

Converting Colors

CIELCh(43, 16.154, 264.034)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(43, 16.154, 264.034)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(43, 16.080, 263.442)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	526880
RGB	82, 104, 128
RGB Percent	32%, 41%, 50%
CMY	0.6798, 0.5935, 0.4995
CMYK	0.36, 0.19, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	211°, 22%, 41%
HSV	211°, 36%, 50%
XYZ	12.2371, 13.1578, 22.1915
YIQ	100.1580, -20.8160, 2.8000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

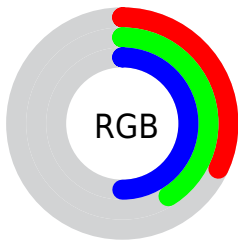
Format	Color
R _Y B	82, 97, 128
Decimal	5400704
CIE Lab	43.00, -1.84, -15.97
CIE LCh	43, 16.080, 263.442
Yxy	13.1578, 0.2572, 0.2765
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283590784 (0xFF526880)
YUV	100.1580, 13.7261, -15.9246
Hunter-Lab	36.2736, -3.2611, -10.8810

Details

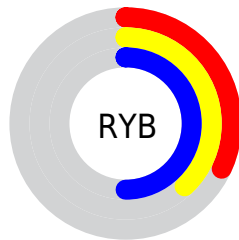
The CIELCh color `43, 16.080, 263.442` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `666666`. A complement of this color would be `46, 17.489, 73.311`, and the grayscale version is `42, 0.006, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `63, 16.141, 263.842`, and `23, 16.258, 264.113` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `40, 20.435, 265.713`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `46, 11.669, 261.515`.

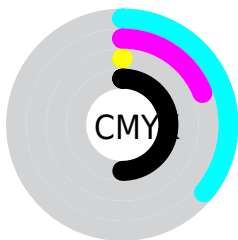
Distribution



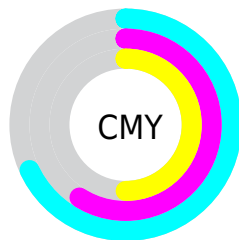
- Red (32%)
- Green (41%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (32%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (50%)





- Cyan (68%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (50%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 43, 16.080, 263.442 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 43, 16.080, 263.442 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 43, 16.080,
263.442


 43, 16.080,
263.442


 100, 16.080,
263.442


 33, 16.080,
263.442

 63, 16.080,
263.442


 23, 16.080,
263.442

 73, 16.080,
263.442

 13, 16.080,
263.442

 83, 16.080,
263.442

 3, 16.080, 263.442

 93, 16.080,
263.442

 0, 16.080, 263.442

 43, 16.080,

 43, 16.080,

263.442

263.442

■ 40, 20.435,
265.713

■ 46, 11.669,
261.515

■ 37, 24.735,
268.380

■ 49, 7.212, 259.888

■ 35, 28.994,
271.481

■ 52, 2.722, 258.550

■ 55, 1.788, 77.122

■ 32, 33.242,
275.020

■ 58, 6.304, 76.196

■ 30, 37.529,
278.955

■ 60, 10.814, 75.323

■ 63, 15.309, 74.554

■ 27, 41.919,
283.099

■ 66, 19.780, 73.876

■ 26, 43.722,
284.616

■ 69, 24.219, 73.275

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43, 16.080, 263.442



46, 17.489, 73.311

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43, 16.080, 263.442



43, 16.080, 313.442



43, 16.080, 83.442



43, 16.080, 133.442

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43, 16.079, 263.440



64, 6.139, 259.209



50, 22.165, 161.221



33, 4.155, 259.362



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43, 16.079, 263.440



53, 23.664, 265.222



37, 28.502, 295.131



25, 2.540, 258.924



26, 43.683, 284.611



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40, 23.140, 348.237



49, 34.133, 349.231



52, 26.141, 107.589



25, 3.542, 345.519



26, 50.652, 2.528



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 43, 16.080, 263.442 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 43, 16.080, 263.442 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

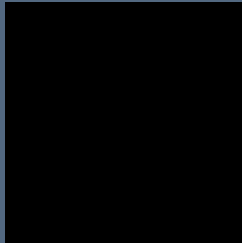
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

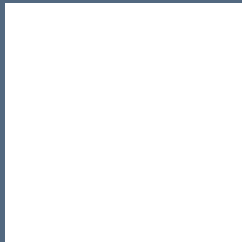
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 43, 16.080, 263.442

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 43, 16.080, 263.442.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 43, 16.080, 263.442.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

43, 16.080, 263.442

Protanopia

43, 15.129, 285.331

Deuteranopia

43, 18.083, 290.452



Tritanopia
43, 11.251, 223.841

Trichromacy



Original Color
43, 16.080, 263.442

Protanomaly
43, 15.451, 277.364

Deuteranomaly
43, 17.117, 280.473

Tritanomaly
43, 12.389, 241.746

Monochromacy



Original Color
43, 16.080, 263.442

Achromatopsia
42, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
42, 6.201, 260.592

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 43, 16.080, 263.442 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(82, 104, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(82, 104, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 104, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(82, 104, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 43, 16.080, 263.442 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(82, 104, 128) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(82, 104, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 104, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(82, 104, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 104, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 104,  
128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 43, 16.080, 263.442 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(82, 104, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(82, 104,  
128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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