

Converting Colors

CIELCh(42, 4.929, 300.363)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(42, 4.929, 300.363) contains.

CIELCh(42, 4.921, 300.359)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(42, 4.921, 300.359)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	64626A
RGB	100, 98, 106
RGB Percent	39%, 38%, 42%
CMY	0.6076, 0.6155, 0.5841
CMYK	0.06, 0.08, 0.00, 0.58
HSL	255°, 4%, 40%
HSV	255°, 8%, 42%
XYZ	12.2390, 12.5000, 15.4188
YIQ	99.5100, -1.3760, 2.9120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

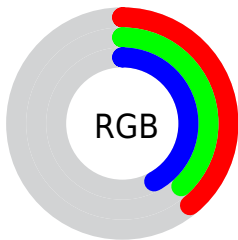
Format	Color
R_{YB}	100, 98, 106
Decimal	6578794
CIE _{Lab}	42.00, 2.49, -4.25
CIE _{LCh}	42, 4.921, 300.359
Yxy	12.5000, 0.3048, 0.3113
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284768874 (0xFF64626A)
YUV	99.5100, 3.1996, 0.4297
Hunter-Lab	35.3553, -0.0802, -1.1082

Details

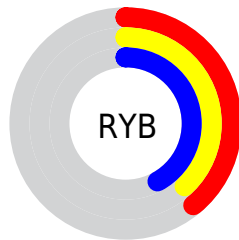
The CIELCh color **42, 4.921, 300.359** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **44, 4.843, 119.470**, and the grayscale version is **42, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **62, 4.569, 300.218**, and **22, 4.735, 296.597** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38, 11.637, 301.031**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **46, 1.567, 119.777**.

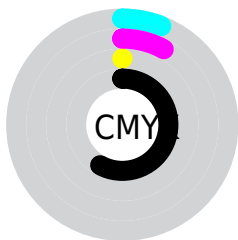
Distribution



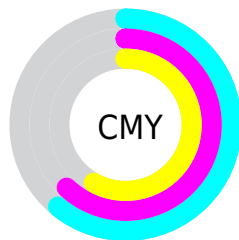
- Red (39%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (58%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 42, 4.921, 300.359 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 42, 4.921, 300.359 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 42, 4.921, 300.359

■ 42, 4.921, 300.359

100, 4.921,
300.359

■ 32, 4.921, 300.359

■ 62, 4.921, 300.359

■ 22, 4.921, 300.359

■ 72, 4.921, 300.359

■ 12, 4.921, 300.359

■ 82, 4.921, 300.359

■ 2, 4.921, 300.359

■ 92, 4.921, 300.359

■ 0, 4.921, 300.359

■ 42, 4.921, 300.359

■ 42, 4.921, 300.359

■ 38, 11.637,
301.031

■ 46, 1.567, 119.777

■ 34, 18.589,

■ 50, 7.833, 119.251

301.797

53, 13.890,
118.802

31, 25.770,
302.656

57, 19.749,
118.412

27, 33.149,
303.599

61, 25.424,
118.074

23, 40.649,
304.606

64, 30.924,
117.782

20, 48.105,
305.627

68, 36.261,
117.529

17, 55.203,
306.574

71, 41.445,
117.311

14, 61.426,
307.309

75, 46.485,
117.123

12, 66.802,
307.927

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42, 4.921, 300.359



44, 4.843, 119.470

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42, 4.921, 300.359



42, 4.921, 350.359



42, 4.921, 120.359



42, 4.921, 170.359

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42, 4.920, 300.353



56, 1.606, 300.008



44, 2.696, 223.835



29, 0.906, 299.997



79, 0.010, 296.813



29, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42, 4.920, 300.353



53, 7.294, 300.463



42, 5.420, 317.056



20, 3.703, 300.445



13, 73.421, 308.065



33, 127.165, 307.597

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42, 4.924, 332.751



54, 7.288, 332.865



44, 5.386, 136.495



21, 3.701, 332.846



25, 54.157, 340.700



55, 92.272, 341.646

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 42, 4.921, 300.359 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 42, 4.921, 300.359 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

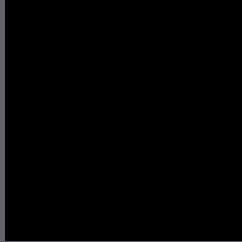
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

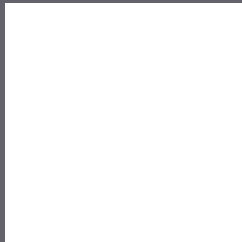
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 42, 4.921, 300.359

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 4.921, 300.359.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 4.921, 300.359.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

42, 4.921, 300.359

Protanopia

42, 4.866, 295.659

Deuteranopia

42, 7.117, 322.124



Tritanopia
42, 4.921, 300.359

Trichromacy



Original Color
42, 4.921, 300.359

Protanomaly
42, 4.866, 295.659

Deuteranomaly
42, 5.999, 314.982

Tritanomaly
42, 4.921, 300.359

Monochromacy



Original Color
42, 4.921, 300.359

Achromatopsia
42, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
42, 1.868, 303.176

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 42, 4.921, 300.359 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(100, 98, 106)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(100, 98, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(100, 98, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(100, 98, 106) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 42, 4.921, 300.359 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(100, 98, 106) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(100, 98, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(100, 98, 106)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(100, 98, 106); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 98, 106);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 98,  
106) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 42, 4.921, 300.359 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(100, 98, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(100, 98,  
106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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