

Converting Colors

CIELCh(42, 5.222, 274.779)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(42, 5.222, 274.779) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(42, 5.547, 278.563)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	60636C
RGB	96, 99, 108
RGB Percent	38%, 39%, 42%
CMY	0.6234, 0.6117, 0.5764
CMYK	0.11, 0.08, 0.00, 0.58
HSL	225°, 6%, 40%
HSV	225°, 11%, 42%
XYZ	11.9990, 12.5000, 15.9751
YIQ	99.1290, -4.6770, 2.1630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	96, 98, 108
Decimal	6316908
CIE Lab	42.00, 0.83, -5.49
CIE LCh	42, 5.547, 278.563
Yxy	12.5000, 0.2965, 0.3088
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284506988 (0xFF60636C)
YUV	99.1290, 4.3734, -2.7441
Hunter-Lab	35.3553, -1.2919, -2.0411

Details

The CIELCh color **42, 5.547, 278.563** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **44, 5.502, 95.967**, and the grayscale version is **42, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **62, 5.155, 278.163**, and **22, 5.492, 277.754** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **39, 10.658, 279.918**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45, 0.553, 277.560**.

Distribution



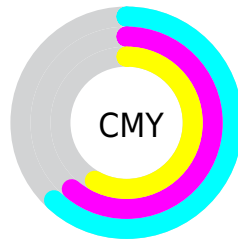
- Red (38%)
- Green (39%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (58%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 42, 5.547, 278.563 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 42, 5.547, 278.563 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 42, 5.547, 278.563

■ 42, 5.547, 278.563

■ 100, 5.547,
278.563

■ 32, 5.547, 278.563

■ 62, 5.547, 278.563

■ 22, 5.547, 278.563

■ 72, 5.547, 278.563

■ 12, 5.547, 278.563

■ 82, 5.547, 278.563

■ 2, 5.547, 278.563

■ 92, 5.547, 278.563

■ 0, 5.547, 278.563

■ 42, 5.547, 278.563

■ 42, 5.547, 278.563

■ 39, 10.658,
279.918

■ 45, 0.553, 277.560

■ 35, 15.897,

■ 49, 4.328, 96.283

281.506

52, 9.100, 95.394

32, 21.275,
283.346

55, 13.767, 94.606

29, 26.805,
285.470

58, 18.333, 93.907

26, 32.504,
287.895

61, 22.799, 93.285

23, 38.380,
290.611

65, 27.170, 92.729

68, 31.448, 92.230

20, 44.410,
293.559

71, 35.636, 91.779

17, 50.495,
296.615

15, 55.827,
299.033

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42, 5.547, 278.563



44, 5.502, 95.967

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42, 5.547, 278.563



42, 5.547, 328.563



42, 5.547, 98.563



42, 5.547, 148.563

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42, 5.546, 278.555



57, 1.843, 277.643



45, 5.238, 177.405



29, 1.408, 277.709



80, 0.010, 296.813



30, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42, 5.546, 278.555



53, 8.060, 278.842



41, 7.387, 299.979



21, 2.779, 278.289



16, 59.745, 299.337



38, 108.722, 301.125

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42, 5.379, 0.458



53, 7.835, 0.690



45, 7.226, 118.607



21, 2.689, 0.236



23, 49.923, 22.951



52, 88.017, 26.555

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 42, 5.547, 278.563 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

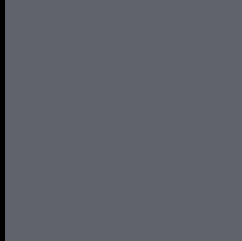
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 42, 5.547, 278.563 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

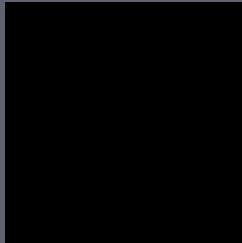
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

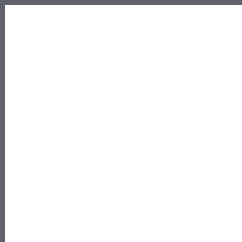
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 42, 5.547, 278.563

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 5.547, 278.563.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 5.547, 278.563.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


42, 5.547, 278.563

Protanopia

42, 6.052, 291.078

Deuteranopia

42, 8.547, 313.455



Tritanopia
42, 4.960, 276.920

Trichromacy



Original Color

42, 5.547, 278.563

Protanomaly

42, 6.059, 287.308

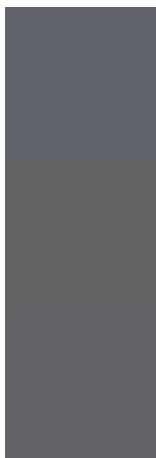
Deuteranomaly

42, 7.466, 303.630

Tritanomaly

42, 4.960, 276.920

Monochromacy



Original Color

42, 5.547, 278.563

Achromatopsia

42, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly

42, 1.856, 277.728

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 42, 5.547, 278.563 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(96, 99, 108)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(96, 99, 108)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(96, 99, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(96, 99, 108) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 42, 5.547, 278.563 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

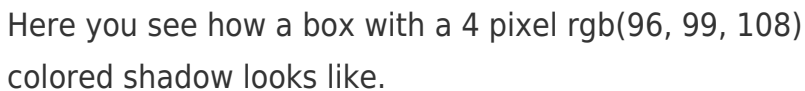
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(96, 99, 108) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(96, 99, 108) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(96, 99, 108)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(96, 99, 108); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 99, 108);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 99,  
108) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 42, 5.547, 278.563 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(96, 99, 108) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(96, 99,  
108) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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