

Converting Colors

CIELCh(42, 4.992, 354.556)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(42, 4.992, 354.556) contains.

CIELCh(42, 5.219, 352.551)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(42, 5.219, 352.551)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6B6064
RGB	107, 96, 100
RGB Percent	42%, 38%, 39%
CMY	0.5791, 0.6222, 0.6065
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.07, 0.58
HSL	338°, 5%, 40%
HSV	338°, 10%, 42%
XYZ	12.6340, 12.5000, 13.8885
YIQ	99.7450, 5.2720, 3.5760

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	107, 96, 100
Decimal	7037028
CIE Lab	42.00, 5.17, -0.68
CIE LCh	42, 5.219, 352.551
Yxy	12.5000, 0.3238, 0.3203
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285227108 (0xFF6B6064)
YUV	99.7450, 0.1257, 6.3626
Hunter-Lab	35.3553, 1.9142, 1.4581

Details

The CIELCh color $[42, 5.219, 352.551]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[44, 5.103, 170.891]$, and the grayscale version is $[42, 0.006, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[62, 5.458, 348.994]$, and $[22, 5.108, 357.338]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[39, 10.465, 353.574]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[45, 0.130, 349.509]$.

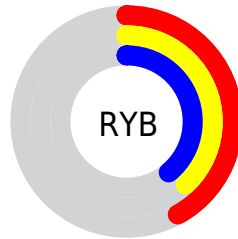
Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (38%)

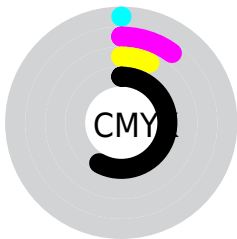
Blue (39%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (38%)

Blue (39%)

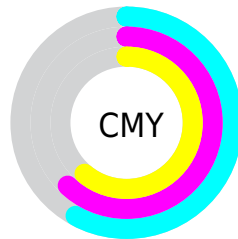


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (7%)

Black (58%)



Cyan (58%)

Magenta (62%)

Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 42, 5.219, 352.551 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 42, 5.219, 352.551 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 42, 5.219, 352.551

■ 42, 5.219, 352.551

■ 100, 5.219,
352.551

■ 32, 5.219, 352.551

■ 62, 5.219, 352.551

■ 22, 5.219, 352.551

■ 72, 5.219, 352.551

■ 12, 5.219, 352.551

■ 82, 5.219, 352.551

■ 2, 5.219, 352.551

■ 92, 5.219, 352.551

■ 0, 5.219, 352.551

■ 42, 5.219, 352.551

■ 42, 5.219, 352.551

■ 39, 10.465,
353.574

■ 45, 0.130, 349.509

■ 36, 15.822,

■ 49, 4.774, 171.013

354.715

52, 9.485, 170.272

33, 21.201,
356.037

55, 14.007,
169.614

30, 26.470,
357.604

59, 18.347,
169.015

27, 31.445,
359.499

62, 22.518,
168.464

25, 35.901, 1.838

65, 26.532,
167.955

23, 39.613, 4.760

69, 30.403,
167.483

22, 42.433, 8.415

21, 44.910, 12.222

72, 34.144,
167.043

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42, 5.219, 352.551



44, 5.103, 170.891

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42, 5.219, 352.551



42, 5.219, 42.551



42, 5.219, 172.551



42, 5.219, 222.551

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42, 5.218, 352.558



57, 1.881, 351.789



42, 7.272, 313.973



29, 1.438, 351.883



80, 0.010, 296.813



30, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42, 5.218, 352.558



53, 7.631, 352.763



42, 4.146, 32.088



21, 2.848, 352.431



24, 47.893, 12.803



52, 83.229, 16.258

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42, 5.218, 352.558



53, 7.631, 352.763



44, 3.896, 212.120



21, 2.848, 352.431



24, 47.893, 12.803



52, 83.229, 16.258

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 42, 5.219, 352.551 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 42, 5.219, 352.551 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

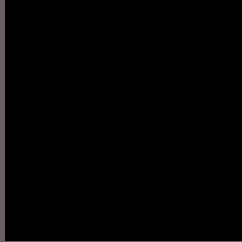
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 42, 5.219, 352.551

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 5.219, 352.551.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 5.219, 352.551.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

42, 5.219, 352.551

Protanopia

42, 1.868, 303.176

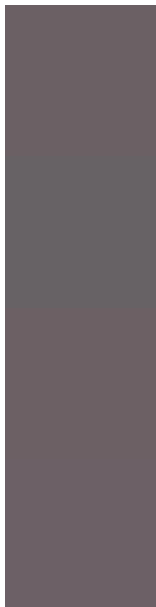
Deuteranopia

42, 5.598, 354.633



Tritanopia
42, 6.557, 340.193

Trichromacy



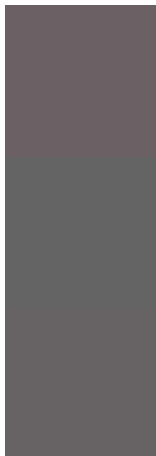
Original Color
42, 5.219, 352.551

Protanomaly
42, 2.772, 338.888

Deuteranomaly
42, 5.598, 354.633

Tritanomaly
42, 6.194, 344.490

Monochromacy



Original Color
42, 5.219, 352.551

Achromatopsia
42, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
42, 1.780, 359.682

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 42, 5.219, 352.551 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(107, 96, 100)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(107, 96, 100)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 96, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(107, 96, 100) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 42, 5.219, 352.551 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(107, 96, 100) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(107, 96, 100) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(107, 96, 100)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(107, 96, 100); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 96, 100);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 96,  
100) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 42, 5.219, 352.551 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(107, 96, 100) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(107, 96,  
100) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor