

Converting Colors

CIELCh(42, 8.195, 202.709)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(42, 8.195, 202.709) contains.

CIELCh(42, 8.204, 202.703)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(42, 8.204, 202.703)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	526768
RGB	82, 103, 104
RGB Percent	32%, 40%, 41%
CMY	0.6783, 0.5960, 0.5921
CMYK	0.21, 0.01, 0.00, 0.59
HSL	183°, 12%, 36%
HSV	183°, 21%, 41%
XYZ	10.8342, 12.5000, 14.9446
YIQ	96.8350, -12.8370, -4.1410

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

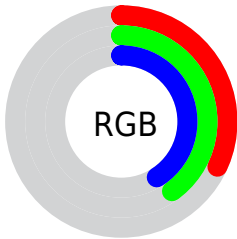
Format	Color
R_{YB}	82, 93, 104
Decimal	5400424
CIE _{Lab}	42.00, -7.57, -3.17
CIE _{LCh}	42, 8.204, 202.703
Yxy	12.5000, 0.2830, 0.3266
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283590504 (0xFF526768)
YUV	96.8350, 3.5323, -13.0103
Hunter-Lab	35.3553, -7.1728, -0.3130

Details

The CIELCh color **42, 8.204, 202.703** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **37, 9.374, 24.445**, and the grayscale version is **41, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **62, 8.131, 202.695**, and **22, 8.289, 202.627** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41, 11.685, 202.442**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **43, 4.447, 203.039**.

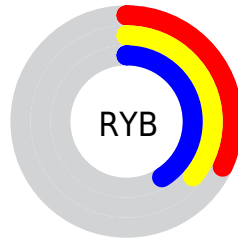
Distribution



Red (32%)

Green (40%)

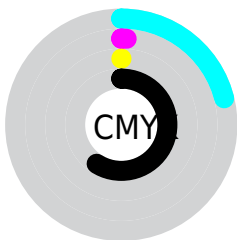
Blue (41%)



Red (32%)

Yellow (36%)

Blue (41%)

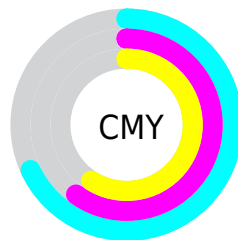


Cyan (21%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (59%)



Cyan (68%)

Magenta (60%)

Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 42, 8.204, 202.703 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 42, 8.204, 202.703 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 42, 8.204, 202.703

■ 42, 8.204, 202.703

■ 100, 8.204,
202.703

■ 32, 8.204, 202.703

■ 62, 8.204, 202.703

■ 22, 8.204, 202.703

■ 72, 8.204, 202.703

■ 12, 8.204, 202.703

■ 82, 8.204, 202.703

■ 2, 8.204, 202.703

■ 92, 8.204, 202.703

■ 0, 8.204, 202.703

■ 42, 8.204, 202.703

■ 42, 8.204, 202.703

■ 41, 11.685,
202.442

■ 43, 4.447, 203.039

■ 40, 14.828,

■ 44, 0.468, 204.057

202.270

45, 3.680, 23.627

40, 17.579,
202.191

46, 7.951, 24.109

39, 19.886,
202.217

47, 12.308, 24.581

39, 21.712,
202.361

49, 16.718, 25.060

38, 23.042,
202.634

50, 21.157, 25.546

38, 23.886,
203.047

51, 25.604, 26.035

38, 24.466,
203.451

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42, 8.204, 202.703



37, 9.374, 24.445

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42, 8.204, 202.703



42, 8.204, 252.703



42, 8.204, 22.703



42, 8.204, 72.703

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42, 8.204, 202.696



56, 3.003, 203.273



42, 15.890, 144.062



29, 2.005, 203.248



79, 0.010, 296.813



29, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42, 8.204, 202.696



53, 11.851, 202.570



39, 8.123, 261.845



21, 2.215, 203.134



42, 26.213, 203.536



84, 45.312, 204.001

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38, 15.774, 326.781



47, 23.124, 327.022



40, 8.467, 76.409



20, 4.101, 326.120



26, 61.952, 330.041



57, 107.214, 330.156

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 42, 8.204, 202.703 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 42, 8.204, 202.703 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

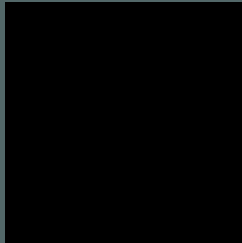
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 42, 8.204, 202.703

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 8.204, 202.703.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 8.204, 202.703.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

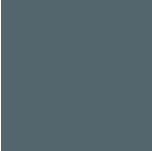
42, 8.204, 202.703

Protanopia

42, 2.007, 314.731

Deuteranopia

42, 6.612, 324.858



Tritanopia
42, 8.580, 233.179

Trichromacy



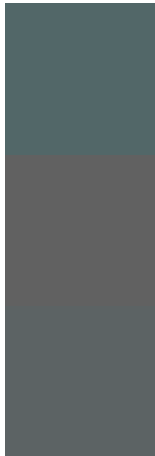
Original Color
42, 8.204, 202.703

Protanomaly
42, 3.059, 222.507

Deuteranomaly
42, 3.703, 278.135

Tritanomaly
42, 8.059, 225.532

Monochromacy



Original Color
42, 8.204, 202.703

Achromatopsia
41, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
41, 2.902, 211.235

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 42, 8.204, 202.703 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(82, 103, 104)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(82, 103, 104)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 103, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(82, 103, 104) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 42, 8.204, 202.703 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(82, 103, 104) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(82, 103, 104) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(82, 103, 104)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(82, 103, 104); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 103, 104);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 103,  
104) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 42, 8.204, 202.703 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(82, 103, 104) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(82, 103,  
104) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor