

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(42, 33.740, 307.140)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(42, 33.740, 307.140)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(42, 34.164, 307.083)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	6E5990
RGB	110, 89, 144
RGB Percent	43%, 35%, 56%
CMY	0.5682, 0.6506, 0.4349
CMYK	0.24, 0.38, 0.00, 0.43
HSL	263°, 24%, 46%
HSV	263°, 38%, 57%
XYZ	15.0665, 12.5000, 28.0474
YIQ	101.5490, -5.1390, 21.5570

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

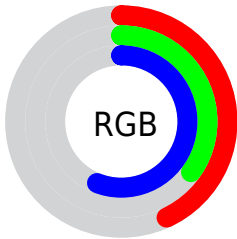
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	110, 89, 144
Decimal	7231888
CIE Lab	42.00, 20.60, -27.25
CIE LCh	42, 34.164, 307.083
Yxy	12.5000, 0.2709, 0.2248
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285421968 (0xFF6E5990)
YUV	101.5490, 20.9283, 7.4115
Hunter-Lab	35.3553, 14.1949, -22.2860

# Details

The CIELCh color  $42, 34.164, 307.083$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $666699$ . A complement of this color would be  $57, 31.924, 122.922$ , and the grayscale version is  $43, 0.006, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $62, 34.300, 307.404$ , and  $22, 34.023, 307.353$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $37, 43.612, 307.786$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $47, 24.862, 306.415$ .

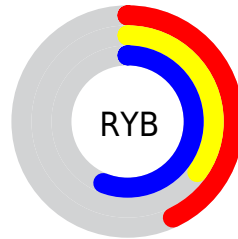
# Distribution



Red (43%)

Green (35%)

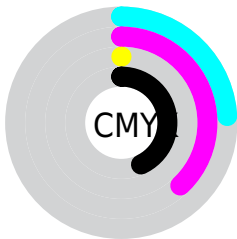
Blue (56%)



Red (43%)

Yellow (35%)

Blue (56%)

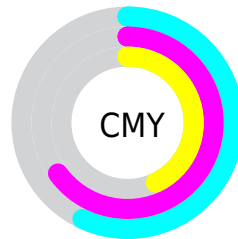


Cyan (24%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (43%)



Cyan (57%)

Magenta (65%)

Yellow (43%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 42, 34.164, 307.083 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 42, 34.164, 307.083 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 42, 34.164,  
307.083

■ 42, 34.164,  
307.083

■ 100, 34.164,  
307.083

■ 32, 34.164,  
307.083

■ 62, 34.164,  
307.083

■ 22, 34.164,  
307.083

■ 72, 34.164,  
307.083

■ 12, 34.164,  
307.083

■ 82, 34.164,  
307.083

■ 2, 34.164, 307.083

■ 92, 34.164,  
307.083

■ 0, 34.164, 307.083

■ 42, 34.164,

■ 42, 34.164,

307.083

307.083

■ 37, 43.612,  
307.786

■ 47, 24.862,  
306.415

■ 33, 53.048,  
308.490

■ 51, 15.793,  
305.799

■ 29, 62.175,  
309.136

■ 56, 6.991, 305.239

■ 25, 70.511,  
309.628

■ 61, 1.531, 124.794

■ 65, 9.776, 124.325

■ 22, 77.372,  
309.838

■ 70, 17.753,  
123.940

■ 20, 82.465,  
309.749

■ 75, 25.475,  
123.607

■ 19, 83.409,  
309.759

■ 79, 32.954,  
123.318

■ 84, 40.204,



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42, 34.164, 307.083



57, 31.924, 122.922

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42, 34.164, 307.083



42, 34.164, 357.083



42, 34.164, 127.083



42, 34.164, 177.083

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42, 34.163, 307.083



69, 11.654, 305.405



50, 16.381, 244.949



36, 7.907, 305.471



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42, 34.163, 307.083



49, 51.257, 307.699



45, 36.953, 322.476



28, 4.803, 305.293



18, 79.551, 309.821



0, 3.200, 304.838



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45, 29.463, 340.881



54, 43.383, 341.766



55, 36.605, 138.527



28, 4.287, 338.416



29, 55.249, 350.548

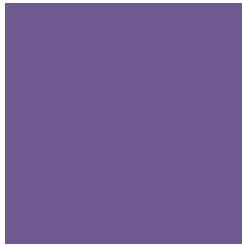


1, 2.871, 337.793



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 42, 34.164, 307.083 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 42, 34.164, 307.083 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

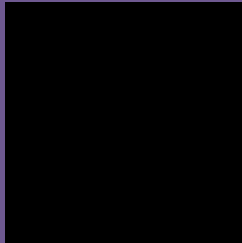
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 42, 34.164, 307.083

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 34.164, 307.083.

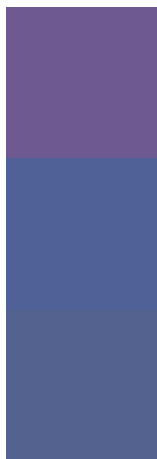


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 34.164, 307.083.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

42, 34.164, 307.083

### Protanopia

42, 32.796, 285.561

### Deuteranopia

42, 26.825, 283.411





**Tritanopia**  
42, 5.455, 317.576

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
42, 34.164, 307.083

**Protanomaly**  
42, 32.653, 293.086

**Deuteranomaly**  
42, 29.017, 292.973

**Tritanomaly**  
42, 15.916, 309.324

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
42, 34.164, 307.083

**Achromatopsia**  
43, 0.006, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
43, 12.532, 306.353

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 42, 34.164, 307.083 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 89, 144)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 89, 144)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 89, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 89, 144) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 42, 34.164, 307.083 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 89, 144) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 89, 144) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 89, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(110, 89, 144); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 89, 144);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 89,  
144) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 42, 34.164, 307.083 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 89, 144) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110, 89,  
144) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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