

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(43, 16.566, 11.034)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(43, 16.566, 11.034) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(43, 16.257, 11.193)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	815C61
RGB	129, 92, 97
RGB Percent	51%, 36%, 38%
CMY	0.4945, 0.6396, 0.6200
CMYK	0.00, 0.29, 0.25, 0.49
HSL	352°, 17%, 43%
HSV	352°, 29%, 51%
XYZ	15.0094, 13.1578, 13.0342
YIQ	103.6330, 20.4470, 9.3990

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

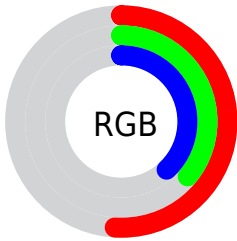
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	129, 92, 97
Decimal	8477793
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	43.00, 15.95, 3.16
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	43, 16.257, 11.193
Yxy	13.1578, 0.3643, 0.3194
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286667873 (0xFF815C61)
YUV	103.6330, -3.2701, 22.2469
Hunter-Lab	36.2736, 10.3816, 4.0869

# Details

The CIELCh color **43, 16.257, 11.193** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **51, 14.166, 186.018**, and the grayscale version is **44, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **63, 16.674, 9.628**, and **23, 16.218, 11.506** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **39, 22.453, 12.654**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **47, 10.306, 9.999**.

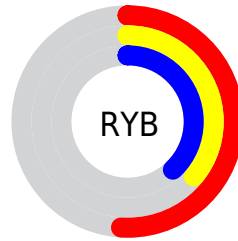
# Distribution



Red (51%)

Green (36%)

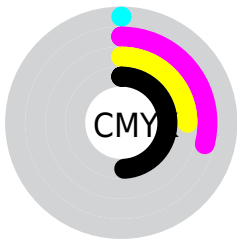
Blue (38%)



Red (51%)

Yellow (36%)

Blue (38%)

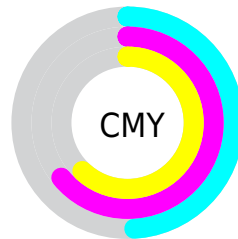


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (25%)

Black (49%)



Cyan (49%)

Magenta (64%)

Yellow (62%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 43, 16.257, 11.193 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 43, 16.257, 11.193 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 43, 16.257, 11.193

■ 43, 16.257, 11.193

■ 100, 16.257,  
11.193

■ 33, 16.257, 11.193

■ 63, 16.257, 11.193

■ 23, 16.257, 11.193

■ 73, 16.257, 11.193

■ 13, 16.257, 11.193

■ 83, 16.257, 11.193

■ 3, 16.257, 11.193

■ 93, 16.257, 11.193

■ 0, 16.257, 11.193

■ 43, 16.257, 11.193

■ 43, 16.257, 11.193

■ 39, 22.453, 12.654

■ 47, 10.306, 9.999

■ 36, 28.800, 14.461

■ 51, 4.657, 8.971

33, 35.140, 16.728

54, 0.674, 188.790

31, 41.275, 19.580

58, 5.692, 187.581

28, 46.997, 23.124

62, 10.413,  
186.935

27, 52.153, 27.362

66, 14.862,  
186.383

26, 56.875, 31.751

26, 57.504, 32.242

70, 19.065,  
185.898

74, 23.046,  
185.466

78, 26.829,  
185.077

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43, 16.257, 11.193



51, 14.166, 186.018

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43, 16.257, 11.193



43, 16.257, 61.193



43, 16.257, 191.193



43, 16.257, 241.193

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43, 16.255, 11.197



65, 6.002, 9.022



43, 25.298, 321.552



33, 4.166, 9.145



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43, 16.255, 11.197



53, 24.317, 12.050



46, 13.209, 55.484



25, 2.994, 9.010



26, 57.020, 32.181



0, 0.000, 0.000





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43, 16.255, 11.197



53, 24.317, 12.050



47, 11.418, 241.022



25, 2.994, 9.010



26, 57.020, 32.181

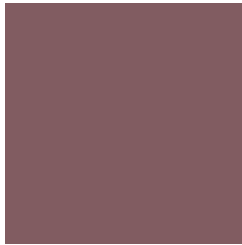


0, 0.000, 0.000



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 43, 16.257, 11.193 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

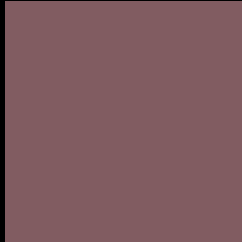
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 43, 16.257, 11.193 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

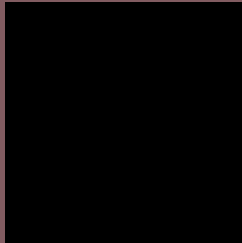
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 43, 16.257, 11.193

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 43, 16.257, 11.193.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 43, 16.257, 11.193.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

43, 16.257, 11.193

### Protanopia

43, 1.032, 343.556

### Deuteranopia

43, 6.982, 30.060



**Tritanopia**  
43, 16.394, 7.064



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
43, 16.257, 11.193

**Protanomaly**  
43, 6.038, 8.724

**Deuteranomaly**  
43, 9.935, 20.685

**Tritanomaly**  
43, 16.314, 9.119

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
43, 16.257, 11.193

**Achromatopsia**  
44, 0.006, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
44, 5.517, 13.855

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 43, 16.257, 11.193 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(129, 92, 97)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(129, 92, 97)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 92, 97) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(129, 92, 97) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 43, 16.257, 11.193 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(129, 92, 97) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(129, 92, 97) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 92, 97) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(129, 92, 97); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 92, 97);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 92,  
97) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 43, 16.257, 11.193 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(129, 92, 97) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(129, 92,  
97) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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