

Converting Colors

CIELCh(42, 6.855, 330.906)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(42, 6.855, 330.906) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(42, 7.108, 330.467)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6B6069
RGB	107, 96, 105
RGB Percent	42%, 38%, 41%
CMY	0.5806, 0.6237, 0.5884
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.02, 0.58
HSL	311°, 5%, 40%
HSV	311°, 10%, 42%
XYZ	12.7846, 12.5000, 15.0917
YIQ	100.3150, 3.6670, 5.1310

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

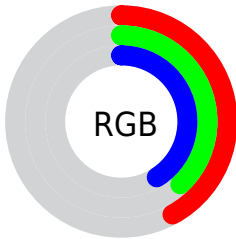
Format	Color
R_{YB}	107, 96, 105
Decimal	7037033
CIE _{Lab}	42.00, 6.18, -3.50
CIE _{LCh}	42, 7.108, 330.467
Yxy	12.5000, 0.3166, 0.3096
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285227113 (0xFF6B6069)
YUV	100.3150, 2.3097, 5.8627
Hunter-Lab	35.3553, 2.6743, -0.5596

Details

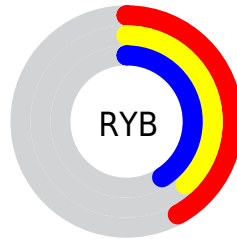
The CIELCh color $42, 7.108, 330.467$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $44, 7.086, 149.306$, and the grayscale version is $42, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $62, 6.613, 330.278$, and $22, 7.058, 331.412$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $39, 14.083, 331.077$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $45, 0.198, 328.947$.

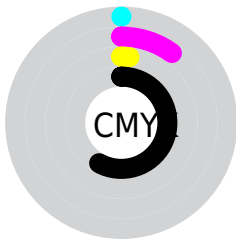
Distribution



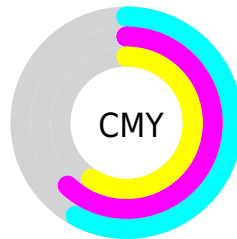
- Red (42%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (58%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 42, 7.108, 330.467 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 42, 7.108, 330.467 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 42, 7.108, 330.467

■ 42, 7.108, 330.467

■ 100, 7.108,
330.467

■ 32, 7.108, 330.467

■ 62, 7.108, 330.467

■ 22, 7.108, 330.467

■ 72, 7.108, 330.467

■ 12, 7.108, 330.467

■ 82, 7.108, 330.467

■ 2, 7.108, 330.467

■ 92, 7.108, 330.467

■ 0, 7.108, 330.467

■ 42, 7.108, 330.467

■ 42, 7.108, 330.467

■ 39, 14.083,
331.077

■ 45, 0.198, 328.947

■ 36, 21.033,

■ 48, 6.583, 149.396

331.694

52, 13.201,
148.851

33, 27.820,
332.324

55, 19.638,
148.341

31, 34.257,
332.967

58, 25.888,
147.858

28, 40.107,
333.626

61, 31.952,
147.400

27, 45.095,
334.306

65, 37.835,
146.968

25, 48.954,
335.020

68, 43.547,
146.560

24, 51.484,
335.789

71, 49.096,
146.176

23, 53.287,
336.555

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42, 7.108, 330.467



44, 7.086, 149.306

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42, 7.108, 330.467



42, 7.108, 20.467



42, 7.108, 150.467



42, 7.108, 200.467

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42, 7.107, 330.468



57, 2.580, 329.988



41, 6.729, 297.442



29, 1.971, 330.045



80, 0.010, 296.813



30, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42, 7.107, 330.468



54, 10.373, 330.594



42, 5.131, 354.549



21, 3.885, 330.387



26, 56.825, 336.658



56, 97.027, 337.259

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42, 7.107, 330.468



54, 10.373, 330.594



44, 5.005, 172.861



21, 3.885, 330.387



26, 56.825, 336.658



56, 97.027, 337.259

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 42, 7.108, 330.467 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 42, 7.108, 330.467 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

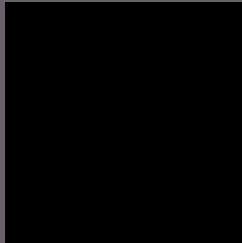
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 42, 7.108, 330.467

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 7.108, 330.467.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 7.108, 330.467.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

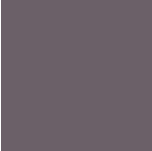
42, 7.108, 330.467

Protanopia

42, 4.835, 290.897

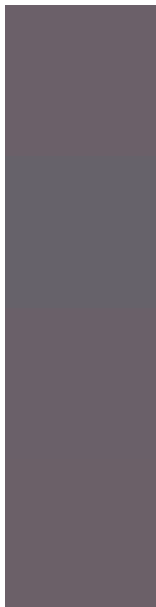
Deuteranopia

42, 6.852, 327.758



Tritanopia
42, 6.663, 333.819

Trichromacy



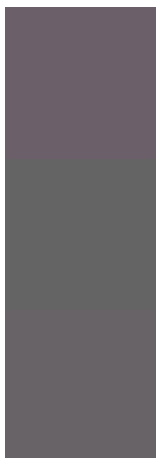
Original Color
42, 7.108, 330.467

Protanomaly
42, 5.125, 309.368

Deuteranomaly
42, 6.852, 327.758

Tritanomaly
42, 6.663, 333.819

Monochromacy



Original Color
42, 7.108, 330.467

Achromatopsia
42, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
42, 2.469, 332.493

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 42, 7.108, 330.467 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(107, 96, 105)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(107, 96, 105)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 96, 105) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(107, 96, 105) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 42, 7.108, 330.467 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(107, 96, 105) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(107, 96, 105) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(107, 96, 105)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(107, 96, 105); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 96, 105);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 96,  
105) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 42, 7.108, 330.467 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(107, 96, 105) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(107, 96,  
105) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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