

Converting Colors

CIELCh(43, 2.886, 138.927)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(43, 2.886, 138.927) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(43, 3.444, 138.646)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	636762
RGB	99, 103, 98
RGB Percent	39%, 40%, 38%
CMY	0.6129, 0.5972, 0.6168
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.05, 0.60
HSL	108°, 2%, 39%
HSV	108°, 5%, 40%
XYZ	12.1285, 13.1578, 13.3865
YIQ	101.2340, -0.7790, -2.4030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

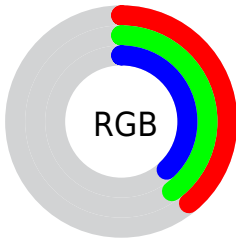
Format	Color
R_{YB}	98, 103, 102
Decimal	6514530
CIE Lab	43.00, -2.59, 2.28
CIE LCh	43, 3.444, 138.646
Yxy	13.1578, 0.3136, 0.3402
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284704610 (0xFF636762)
YUV	101.2340, -1.5944, -1.9592
Hunter-Lab	36.2736, -3.7952, 3.5110

Details

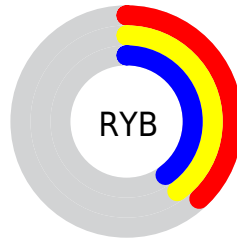
The CIELCh color **43, 3.444, 138.646** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **42, 3.463, 318.978**, and the grayscale version is **43, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **63, 3.199, 138.725**, and **23, 3.012, 137.057** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42, 10.586, 138.162**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **44, 3.620, 318.980**.

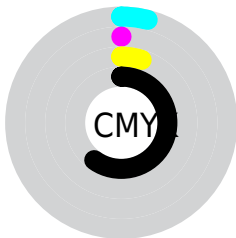
Distribution



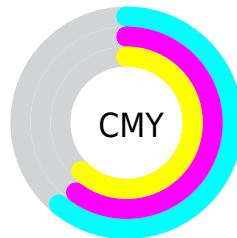
- Red (39%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (60%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 43, 3.444, 138.646 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 43, 3.444, 138.646 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 43, 3.444, 138.646

■ 43, 3.444, 138.646

■ 100, 3.444,
138.646

■ 33, 3.444, 138.646

■ 63, 3.444, 138.646

■ 23, 3.444, 138.646

■ 73, 3.444, 138.646

■ 13, 3.444, 138.646

■ 83, 3.444, 138.646

■ 3, 3.444, 138.646

■ 93, 3.444, 138.646

■ 0, 3.444, 138.646

■ 43, 3.444, 138.646

■ 43, 3.444, 138.646

■ 42, 10.586,
138.162

■ 44, 3.620, 318.980

■ 41, 17.747,

■ 45, 10.572,
319.355

137.637

46, 17.384,
319.664

40, 24.854,
137.060

47, 24.039,
319.928

40, 31.806,
136.438

49, 30.527,
320.155

39, 38.469,
135.798

50, 36.844,
320.349

39, 44.666,
135.186

51, 42.991,
320.515

38, 50.170,
134.676

53, 48.970,
320.656

38, 54.712,
134.370

54, 54.786,
320.777

38, 58.181,
134.278

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43, 3.444, 138.646



42, 3.463, 318.978

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43, 3.444, 138.646



43, 3.444, 188.646



43, 3.444, 318.646



43, 3.444, 8.646

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43, 3.445, 138.649



55, 0.866, 138.951



43, 2.427, 99.852



28, 0.488, 138.972



78, 0.009, 296.813



28, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43, 3.445, 138.649



55, 5.244, 138.584



43, 2.965, 154.046



21, 2.769, 138.581



42, 64.871, 134.229



84, 113.354, 134.810

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42, 3.463, 318.978



53, 5.270, 319.040



42, 2.980, 334.524



20, 2.783, 319.043



22, 65.244, 320.999



49, 113.337, 320.589

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 43, 3.444, 138.646 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

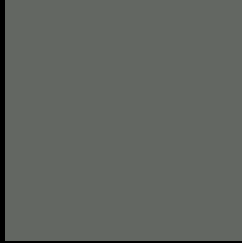
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 43, 3.444, 138.646 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

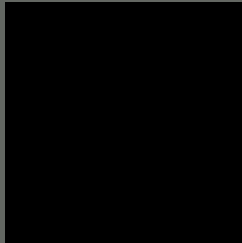
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

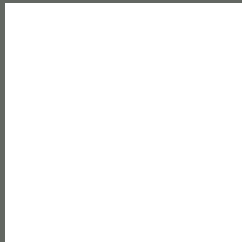
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 43, 3.444, 138.646

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 43, 3.444, 138.646.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 43, 3.444, 138.646.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


43, 3.444, 138.646

Protanopia

43, 2.701, 81.872

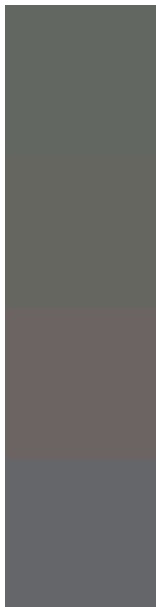
Deuteranopia

43, 5.967, 14.384



Tritanopia
43, 4.828, 286.133

Trichromacy



Original Color

43, 3.444, 138.646

Protanomaly

43, 2.994, 109.726

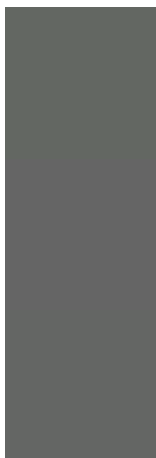
Deuteranomaly

43, 3.003, 31.161

Tritanomaly

43, 1.969, 266.084

Monochromacy



Original Color

43, 3.444, 138.646

Achromatopsia

43, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly

43, 1.463, 144.448

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 43, 3.444, 138.646 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(99, 103, 98)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(99, 103, 98)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 103, 98) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(99, 103, 98) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 43, 3.444, 138.646 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(99, 103, 98) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(99, 103, 98) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(99, 103, 98)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(99, 103, 98); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 103, 98);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 103,  
98) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 43, 3.444, 138.646 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(99, 103, 98) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(99, 103,  
98) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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