

Converting Colors

CIELCh(42, 87.467, 328.246)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(42, 87.467, 328.246)
contains.

CIELCh(42, 87.651, 328.224)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(42, 87.651, 328.224)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B101B1
RGB	177, 1, 177
RGB Percent	69%, 0%, 69%
CMY	0.3070, 0.9956, 0.3070
CMYK	0.00, 0.99, 0.00, 0.31
HSL	300°, 99%, 35%
HSV	300°, 99%, 69%
XYZ	25.9852, 12.5000, 42.4941
YIQ	73.6880, 48.4000, 92.0480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

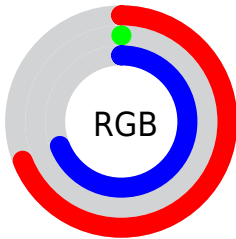
Format	Color
R_{YB}	177, 1, 177
Decimal	11600305
CIE _{Lab}	42.00, 74.51, -46.16
CIE _{LCh}	42, 87.651, 328.224
Yxy	12.5000, 0.3209, 0.1544
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289790385 (0xFFB101B1)
YUV	73.6880, 50.9328, 90.6046
Hunter-Lab	35.3553, 69.3207, -46.5128

Details

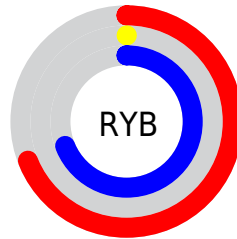
The CIELCh color $42, 87.651, 328.224$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `CC33CC`. A complement of this color would be $63, 90.818, 136.042$, and the grayscale version is $31, 0.005, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $62, 87.633, 328.208$, and $28, 67.889, 326.700$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $42, 87.775, 328.229$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $43, 85.422, 328.137$.

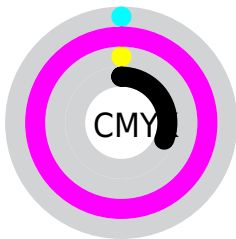
Distribution



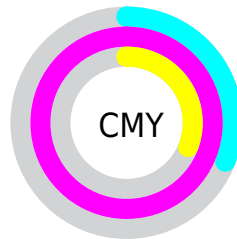
- Red (69%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (31%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 42, 87.651, 328.224 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 42, 87.651, 328.224 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 42, 87.651,
328.224

 42, 87.651,
328.224


 100, 87.651,
328.224

 32, 87.651,
328.224

 62, 87.651,
328.224


 22, 87.651,
328.224

 72, 87.651,
328.224

 12, 87.651,
328.224

 82, 87.651,
328.224

 2, 87.651, 328.224

 92, 87.651,
328.224

 0, 87.651, 328.224

 42, 87.651,

 42, 87.651,

328.224

328.224

■ 42, 87.775,
328.229

■ 43, 85.422,
328.137

■ 44, 81.334,
327.976

■ 46, 75.080,
327.726

■ 48, 66.887,
327.390

■ 51, 57.153,
326.982

■ 55, 46.326,
326.516

■ 59, 34.824,
326.009

■ 63, 22.987,
325.476

■ 68, 11.075,
324.924

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42, 87.651, 328.224



63, 90.818, 136.042

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42, 87.651, 328.224



42, 87.651, 18.224



42, 87.651, 148.224



42, 87.651, 198.224

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42, 87.649, 328.224



75, 43.973, 326.069



21, 100.532, 306.017



37, 29.893, 326.280



96, 0.011, 296.813



48, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42, 87.649, 328.224



54, 106.718, 328.229



38, 64.504, 0.050



35, 6.750, 324.922



36, 78.927, 328.229



3, 16.261, 324.436

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37, 79.005, 39.770



48, 96.564, 39.997



63, 68.413, 148.533



35, 3.911, 19.905



31, 70.927, 39.523



2, 9.156, 19.399

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 42, 87.651, 328.224 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

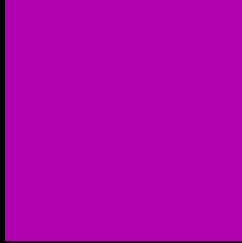
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 42, 87.651, 328.224 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

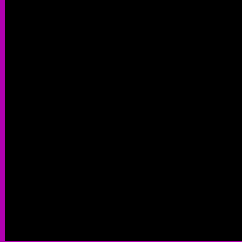
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 42, 87.651, 328.224

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 87.651, 328.224.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 42, 87.651, 328.224.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

42, 87.764, 328.228

Protanopia

43, 65.566, 286.929

Deuteranopia

43, 39.274, 279.326



Tritanopia
43, 44.012, 23.200

Trichromacy



Original Color
42, 87.764, 328.228



Protanomaly
35, 80.960, 301.405



Deuteranomaly
37, 64.539, 308.246



Tritanomaly
40, 56.667, 351.168

Monochromacy



Original Color
42, 87.764, 328.228



Achromatopsia
31, 0.005, 296.813



Achromatomaly
31, 44.965, 327.233

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 42, 87.651, 328.224 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(177, 1, 177)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(177, 1, 177)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(177, 1, 177) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(177, 1, 177) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 42, 87.651, 328.224 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(177, 1, 177) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(177, 1, 177) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(177, 1, 177)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(177, 1, 177); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 1, 177);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 1,  
177) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 42, 87.651, 328.224 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(177, 1, 177) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(177, 1,  
177) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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