

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(43, 1.021, 165.795)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(43, 1.021, 165.795) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(43, 1.024, 163.745)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	646665
RGB	100, 102, 101
RGB Percent	39%, 40%, 40%
CMY	0.6078, 0.5999, 0.6038
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.01, 0.60
HSL	150°, 1%, 40%
HSV	150°, 2%, 40%
XYZ	12.3616, 13.1578, 14.2058
YIQ	101.2880, -0.8710, -0.7350

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

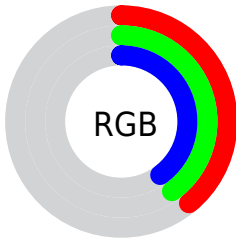
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	100, 101, 102
Decimal	6579813
CIE Lab	43.00, -0.98, 0.29
CIE LCh	43, 1.024, 163.745
Yxy	13.1578, 0.3112, 0.3312
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284769893 (0xFF646665)
YUV	101.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296
Hunter-Lab	36.2736, -2.6483, 2.1719

# Details

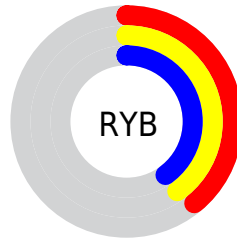
The CIELCh color  $43, 1.024, 163.745$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $666666$ . A complement of this color would be  $43, 1.036, 343.537$ , and the grayscale version is  $43, 0.006, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $63, 0.950, 163.897$ , and  $23, 1.138, 163.544$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $42, 6.279, 162.722$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $44, 4.201, 344.146$ .

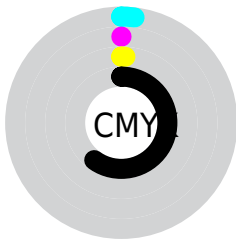
# Distribution



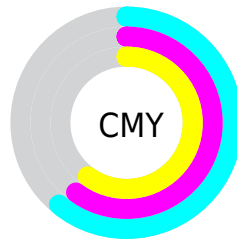
- Red (39%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (60%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (60%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 43, 1.024, 163.745 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 43, 1.024, 163.745 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 43, 1.024, 163.745

■ 43, 1.024, 163.745

■ 100, 1.024,  
163.745

■ 33, 1.024, 163.745

■ 63, 1.024, 163.745

■ 23, 1.024, 163.745

■ 73, 1.024, 163.745

■ 13, 1.024, 163.745

■ 83, 1.024, 163.745

■ 3, 1.024, 163.745

■ 93, 1.024, 163.745

■ 0, 1.024, 163.745

■ 43, 1.024, 163.745

■ 43, 1.024, 163.745

■ 42, 6.279, 162.722

■ 44, 4.201, 344.146

■ 41, 11.510,  
161.828

■ 45, 9.363, 344.848

40, 16.657,  
160.848

46, 14.431,  
345.478

40, 21.651,  
159.757

48, 19.387,  
346.060

39, 26.412,  
158.535

49, 24.217,  
346.603

39, 30.864,  
157.159

50, 28.915,  
347.114

38, 34.935,  
155.612

52, 33.477,  
347.596

38, 38.572,  
153.880

53, 37.906,  
348.052

38, 41.758,  
151.969

55, 42.203,  
348.486

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43, 1.024, 163.745



43, 1.036, 343.537

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43, 1.024, 163.745



43, 1.024, 213.745



43, 1.024, 343.745



43, 1.024, 33.745

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43, 1.025, 163.721



55, 0.645, 164.013



43, 1.267, 128.458



28, 0.364, 164.065



78, 0.009, 296.813



28, 0.004, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43, 1.025, 163.721



55, 1.296, 163.702



43, 0.823, 198.317



21, 0.586, 163.759



42, 48.358, 150.183



85, 86.445, 148.699





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43, 1.036, 343.537



55, 1.309, 343.555



43, 0.834, 17.732



21, 0.592, 343.499



23, 47.197, 0.013



52, 81.423, 2.769



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 43, 1.024, 163.745 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 43, 1.024, 163.745 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

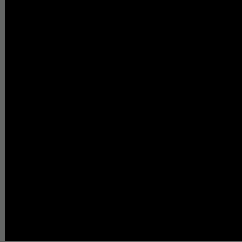
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

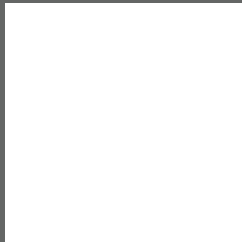
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 43, 1.024, 163.745**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 43, 1.024, 163.745.

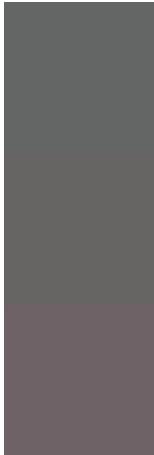


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 43, 1.024, 163.745.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color


43, 1.024, 163.745

### Protanopia

43, 1.019, 55.187

### Deuteranopia

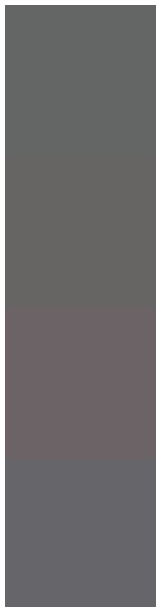
43, 5.962, 356.442



**Tritanopia**  
43, 4.818, 290.885



# Trichromacy



## Original Color

43, 1.024, 163.745

## Protanomaly

43, 0.722, 74.887

## Deuteranomaly

43, 3.804, 351.544

## Tritanomaly

43, 3.013, 290.629

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

43, 1.024, 163.745

## Achromatopsia

43, 0.006, 296.813

## Achromatomaly

43, 0.006, 296.813

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 43, 1.024, 163.745 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(100, 102, 101)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(100, 102, 101)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(100, 102, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(100, 102, 101) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 43, 1.024, 163.745 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(100, 102, 101) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(100, 102, 101) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(100, 102, 101)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(100, 102, 101); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 102, 101);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 102,  
101) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 43, 1.024, 163.745 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(100, 102, 101) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(100,  
102, 101) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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