

Converting Colors

CIELCh(42, 56.270, 305.920)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(42, 56.270, 305.920)
contains.

CIELCh(42, 56.509, 305.860)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(42, 56.509, 305.860)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6E52AF
RGB	110, 82, 175
RGB Percent	43%, 32%, 69%
CMY	0.5677, 0.6776, 0.3128
CMYK	0.37, 0.53, 0.00, 0.31
HSL	258°, 37%, 50%
HSV	258°, 53%, 69%
XYZ	17.2530, 12.5000, 42.1816
YIQ	100.9740, -13.1650, 34.8590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

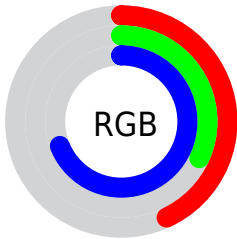
Format	Color
R_{YB}	110, 82, 175
Decimal	7230127
CIE _{Lab}	42.00, 33.10, -45.80
CIE _{LCh}	42, 56.509, 305.860
Yxy	12.5000, 0.2398, 0.1738
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285420207 (0xFF6E52AF)
YUV	100.9740, 36.4948, 7.9158
Hunter-Lab	35.3553, 25.2339, -45.9887

Details

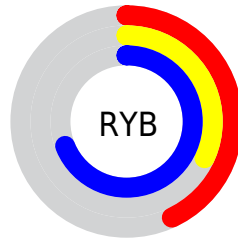
The CIELCh color `42, 56.509, 305.860` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `6666CC`. A complement of this color would be `68, 50.265, 118.937`, and the grayscale version is `43, 0.006, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `62, 56.553, 305.998`, and `22, 56.442, 305.641` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `37, 67.651, 306.769`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `47, 45.288, 304.955`.

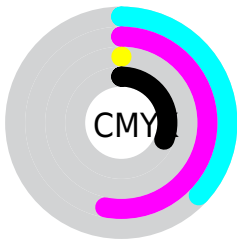
Distribution



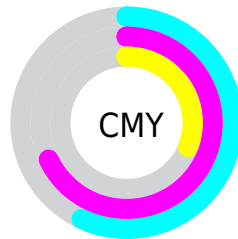
- Red (43%)
- Green (32%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (31%)





- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (68%)
- Yellow (31%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 42, 56.509, 305.860 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 42, 56.509, 305.860 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 42, 56.509,
305.860


 42, 56.509,
305.860


 100, 56.509,
305.860


 32, 56.509,
305.860

 62, 56.509,
305.860


 22, 56.509,
305.860

 72, 56.509,
305.860

 12, 56.509,
305.860

 82, 56.509,
305.860

 2, 56.509, 305.860

 92, 56.509,
305.860

 0, 56.509, 305.860

 42, 56.509,

 42, 56.509,

305.860

■ 37, 67.651,
306.769

■ 32, 78.242,
307.592

■ 28, 87.496,
308.190

■ 25, 94.383,
308.388

■ 23, 97.946,
308.378

305.860

■ 47, 45.288,
304.955

■ 53, 34.244,
304.102

■ 59, 23.495,
303.325

■ 64, 13.090,
302.630

■ 70, 3.040, 302.007

■ 75, 6.661, 121.494

■ 81, 16.026,
121.026

■ 87, 25.074,
120.624

■ 92, 33.822,
120.277

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42, 56.509, 305.860



68, 50.265, 118.937

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42, 56.509, 305.860



42, 56.509, 355.860



42, 56.509, 125.860



42, 56.509, 175.860

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42, 56.508, 305.860



79, 19.858, 302.842



58, 24.609, 238.594



41, 13.562, 302.981



96, 0.011, 296.813



48, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42, 56.508, 305.860



47, 84.739, 306.946



47, 58.701, 321.002



34, 5.578, 302.387



19, 87.415, 308.490



1, 11.533, 299.744

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49, 49.514, 338.479



58, 70.844, 339.713



65, 57.563, 135.732



34, 5.336, 334.929



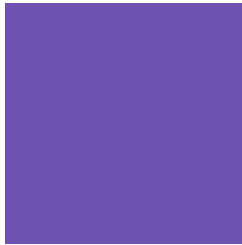
33, 62.412, 344.626



2, 10.487, 338.236

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 42, 56.509, 305.860 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

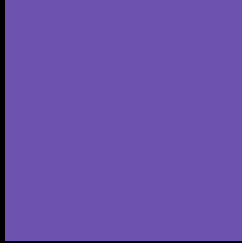
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 42, 56.509, 305.860 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

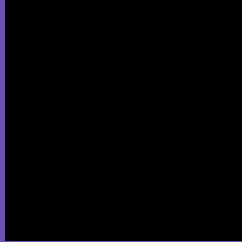
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 42, 56.509, 305.860

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 56.509, 305.860.

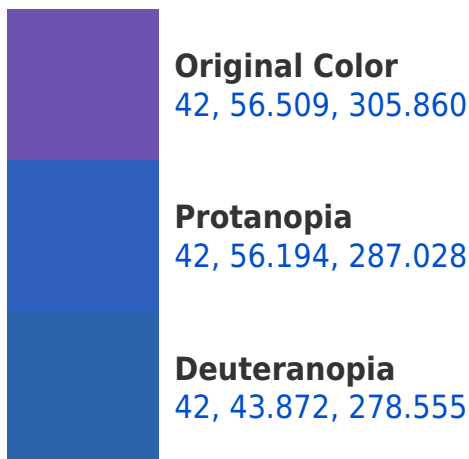



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 56.509, 305.860.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
42, 5.062, 272.546

Trichromacy



Original Color
42, 56.509, 305.860

Protanomaly
42, 56.013, 292.487

Deuteranomaly
42, 47.820, 288.389

Tritanomaly
42, 23.895, 300.505

Monochromacy



Original Color
42, 56.509, 305.860

Achromatopsia
43, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
42, 20.997, 303.286

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 42, 56.509, 305.860 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 82, 175)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 82, 175)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 82, 175) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 82, 175) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 42, 56.509, 305.860 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 82, 175) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 82, 175) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(110, 82, 175)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(110, 82, 175); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 82, 175);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 82,  
175) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 42, 56.509, 305.860 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 82, 175) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110, 82,  
175) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor