

Converting Colors

CIELCh(42, 46.356, 350.760)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(42, 46.356, 350.760)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(42, 46.330, 350.564)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A24071
RGB	162, 64, 113
RGB Percent	64%, 25%, 44%
CMY	0.3654, 0.7496, 0.5575
CMYK	0.00, 0.61, 0.30, 0.37
HSL	330°, 43%, 44%
HSV	330°, 61%, 63%
XYZ	19.6606, 12.5000, 16.9533
YIQ	98.8880, 42.6790, 36.0150

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

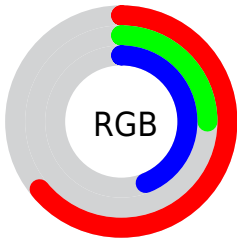
Format	Color
R_{YB}	162, 64, 113
Decimal	10633329
CIE _{Lab}	42.00, 45.70, -7.60
CIE _{LCh}	42, 46.330, 350.564
Yxy	12.5000, 0.4003, 0.2545
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288823409 (0xFFA24071)
YUV	98.8880, 6.9572, 55.3492
Hunter-Lab	35.3553, 37.3893, -3.6815

Details

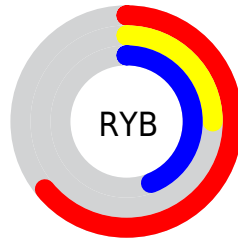
The CIELCh color $42, 46.330, 350.564$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 993366 . A complement of this color would be $60, 43.864, 156.967$, and the grayscale version is $42, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $62, 46.030, 350.351$, and $22, 46.222, 350.840$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $39, 52.075, 352.531$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $45, 39.499, 348.954$.

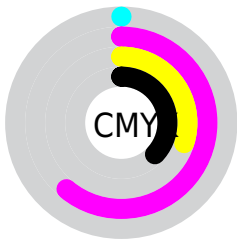
Distribution



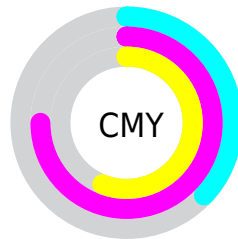
- Red (64%)
- Green (25%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Black (37%)





- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (56%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 42, 46.330, 350.564 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 42, 46.330, 350.564 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 42, 46.330,
350.564

 42, 46.330,
350.564


 100, 46.330,
350.564


 32, 46.330,
350.564

 62, 46.330,
350.564

 22, 46.330,
350.564

 72, 46.330,
350.564

 12, 46.330,
350.564

 82, 46.330,
350.564

 2, 46.330, 350.564

 92, 46.330,
350.564

 0, 46.330, 350.564

 42, 46.330,

 42, 46.330,

350.564

350.564

■ 39, 52.075,
352.531

■ 45, 39.499,
348.954

■ 37, 56.370,
354.980

■ 49, 31.981,
347.599

■ 35, 58.994,
358.068

■ 53, 24.105,
346.432

■ 35, 60.364, 1.519

■ 57, 16.118,
345.403

■ 62, 8.190, 344.471

■ 66, 0.426, 342.875

■ 71, 7.117, 162.987

■ 76, 14.410,
162.272

■ 80, 21.448,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42, 46.330, 350.564



60, 43.864, 156.967

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42, 46.330, 350.564



42, 46.330, 40.564



42, 46.330, 170.564



42, 46.330, 220.564

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42, 46.327, 350.565



74, 17.361, 345.190



37, 60.845, 311.575



37, 12.068, 345.455



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42, 46.327, 350.565



50, 65.200, 353.395



41, 45.420, 26.197



32, 4.416, 344.355



31, 55.840, 1.099



1, 6.583, 346.258

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42, 46.327, 350.565



50, 65.200, 353.395



61, 29.550, 195.069



32, 4.416, 344.355



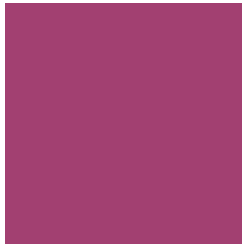
31, 55.840, 1.099



1, 6.583, 346.258

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 42, 46.330, 350.564 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

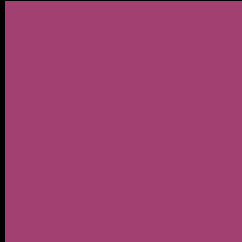
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 42, 46.330, 350.564 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

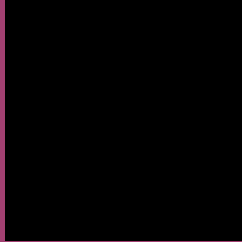
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 42, 46.330, 350.564

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 46.330, 350.564.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 46.330, 350.564.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
42, 39.437, 21.804

Trichromacy



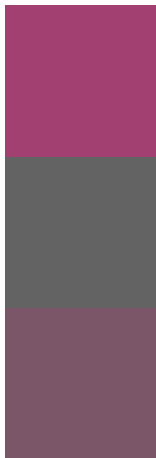
Original Color
42, 46.330, 350.564

Protanomaly
41, 27.780, 316.781

Deuteranomaly
41, 22.424, 340.728

Tritanomaly
42, 40.349, 9.225

Monochromacy



Original Color
42, 46.330, 350.564

Achromatopsia
42, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
41, 18.465, 346.246

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 42, 46.330, 350.564 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(162, 64, 113)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(162, 64, 113)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(162, 64, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(162, 64, 113) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 42, 46.330, 350.564 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(162, 64, 113) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(162, 64, 113) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(162, 64, 113)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(162, 64, 113); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 64, 113);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 64,  
113) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 42, 46.330, 350.564 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(162, 64, 113) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(162, 64,  
113) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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