

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(42, 58.838, 141.059)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(42, 58.838, 141.059)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(42, 58.891, 141.105)**

# Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	027420
RGB	2, 116, 32
RGB Percent	1%, 45%, 13%
CMY	0.9927, 0.5469, 0.8762
CMYK	0.98, 0.00, 0.73, 0.55
HSL	136°, 97%, 23%
HSV	136°, 98%, 45%
XYZ	6.4710, 12.5000, 3.4069
YIQ	72.3380, -40.9800, -50.2920

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

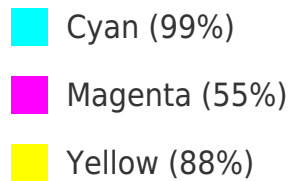
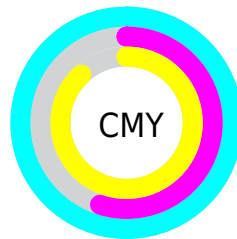
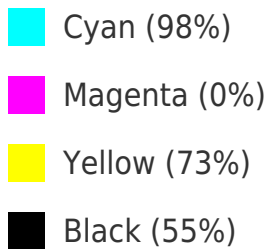
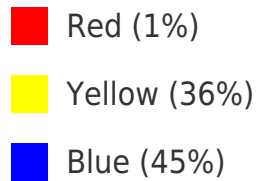
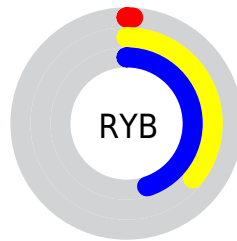
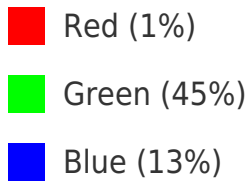
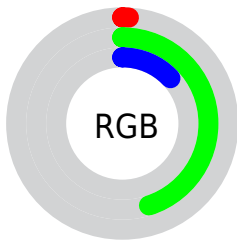
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">2, 92, 116</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">160800</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">42.00, -45.83, 36.98</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">42, 58.891, 141.105</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">12.5000, 0.2892, 0.5586</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4278350880</a> (0xFF027420)
YUV	<a href="#">72.3380, -19.8866, -61.6864</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">35.3553, -29.2012, 19.0355</a>

# Details

The CIELCh color **42, 58.891, 141.105** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006600**. A complement of this color would be **25, 52.919, 341.205**, and the grayscale version is **31, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **62, 58.844, 141.046**, and **23, 44.989, 136.570** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42, 59.473, 140.882**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **42, 55.032, 142.740**.

# Distribution





# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 42, 58.891, 141.105 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 42, 58.891, 141.105 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 42, 58.891,  
141.105


 42, 58.891,  
141.105


 100, 58.891,  
141.105


 32, 58.891,  
141.105

 62, 58.891,  
141.105


 22, 58.891,  
141.105

 72, 58.891,  
141.105

 12, 58.891,  
141.105

 82, 58.891,  
141.105

 2, 58.891, 141.105

 92, 58.891,  
141.105

 0, 58.891, 141.105


 42, 58.891,


 42, 58.891,

141.105


141.105


 42, 59.473,  
140.882


 42, 55.032,  
142.740


 42, 50.516,  
144.427


 43, 45.304,  
145.988

 43, 39.498,  
147.395

 44, 33.219,  
148.641

 45, 26.594,  
149.733

 46, 19.748,  
150.687

 47, 12.789,  
151.522



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42, 58.891, 141.105



25, 52.919, 341.205

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42, 58.891, 141.105



42, 58.891, 191.105



42, 58.891, 321.105



42, 58.891, 11.105

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42, 58.891, 141.105



58, 25.888, 150.471



45, 55.539, 116.787



30, 17.778, 150.157



82, 0.010, 296.813



33, 0.005, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42, 58.891, 141.105



54, 72.860, 140.356



43, 36.163, 167.264



24, 3.947, 152.218



44, 62.159, 140.754



86, 108.075, 139.673



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25, 52.919, 341.205



33, 64.073, 341.842



23, 48.762, 22.192



23, 3.963, 333.295



26, 55.360, 341.508

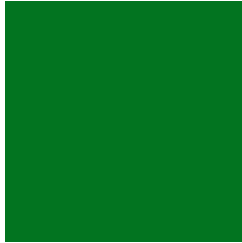


56, 92.958, 342.463



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 42, 58.891, 141.105 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

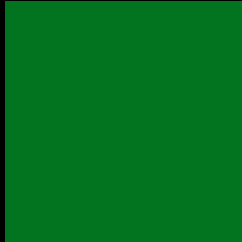
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 42, 58.891, 141.105 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

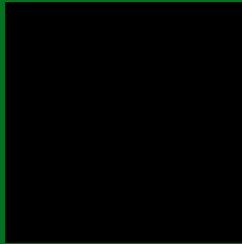
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 42, 58.891, 141.105**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 58.891, 141.105.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 58.891, 141.105.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

42, 58.951, 141.169

### Protanopia

42, 40.596, 95.615

### Deuteranopia

42, 35.111, 80.974





**Tritanopia**  
42, 20.006, 213.247

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 42, 58.891, 141.105 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(2, 116, 32)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(2, 116, 32)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(2, 116, 32) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(2, 116, 32) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 42, 58.891, 141.105 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(2, 116, 32) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(2, 116, 32) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(2, 116, 32) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(2, 116, 32); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 116, 32);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 116, 32)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 42, 58.891, 141.105 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:rgb(2, 116, 32) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:rgb(2, 116,  
32) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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