

Converting Colors

CIELCh(43, 1.812, 290.464)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(43, 1.812, 290.464) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(43, 1.810, 290.463)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	656568
RGB	101, 101, 104
RGB Percent	40%, 40%, 41%
CMY	0.6027, 0.6027, 0.5909
CMYK	0.03, 0.03, 0.00, 0.59
HSL	240°, 1%, 40%
HSV	240°, 3%, 41%
XYZ	12.5996, 13.1578, 15.0551
YIQ	101.3420, -0.9630, 0.9330

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

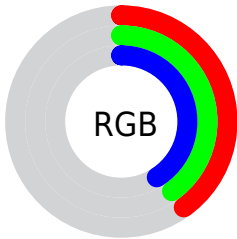
Format	Color
R _Y B	101, 101, 104
Decimal	6645096
CIE Lab	43.00, 0.63, -1.70
CIE LCh	43, 1.810, 290.463
Yxy	13.1578, 0.3087, 0.3224
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284835176 (0xFF656568)
YUV	101.3420, 1.3104, -0.2999
Hunter-Lab	36.2736, -1.4769, 0.7837

Details

The CIELCh color **43, 1.810, 290.463** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **44, 1.787, 109.875**, and the grayscale version is **43, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **63, 1.684, 290.392**, and **23, 2.008, 290.635** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **39, 8.228, 291.434**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **47, 4.376, 109.542**.

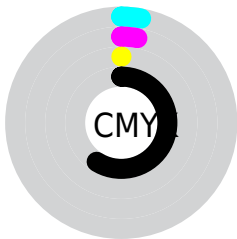
Distribution



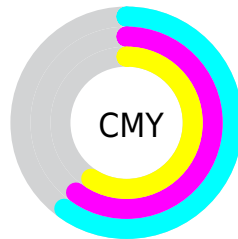
- Red (40%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (59%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 43, 1.810, 290.463 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 43, 1.810, 290.463 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 43, 1.810, 290.463

■ 43, 1.810, 290.463

100, 1.810,
290.463

■ 33, 1.810, 290.463

■ 63, 1.810, 290.463

■ 23, 1.810, 290.463

■ 73, 1.810, 290.463

■ 13, 1.810, 290.463

■ 83, 1.810, 290.463

■ 3, 1.810, 290.463

■ 93, 1.810, 290.463

■ 0, 1.810, 290.463

■ 43, 1.810, 290.463

■ 43, 1.810, 290.463

■ 39, 8.228, 291.434

■ 47, 4.376, 109.542

■ 35, 14.901,
292.613

■ 51, 10.343,
108.804

■ 31, 21.845,
293.990

■ 55, 16.107,
108.166

■ 27, 29.071,
295.584

■ 59, 21.682,
107.613

■ 23, 36.568,
297.397

■ 62, 27.079,
107.132

■ 20, 44.262,
299.398

■ 66, 32.310,
106.714

■ 16, 51.933,
301.487

■ 70, 37.385,
106.347

■ 13, 59.090,
303.470

■ 73, 42.313,
106.025

■ 11, 64.986,
305.096

■ 77, 47.103,
105.741

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43, 1.810, 290.463



44, 1.787, 109.875

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43, 1.810, 290.463



43, 1.810, 340.463



43, 1.810, 110.463



43, 1.810, 160.463

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43, 1.809, 290.440



56, 0.780, 290.309



44, 1.227, 198.135



29, 0.447, 290.307



79, 0.010, 296.813



29, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43, 1.809, 290.440



55, 2.333, 290.458



43, 1.912, 308.566



20, 1.387, 290.500



11, 74.189, 306.275



30, 128.694, 306.282

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43, 1.248, 19.244



55, 1.611, 19.274



44, 1.894, 128.403



21, 0.958, 19.336



22, 55.881, 37.328



51, 100.567, 39.983

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 43, 1.810, 290.463 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 43, 1.810, 290.463 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

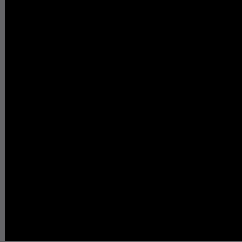
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

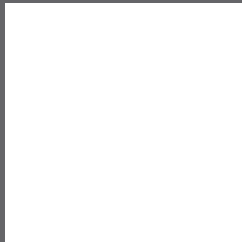
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 43, 1.810, 290.463

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 43, 1.810, 290.463.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 43, 1.810, 290.463.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


43, 1.810, 290.463

Protanopia

43, 1.997, 314.727

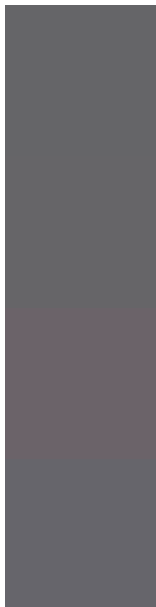
Deuteranopia

43, 6.535, 340.178



Tritanopia
43, 4.840, 295.644

Trichromacy



Original Color

43, 1.810, 290.463

Protanomaly

43, 1.861, 303.173

Deuteranomaly

43, 4.916, 332.753

Tritanomaly

43, 3.643, 297.094

Monochromacy



Original Color

43, 1.810, 290.463

Achromatopsia

43, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly

43, 0.606, 290.330

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 43, 1.810, 290.463 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(101, 101, 104)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(101, 101, 104)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(101, 101, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(101, 101, 104) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 43, 1.810, 290.463 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(101, 101, 104) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(101, 101, 104) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(101, 101, 104)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(101, 101, 104); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(101, 101, 104);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(101, 101,  
104) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 43, 1.810, 290.463 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(101, 101, 104) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(101,  
101, 104) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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