

Converting Colors

CIELCh(42, 41.036, 159.030)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(42, 41.036, 159.030)
contains.

CIELCh(42, 40.795, 159.103)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(42, 40.795, 159.103)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00724A
RGB	0, 114, 74
RGB Percent	0%, 45%, 29%
CMY	1.0000, 0.5534, 0.7102
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.35, 0.55
HSL	159°, 100%, 22%
HSV	159°, 100%, 45%
XYZ	7.2335, 12.5000, 8.4916
YIQ	75.3540, -55.1040, -36.6080

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

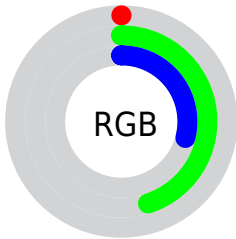
Format	Color
RYB	0, 69, 114
Decimal	29258
CIELab	42.00, -38.11, 14.55
CIElCh	42, 40.795, 159.103
Yxy	12.5000, 0.2563, 0.4429
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278219338 (0xFF00724A)
YUV	75.3540, -0.6675, -66.0855
Hunter-Lab	35.3553, -25.3517, 10.5086

Details

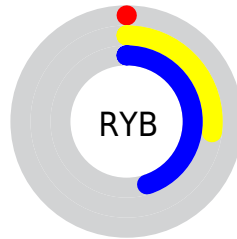
The CIELCh color **42, 40.795, 159.103** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006633**. A complement of this color would be **23, 47.002, 13.756**, and the grayscale version is **32, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **62, 40.870, 159.097**, and **23, 32.607, 150.355** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42, 40.777, 159.087**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **42, 38.325, 160.976**.

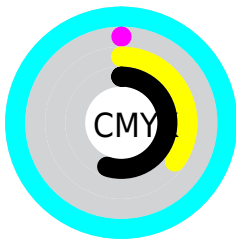
Distribution



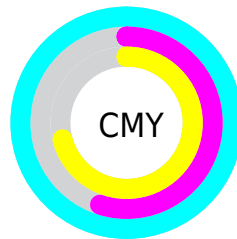
- Red (0%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (29%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Black (55%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (71%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 42, 40.795, 159.103 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 42, 40.795, 159.103 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 42, 40.795,
159.103


 42, 40.795,
159.103


 100, 40.795,
159.103


 32, 40.795,
159.103

 62, 40.795,
159.103


 22, 40.795,
159.103

 72, 40.795,
159.103

 12, 40.795,
159.103

 82, 40.795,
159.103

 2, 40.795, 159.103

 92, 40.795,
159.103

 0, 40.795, 159.103

 42, 40.795,

 42, 40.795,

159.103

159.103

■ 42, 40.777,
159.087

■ 42, 38.325,
160.976

■ 42, 35.597,
162.847

■ 43, 32.377,
164.531

■ 43, 28.680,
166.040

■ 44, 24.553,
167.395

■ 44, 20.063,
168.617

■ 45, 15.287,
169.727

■ 46, 10.303,
170.747

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42, 40.795, 159.103



23, 47.002, 13.756

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42, 40.795, 159.103



42, 40.795, 209.103



42, 40.795, 339.103



42, 40.795, 29.103

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42, 40.777, 159.087



58, 18.918, 169.644



42, 62.167, 131.136



29, 12.764, 169.296



81, 0.010, 296.813



31, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42, 40.777, 159.087



54, 49.771, 158.459



38, 24.214, 219.907



23, 2.881, 171.805



44, 42.387, 158.953



87, 74.117, 157.583

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23, 47.002, 13.756



31, 57.009, 15.298



23, 53.639, 40.552



22, 2.942, 353.244



24, 48.789, 14.084



52, 84.264, 17.480

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 42, 40.795, 159.103 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 42, 40.795, 159.103 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 42, 40.795, 159.103

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 40.795, 159.103.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 40.795, 159.103.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


42, 40.795, 159.103

Protanopia

42, 18.896, 96.040

Deuteranopia

42, 14.152, 65.956



Tritanopia
42, 21.589, 210.185

Trichromacy



Original Color
42, 40.795, 159.103

Protanomaly
41, 25.575, 143.605

Deuteranomaly
40, 19.287, 145.692

Tritanomaly
42, 27.129, 183.340

Monochromacy



Original Color
42, 40.795, 159.103

Achromatopsia
32, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
35, 18.536, 168.695

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 42, 40.795, 159.103 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 114, 74)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 114, 74)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 114, 74) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 114, 74) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 42, 40.795, 159.103 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 114, 74) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 114, 74) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 114, 74)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 114, 74); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 114, 74);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 114, 74)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 42, 40.795, 159.103 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 114, 74) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 114,  
74) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor