

Converting Colors

CIELCh(42, 6.306, 151.735)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(42, 6.306, 151.735) contains.

CIELCh(42, 6.691, 152.539)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(42, 6.691, 152.539)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5B665E
RGB	91, 102, 94
RGB Percent	36%, 40%, 37%
CMY	0.6436, 0.6005, 0.6319
CMYK	0.11, 0.00, 0.08, 0.60
HSL	136°, 6%, 38%
HSV	136°, 11%, 40%
XYZ	11.0544, 12.5000, 12.3890
YIQ	97.7990, -3.9880, -4.8200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

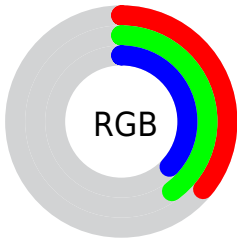
Format	Color
R_{YB}	91, 100, 102
Decimal	5989982
CIE _{Lab}	42.00, -5.94, 3.09
CIE _{LCh}	42, 6.691, 152.539
Yxy	12.5000, 0.3075, 0.3478
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284180062 (0xFF5B665E)
YUV	97.7990, -1.8729, -5.9627
Hunter-Lab	35.3553, -6.0612, 3.9727

Details

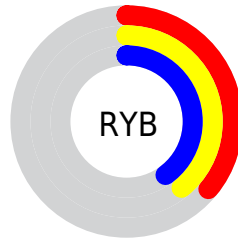
The CIELCh color $42, 6.691, 152.539$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $40, 6.723, 333.849$, and the grayscale version is $41, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $62, 6.890, 151.867$, and $22, 6.628, 153.176$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $41, 12.931, 151.783$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $43, 0.487, 153.572$.

Distribution



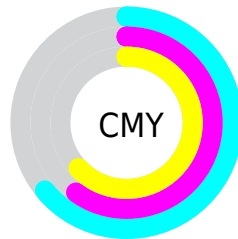
- Red (36%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (37%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (60%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (63%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 42, 6.691, 152.539 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 42, 6.691, 152.539 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 42, 6.691, 152.539

■ 42, 6.691, 152.539

■ 100, 6.691,
152.539

■ 32, 6.691, 152.539

■ 62, 6.691, 152.539

■ 22, 6.691, 152.539

■ 72, 6.691, 152.539

■ 12, 6.691, 152.539

■ 82, 6.691, 152.539

■ 2, 6.691, 152.539

■ 92, 6.691, 152.539

■ 0, 6.691, 152.539

■ 42, 6.691, 152.539

■ 42, 6.691, 152.539

■ 41, 12.931,
151.783

■ 43, 0.487, 153.572

■ 40, 19.136,

■ 44, 5.632, 333.696

150.933

45, 11.628,
334.224

39, 25.224,
149.963

47, 17.475,
334.686

39, 31.096,
148.855

48, 23.157,
335.099

38, 36.646,
147.595

49, 28.666,
335.472

38, 41.765,
146.177

51, 34.000,
335.810

37, 46.354,
144.606

53, 39.160,
336.120

37, 50.330,
142.912

54, 44.152,
336.404

37, 53.597,
141.523

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42, 6.691, 152.539



40, 6.723, 333.849

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42, 6.691, 152.539



42, 6.691, 202.539



42, 6.691, 332.539



42, 6.691, 22.539

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42, 6.692, 152.538



55, 2.295, 153.122



43, 6.722, 119.938



28, 1.727, 153.061



78, 0.009, 296.813



28, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42, 6.692, 152.538



54, 10.018, 152.350



42, 4.767, 179.887



21, 3.479, 152.672



42, 58.708, 141.228



84, 104.731, 140.010

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40, 6.723, 333.849



51, 10.068, 334.021



40, 4.943, 1.648



20, 3.494, 333.724



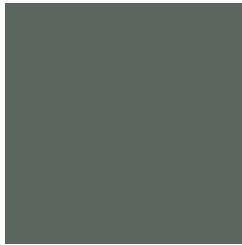
25, 52.525, 342.138



54, 90.114, 343.247

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 42, 6.691, 152.539 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 42, 6.691, 152.539 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

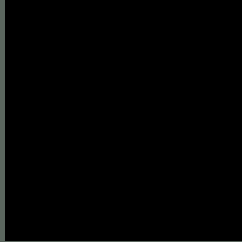
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

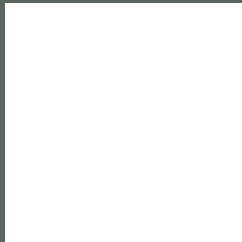
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 42, 6.691, 152.539

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 6.691, 152.539.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 6.691, 152.539.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

42, 6.691, 152.539

Protanopia

42, 4.395, 92.551

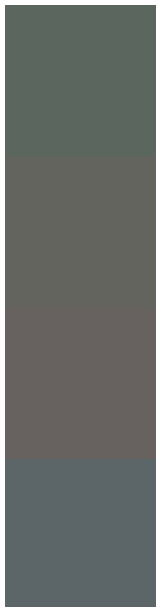
Deuteranopia

42, 6.032, 25.831



Tritanopia
42, 5.512, 260.771

Trichromacy



Original Color
42, 6.691, 152.539

Protanomaly
42, 4.303, 120.891

Deuteranomaly
42, 2.776, 60.063

Tritanomaly
42, 3.793, 217.680

Monochromacy



Original Color
42, 6.691, 152.539

Achromatopsia
42, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
42, 2.475, 152.173

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 42, 6.691, 152.539 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(91, 102, 94)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(91, 102, 94)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(91, 102, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(91, 102, 94) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 42, 6.691, 152.539 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(91, 102, 94) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(91, 102, 94) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(91, 102, 94)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(91, 102, 94); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 102, 94);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 102,  
94) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 42, 6.691, 152.539 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(91, 102, 94) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(91, 102,  
94) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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