

Converting Colors

CIELCh(42, 6.850, 200.937)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(42, 6.850, 200.937) contains.

CIELCh(42, 6.732, 203.813)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(42, 6.732, 203.813)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	556667
RGB	85, 102, 103
RGB Percent	33%, 40%, 40%
CMY	0.6654, 0.5987, 0.5948
CMYK	0.17, 0.01, 0.00, 0.59
HSL	183°, 10%, 37%
HSV	183°, 17%, 41%
XYZ	11.0243, 12.5000, 14.7506
YIQ	97.0310, -10.4530, -3.2930

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

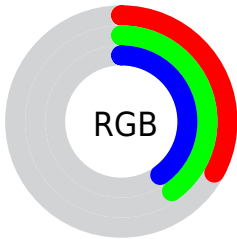
Format	Color
R_{YB}	85, 94, 103
Decimal	5596775
CIE Lab	42.00, -6.16, -2.72
CIE LCh	42, 6.732, 203.813
Yxy	12.5000, 0.2880, 0.3266
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283786855 (0xFF556667)
YUV	97.0310, 2.9427, -10.5512
Hunter-Lab	35.3553, -6.2132, 0.0123

Details

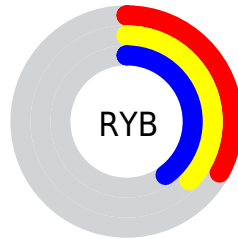
The CIELCh color **42, 6.732, 203.813** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **38, 7.503, 25.053**, and the grayscale version is **41, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **62, 6.713, 203.672**, and **22, 6.804, 203.911** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41, 10.268, 203.563**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **43, 2.944, 204.159**.

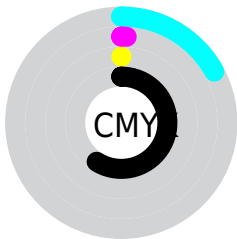
Distribution



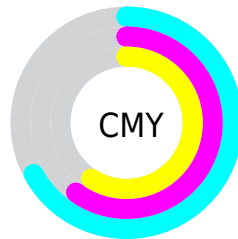
- Red (33%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (59%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 42, 6.732, 203.813 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 42, 6.732, 203.813 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 42, 6.732, 203.813

■ 42, 6.732, 203.813

■ 100, 6.732,
203.813

■ 32, 6.732, 203.813

■ 62, 6.732, 203.813

■ 22, 6.732, 203.813

■ 72, 6.732, 203.813

■ 12, 6.732, 203.813

■ 82, 6.732, 203.813

■ 2, 6.732, 203.813

■ 92, 6.732, 203.813

■ 0, 6.732, 203.813

■ 42, 6.732, 203.813

■ 42, 6.732, 203.813

■ 41, 10.268,
203.563

■ 43, 2.944, 204.159

■ 40, 13.495,

■ 44, 1.042, 24.053

203.410

45, 5.179, 24.698

40, 16.354,
203.353

46, 9.423, 25.141

39, 18.792,
203.408

48, 13.741, 25.587

38, 20.768,
203.590

49, 18.104, 26.043

38, 22.256,
203.914

52, 26.875, 26.971

38, 23.255,
204.395

53, 31.253, 27.436

37, 23.908,
204.989

37, 24.074,
205.137

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42, 6.732, 203.813



38, 7.503, 25.053

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42, 6.732, 203.813



42, 6.732, 253.813



42, 6.732, 23.813



42, 6.732, 73.813

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42, 6.732, 203.805



56, 2.484, 204.284



42, 12.860, 144.784



29, 1.706, 204.252



79, 0.010, 296.813



29, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42, 6.732, 203.805



54, 9.989, 203.693



39, 6.771, 262.972



21, 2.194, 204.094



41, 25.912, 205.251



83, 44.769, 205.836

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39, 12.828, 326.871



49, 19.289, 327.096



41, 6.971, 78.531



20, 4.073, 326.407



26, 61.484, 330.466



57, 106.355, 330.610

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 42, 6.732, 203.813 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 42, 6.732, 203.813 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

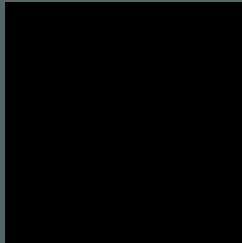
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

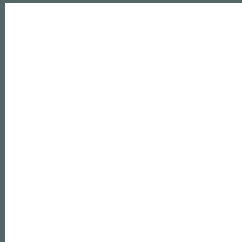
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 42, 6.732, 203.813

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 6.732, 203.813.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 6.732, 203.813.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

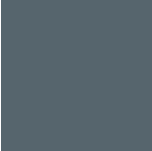
42, 6.732, 203.813

Protanopia

42, 2.007, 314.731

Deuteranopia

42, 6.852, 327.758



Tritanopia
42, 7.436, 239.652

Trichromacy



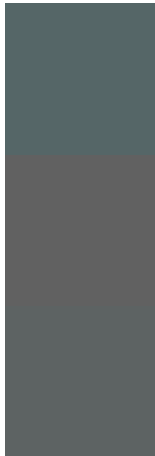
Original Color
42, 6.732, 203.813

Protanomaly
42, 2.347, 230.347

Deuteranomaly
42, 3.634, 290.728

Tritanomaly
42, 6.790, 231.276

Monochromacy



Original Color
42, 6.732, 203.813

Achromatopsia
41, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
41, 2.458, 199.228

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 42, 6.732, 203.813 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(85, 102, 103)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(85, 102, 103)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(85, 102, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(85, 102, 103) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 42, 6.732, 203.813 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(85, 102, 103) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(85, 102, 103) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(85, 102, 103)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(85, 102, 103); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 102, 103);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 102,  
103) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 42, 6.732, 203.813 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(85, 102, 103) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(85, 102,  
103) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor