

Converting Colors

CIELCh(42, 50.706, 353.781)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(42, 50.706, 353.781)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(42, 50.943, 353.533)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A9396E
RGB	169, 57, 110
RGB Percent	66%, 22%, 43%
CMY	0.3370, 0.7762, 0.5684
CMYK	0.00, 0.66, 0.35, 0.34
HSL	332°, 50%, 44%
HSV	332°, 66%, 66%
XYZ	20.6575, 12.5000, 16.0902
YIQ	96.5300, 49.7390, 40.2270

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

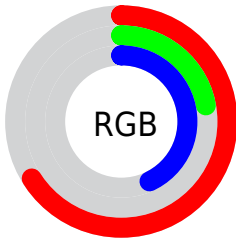
Format	Color
R_{YB}	169, 57, 110
Decimal	11090286
CIE _{Lab}	42.00, 50.62, -5.74
CIE _{LCh}	42, 50.943, 353.533
Yxy	12.5000, 0.4195, 0.2538
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289280366 (0xFFA9396E)
YUV	96.5300, 6.6407, 63.5562
Hunter-Lab	35.3553, 42.4224, -2.2341

Details

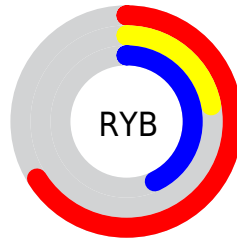
The CIELCh color **42, 50.943, 353.533** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993366**. A complement of this color would be **62, 47.750, 157.427**, and the grayscale version is **41, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **62, 50.960, 353.102**, and **23, 47.482, 354.951** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **39, 56.080, 355.932**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45, 44.484, 351.607**.

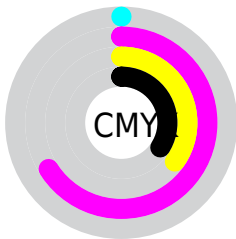
Distribution



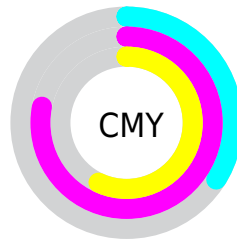
- Red (66%)
- Green (22%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (66%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Black (34%)





- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (78%)
- Yellow (57%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 42, 50.943, 353.533 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 42, 50.943, 353.533 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 42, 50.943,
353.533


 42, 50.943,
353.533


 100, 50.943,
353.533


 32, 50.943,
353.533

 62, 50.943,
353.533


 22, 50.943,
353.533

 72, 50.943,
353.533

 12, 50.943,
353.533

 82, 50.943,
353.533

 2, 50.943, 353.533

 92, 50.943,
353.533

 0, 50.943, 353.533

 42, 50.943,

 42, 50.943,

353.533

353.533

■ 39, 56.080,
355.932

■ 45, 44.484,
351.607

■ 38, 59.600,
358.957

■ 49, 37.113,
350.022

■ 36, 61.505, 2.742

■ 53, 29.209,
348.687

■ 36, 62.113, 4.241

■ 57, 21.075,
347.534

■ 62, 12.929,
346.514

■ 66, 4.911, 345.568

■ 71, 2.897, 164.957

■ 76, 10.452,
164.125

■ 81, 17.739,
163.432

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42, 50.943, 353.533



62, 47.750, 157.427

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42, 50.943, 353.533



42, 50.943, 43.533



42, 50.943, 173.533



42, 50.943, 223.533

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42, 50.940, 353.534



76, 19.752, 346.920



37, 68.700, 312.765



39, 13.487, 347.195



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42, 50.940, 353.534



50, 70.117, 357.106



41, 51.884, 29.783



33, 4.450, 345.856



31, 56.330, 3.696



2, 7.683, 348.970

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42, 50.940, 353.534



50, 70.117, 357.106



63, 31.404, 198.737



33, 4.450, 345.856



31, 56.330, 3.696



2, 7.683, 348.970

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 42, 50.943, 353.533 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

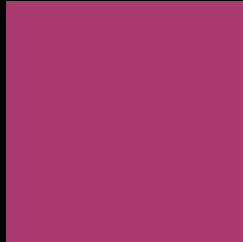
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 42, 50.943, 353.533 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

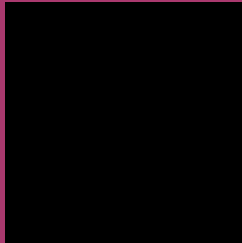
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 42, 50.943, 353.533

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 50.943, 353.533.

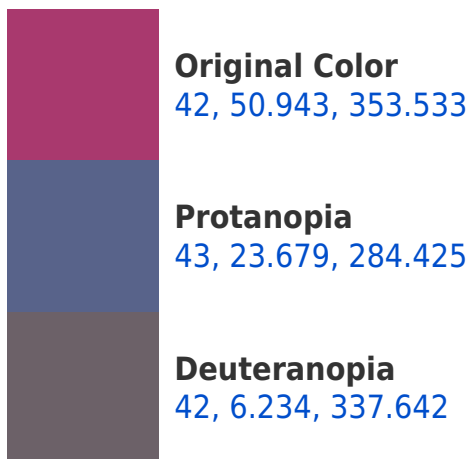


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 50.943, 353.533.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
42, 45.529, 23.788

Trichromacy



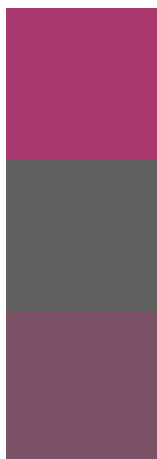
Original Color
42, 50.943, 353.533

Protanomaly
41, 29.475, 318.719

Deuteranomaly
41, 24.373, 347.081

Tritanomaly
42, 45.678, 12.196

Monochromacy



Original Color
42, 50.943, 353.533

Achromatopsia
41, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
40, 20.873, 347.362

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 42, 50.943, 353.533 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(169, 57, 110)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(169, 57, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(169, 57, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(169, 57, 110) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 42, 50.943, 353.533 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(169, 57, 110) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(169, 57, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(169, 57, 110)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(169, 57, 110); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 57, 110);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 57,  
110) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 42, 50.943, 353.533 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(169, 57, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(169, 57,  
110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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