 100, 99
Decimal	6317151
CIE Lab	42.00, -2.60, 2.29
CIE LCh	42, 3.462, 138.639
Yxy	12.5000, 0.3136, 0.3405
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284507231 (0xFF60645F)
YUV	98.2340, -1.5944, -1.9592
Hunter-Lab	35.3553, -3.7394, 3.4554

Details

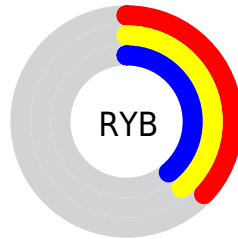
The CIELCh color $42, 3.462, 138.639$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $41, 3.481, 318.982$, and the grayscale version is $42, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $62, 3.895, 139.666$, and $22, 3.039, 137.044$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $41, 10.464, 138.157$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $43, 3.465, 318.973$.

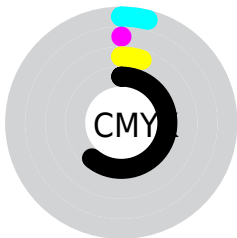
Distribution



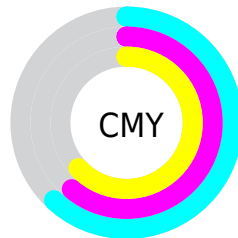
- Red (38%)
- Green (39%)
- Blue (37%)



- Red (37%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Blue (39%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (61%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (63%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 42, 3.462, 138.639 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 42, 3.462, 138.639 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 42, 3.462, 138.639

■ 42, 3.462, 138.639

■ 100, 3.462,
138.639

■ 32, 3.462, 138.639

■ 62, 3.462, 138.639

■ 22, 3.462, 138.639

■ 72, 3.462, 138.639

■ 12, 3.462, 138.639

■ 82, 3.462, 138.639

■ 2, 3.462, 138.639

■ 92, 3.462, 138.639

■ 0, 3.462, 138.639

■ 42, 3.462, 138.639

■ 42, 3.462, 138.639

■ 41, 10.464,
138.157

■ 43, 3.465, 318.973

■ 40, 17.484,

■ 44, 10.282,
319.348

137.633

45, 16.962,
319.657

39, 24.451,
137.057

46, 23.490,
319.921

39, 31.267,
136.437

48, 29.854,
320.148

38, 37.800,
135.799

49, 36.052,
320.342

38, 43.878,
135.189

50, 42.083,
320.508

37, 49.280,
134.679

52, 47.950,
320.650

37, 53.745,
134.372

53, 53.658,
320.772

37, 57.187,
134.259

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42, 3.462, 138.639



41, 3.481, 318.982

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42, 3.462, 138.639



42, 3.462, 188.639



42, 3.462, 318.639



42, 3.462, 8.639

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42, 3.463, 138.642



54, 0.852, 138.950



42, 2.439, 99.841



28, 0.488, 138.971



78, 0.009, 296.813



28, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42, 3.463, 138.642



54, 5.162, 138.583



42, 2.981, 154.037



21, 2.769, 138.579



42, 64.871, 134.228



84, 113.353, 134.810

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41, 3.481, 318.982



52, 5.187, 319.038



41, 2.995, 334.533



20, 2.783, 319.042



22, 65.244, 320.998



49, 113.338, 320.588

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 42, 3.462, 138.639 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

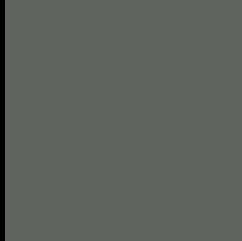
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 42, 3.462, 138.639 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

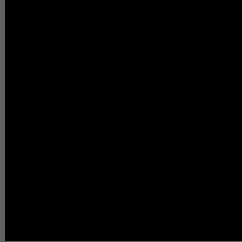
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 42, 3.462, 138.639

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 3.462, 138.639.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 3.462, 138.639.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


42, 3.462, 138.639

Protanopia

42, 3.258, 86.677

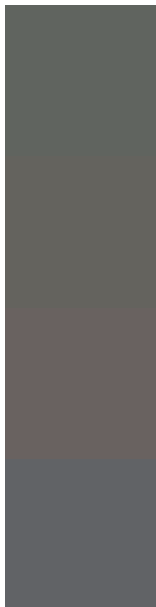
Deuteranopia

42, 5.980, 20.137



Tritanopia
42, 4.244, 285.364

Trichromacy



Original Color

42, 3.462, 138.639

Protanomaly

42, 3.035, 101.694

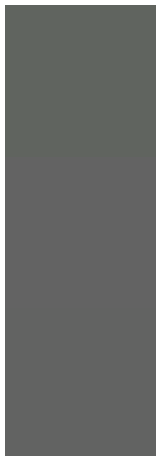
Deuteranomaly

42, 3.196, 41.740

Tritanomaly

42, 1.979, 266.097

Monochromacy



Original Color

42, 3.462, 138.639

Achromatopsia

42, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly

42, 0.732, 144.601

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 42, 3.462, 138.639 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(96, 100, 95)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(96, 100, 95)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(96, 100, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(96, 100, 95) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 42, 3.462, 138.639 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(96, 100, 95) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(96, 100, 95) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(96, 100, 95)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(96, 100, 95); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 100, 95);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 100,  
95) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 42, 3.462, 138.639 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(96, 100, 95) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(96, 100,  
95) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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