

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(42, 49.496, 102.851)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(42, 49.496, 102.851)  
contains.

<b>CIELCh(42, 49.535, 102.887)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	21
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	27

**Color**

**CIELCh(42, 49.535, 102.887)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	676701
RGB	103, 103, 1
RGB Percent	40%, 40%, 0%
CMY	0.5975, 0.5973, 0.9978
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.99, 0.60
HSL	60°, 99%, 20%
HSV	60°, 99%, 40%
XYZ	10.3744, 12.5000, 1.8822
YIQ	91.3720, 32.7420, -31.7220

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

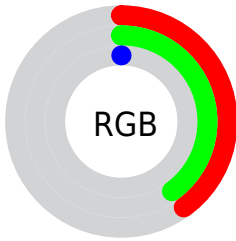
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	1, 103, 1
Decimal	6776577
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	42.00, -11.05, 48.29
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	42, 49.535, 102.887
Yxy	12.5000, 0.4191, 0.5049
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284966657 (0xFF676701)
YUV	91.3720, -44.5534, 10.1978
Hunter-Lab	35.3553, -9.4943, 21.5924

# Details

The CIELCh color **42, 49.535, 102.887** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666600**. A complement of this color would be **9, 68.230, 306.188**, and the grayscale version is **39, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **62, 49.607, 103.090**, and **22, 31.946, 107.263** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42, 49.682, 102.869**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **42, 47.011, 103.239**.

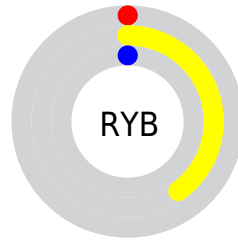
# Distribution



Red (40%)

Green (40%)

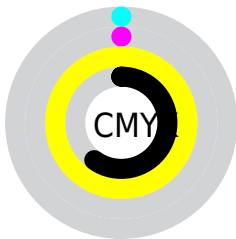
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (0%)

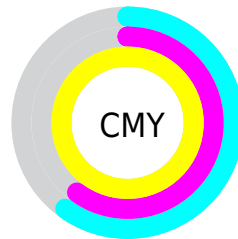


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (99%)

Black (60%)



Cyan (60%)

Magenta (60%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 42, 49.535, 102.887 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 42, 49.535, 102.887 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 42, 49.535,  
102.887

 42, 49.535,  
102.887

 100, 49.535,  
102.887

 32, 49.535,  
102.887

 62, 49.535,  
102.887


 22, 49.535,  
102.887

 72, 49.535,  
102.887

 12, 49.535,  
102.887

 82, 49.535,  
102.887

 2, 49.535, 102.887

 92, 49.535,  
102.887

 0, 49.535, 102.887

 42, 49.535,

 42, 49.535,

102.887

102.887

■ 42, 49.682,  
102.869

■ 42, 47.011,  
103.239

■ 42, 43.915,  
103.676

■ 42, 39.811,  
104.266

■ 42, 34.955,  
104.976

■ 42, 29.584,  
105.774

■ 43, 23.877,  
106.630

■ 43, 17.959,  
107.521

■ 43, 11.915,  
108.428



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42, 49.535, 102.887



9, 68.230, 306.188

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42, 49.535, 102.887



42, 49.535, 152.887



42, 49.535, 282.887



42, 49.535, 332.887

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42, 49.535, 102.889



54, 22.557, 107.396



20, 50.587, 35.982



27, 15.235, 107.133



78, 0.009, 296.813



28, 0.004, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42, 49.535, 102.889



54, 59.635, 102.869



38, 55.253, 127.119



21, 3.429, 109.381



47, 53.753, 102.869



93, 93.218, 102.870



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9, 68.230, 306.188



14, 82.344, 306.288



14, 63.332, 312.512



19, 3.498, 291.048



11, 74.221, 306.289



30, 128.716, 306.288



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 42, 49.535, 102.887 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 42, 49.535, 102.887 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 42, 49.535, 102.887**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 49.535, 102.887.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 49.535, 102.887.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

42, 49.535, 102.887


### Protanopia

42, 49.163, 95.810

### Deuteranopia

42, 45.390, 83.317





**Tritanopia**  
42, 7.587, 340.917

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
42, 49.535, 102.887

**Protanomaly**  
42, 49.276, 98.191

**Deuteranomaly**  
42, 46.346, 90.664

**Tritanomaly**  
42, 19.606, 94.880

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
42, 49.535, 102.887

**Achromatopsia**  
39, 0.005, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
39, 22.130, 106.694

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 42, 49.535, 102.887 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(103, 103, 1)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(103, 103, 1)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(103, 103, 1) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(103, 103, 1) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 42, 49.535, 102.887 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(103, 103, 1) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(103, 103, 1) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(103, 103, 1)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(103, 103, 1); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 103, 1);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 103,  
1) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 42, 49.535, 102.887 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(103, 103, 1) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(103,  
103, 1) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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