

Converting Colors

CIELCh(42, 6.424, 89.529)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(42, 6.424, 89.529) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(42, 6.386, 89.411)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	686359
RGB	104, 99, 89
RGB Percent	41%, 39%, 35%
CMY	0.5935, 0.6131, 0.6522
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.14, 0.59
HSL	40°, 8%, 38%
HSV	40°, 14%, 41%
XYZ	11.8902, 12.5000, 11.1660
YIQ	99.3550, 6.1900, -2.0500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

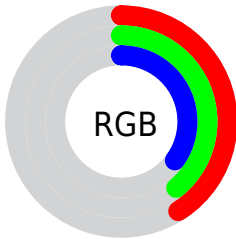
Format	Color
R _Y B	97, 104, 89
Decimal	6841177
CIE Lab	42.00, 0.07, 6.39
CIE LCh	42, 6.386, 89.411
Yxy	12.5000, 0.3344, 0.3516
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285031257 (0xFF686359)
YUV	99.3550, -5.1050, 4.0737
Hunter-Lab	35.3553, -1.8411, 6.0237

Details

The CIELCh color $42, 6.386, 89.411$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $40, 6.374, 272.994$, and the grayscale version is $42, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $62, 6.447, 91.487$, and $22, 6.317, 90.677$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $41, 10.914, 88.213$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $43, 1.946, 90.551$.

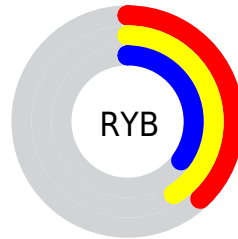
Distribution



Red (41%)

Green (39%)

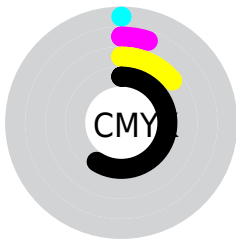
Blue (35%)



Red (38%)

Yellow (41%)

Blue (35%)

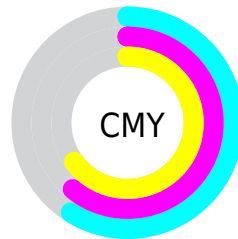


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (14%)

Black (59%)



Cyan (59%)

Magenta (61%)

Yellow (65%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 42, 6.386, 89.411 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 42, 6.386, 89.411 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 42, 6.386, 89.411 ■ 42, 6.386, 89.411

■ 100, 6.386, 89.411 ■ 32, 6.386, 89.411

■ 62, 6.386, 89.411 ■ 22, 6.386, 89.411

■ 72, 6.386, 89.411 ■ 12, 6.386, 89.411

■ 82, 6.386, 89.411 ■ 2, 6.386, 89.411

■ 92, 6.386, 89.411 ■ 0, 6.386, 89.411

■ 42, 6.386, 89.411 ■ 42, 6.386, 89.411

■ 41, 10.914, 88.213 ■ 43, 1.946, 90.551

■ 40, 15.520, 86.961 ■ 45, 2.406, 271.829

■ 38, 20.180, 85.673 ■ 46, 6.673, 272.885

37, 24.848, 84.347

47, 10.860,
273.926

36, 29.434, 82.971

49, 14.972,
274.925

35, 33.776, 81.516

34, 37.607, 79.919

50, 19.014,
275.878

33, 40.718, 78.140

51, 22.992,
276.785

32, 42.663, 77.305

53, 26.911,
277.647

54, 30.776,
278.464

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42, 6.386, 89.411



40, 6.374, 272.994

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42, 6.386, 89.411



42, 6.386, 139.411



42, 6.386, 269.411



42, 6.386, 319.411

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42, 6.387, 89.423



56, 2.169, 90.584



39, 7.083, 354.965



29, 1.555, 90.525



79, 0.010, 296.813



29, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42, 6.387, 89.423



54, 9.366, 89.062



43, 9.020, 115.728



21, 2.432, 90.069



36, 45.830, 76.958



73, 79.370, 75.126

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40, 6.374, 272.994



50, 9.337, 273.424



38, 9.291, 297.769



20, 2.433, 272.260



19, 51.891, 295.001



42, 95.810, 297.232

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 42, 6.386, 89.411 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 42, 6.386, 89.411 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

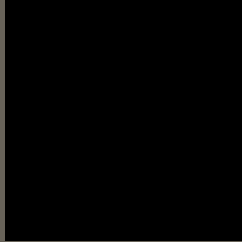
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

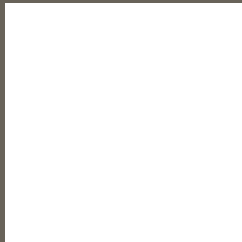
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 42, 6.386, 89.411

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 6.386, 89.411.

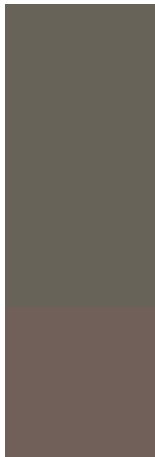


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 6.386, 89.411.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

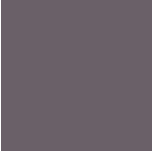
42, 6.386, 89.411

Protanopia

42, 6.253, 93.179

Deuteranopia

42, 8.217, 50.808



Tritanopia
42, 6.387, 331.049

Trichromacy



Original Color
42, 6.386, 89.411

Protanomaly
42, 6.253, 93.179

Deuteranomaly
42, 7.135, 62.104

Tritanomaly
42, 3.426, 9.645

Monochromacy



Original Color
42, 6.386, 89.411

Achromatopsia
42, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
42, 2.543, 90.384

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 42, 6.386, 89.411 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(104, 99, 89)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(104, 99, 89)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(104, 99, 89) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(104, 99, 89) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 42, 6.386, 89.411 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(104, 99, 89) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(104, 99, 89) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(104, 99, 89) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(104, 99, 89); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 99, 89);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 99,  
89) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 42, 6.386, 89.411 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(104, 99, 89) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(104, 99,  
89) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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