

Converting Colors

CIELCh(42, 36.537, 43.111)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(42, 36.537, 43.111) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(42, 36.663, 43.118)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	95503B
RGB	149, 80, 59
RGB Percent	58%, 31%, 23%
CMY	0.4147, 0.6854, 0.7678
CMYK	0.00, 0.46, 0.60, 0.41
HSL	14°, 43%, 41%
HSV	14°, 60%, 59%
XYZ	16.1194, 12.5000, 5.7283
YIQ	98.2370, 47.8650, 8.0970

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

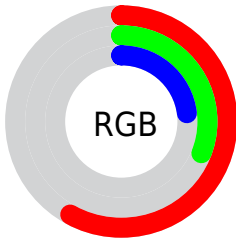
Format	Color
R_{YB}	149, 86, 59
Decimal	9785403
CIE Lab	42.00, 26.76, 25.06
CIE LCh	42, 36.663, 43.118
Yxy	12.5000, 0.4693, 0.3639
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287975483 (0xFF95503B)
YUV	98.2370, -19.3438, 44.5192
Hunter-Lab	35.3553, 19.5107, 15.1426

Details

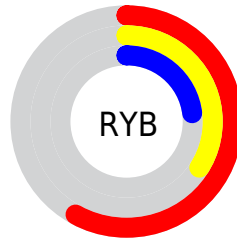
The CIELCh color **42, 36.663, 43.118** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993333**. A complement of this color would be **50, 23.464, 229.566**, and the grayscale version is **42, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **62, 36.440, 42.662**, and **22, 36.768, 43.132** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **39, 44.191, 43.628**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45, 29.461, 42.787**.

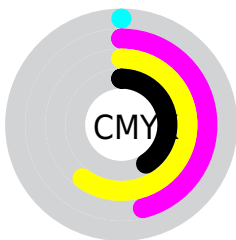
Distribution



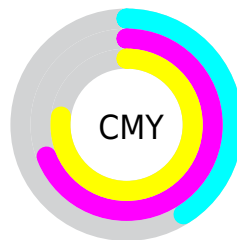
- Red (58%)
- Green (31%)
- Blue (23%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Blue (23%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Black (41%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (77%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 42, 36.663, 43.118 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 42, 36.663, 43.118 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 42, 36.663, 43.118

■ 42, 36.663, 43.118

■ 100, 36.663,
43.118

■ 32, 36.663, 43.118

■ 62, 36.663, 43.118

■ 22, 36.663, 43.118

■ 72, 36.663, 43.118

■ 12, 36.663, 43.118

■ 82, 36.663, 43.118

■ 2, 36.663, 43.118

■ 92, 36.663, 43.118

■ 0, 36.663, 43.118

■ 42, 36.663, 43.118

■ 42, 36.663, 43.118

■ 39, 44.191, 43.628

■ 45, 29.461, 42.787

■ 37, 51.799, 44.219

■ 48, 22.695, 42.634

35, 58.928, 44.624

51, 16.395, 42.642

33, 65.049, 44.981

55, 10.557, 42.777

58, 5.157, 42.990

62, 0.158, 40.694

65, 4.479, 223.899

69, 8.794, 224.287

72, 12.825,
224.735

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42, 36.663, 43.118



50, 23.464, 229.566

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42, 36.663, 43.118



42, 36.663, 93.118



42, 36.663, 223.118



42, 36.663, 273.118

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42, 36.662, 43.122



71, 11.473, 42.815



40, 50.651, 335.950



36, 8.034, 42.764



89, 0.011, 296.813



41, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42, 36.662, 43.122



50, 56.486, 43.811



53, 38.793, 88.538



29, 2.786, 43.013



30, 60.912, 44.940



1, 2.359, 43.412

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 23.464, 229.566



62, 32.071, 232.666



37, 40.955, 287.209



30, 2.641, 223.911



41, 28.314, 241.598



2, 2.359, 223.431

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 42, 36.663, 43.118 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

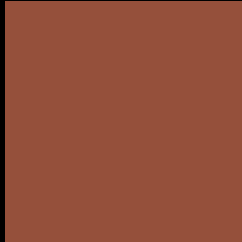
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 42, 36.663, 43.118 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

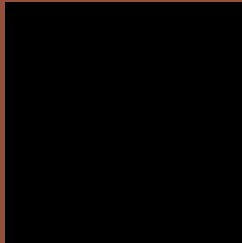
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 42, 36.663, 43.118

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 36.663, 43.118.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 36.663, 43.118.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

42, 36.663, 43.118

Protanopia

42, 20.016, 96.500

Deuteranopia

42, 26.988, 77.619



Tritanopia
42, 33.278, 18.748

Trichromacy



Original Color
42, 36.663, 43.118

Protanomaly
42, 22.899, 68.825

Deuteranomaly
42, 29.134, 62.605

Tritanomaly
42, 33.678, 28.402

Monochromacy



Original Color
42, 36.663, 43.118

Achromatopsia
42, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
41, 12.297, 43.628

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 42, 36.663, 43.118 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(149, 80, 59)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(149, 80, 59)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 80, 59) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(149, 80, 59) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 42, 36.663, 43.118 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(149, 80, 59) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(149, 80, 59) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 80, 59) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(149, 80, 59); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 80, 59);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 80,  
59) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 42, 36.663, 43.118 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(149, 80, 59) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(149, 80,  
59) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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