

Converting Colors

CIELCh(43, 34.836, 1.594)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(43, 34.836, 1.594) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(43, 34.836, 1.594)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9A4D65
RGB	154, 77, 101
RGB Percent	60%, 30%, 40%
CMY	0.3954, 0.6974, 0.6033
CMYK	0.00, 0.50, 0.34, 0.40
HSL	341°, 33%, 45%
HSV	341°, 50%, 60%
XYZ	18.3790, 13.1578, 13.9210
YIQ	102.7590, 38.1880, 23.7880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

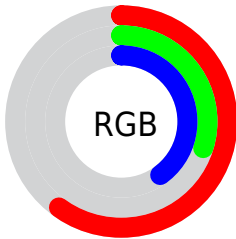
Format	Color
R_{YB}	154, 77, 101
Decimal	10112357
CIE Lab	43.00, 34.82, 0.97
CIE LCh	43, 34.836, 1.594
Yxy	13.1578, 0.4043, 0.2895
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288302437 (0xFF9A4D65)
YUV	102.7590, -0.8672, 44.9384
Hunter-Lab	36.2736, 26.9627, 2.6373

Details

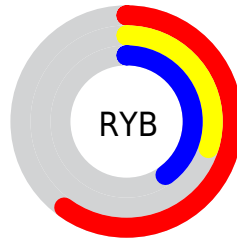
The CIELCh color $43, 34.836, 1.594$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 993366 . A complement of this color would be $58, 30.298, 169.892$, and the grayscale version is $44, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $63, 35.087, 1.482$, and $23, 35.012, 1.913$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $40, 41.506, 3.776$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $47, 27.787, 359.827$.

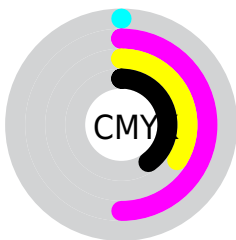
Distribution



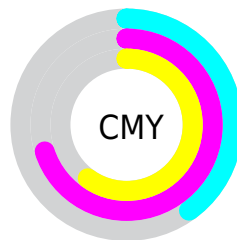
- Red (60%)
- Green (30%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 43, 34.836, 1.594 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 43, 34.836, 1.594 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 43, 34.836, 1.594 ■ 43, 34.836, 1.594

■ 100, 34.836, 1.594 ■ 33, 34.836, 1.594

■ 63, 34.836, 1.594 ■ 23, 34.836, 1.594

■ 73, 34.836, 1.594 ■ 13, 34.836, 1.594

■ 83, 34.836, 1.594 ■ 3, 34.836, 1.594

■ 93, 34.836, 1.594 ■ 0, 34.836, 1.594

■ 43, 34.836, 1.594 ■ 43, 34.836, 1.594

■ 40, 41.506, 3.776 ■ 47, 27.787,
359.827

■ 37, 47.494, 6.509 ■ 51, 20.625,
358.362

■ 35, 52.509, 9.957

■ 33, 56.410, 14.262

■ 55, 13.533,
357.120

■ 32, 59.636, 19.164

■ 59, 6.628, 356.030

■ 32, 59.652, 19.185

■ 64, 0.027, 189.946

■ 68, 6.401, 174.403

■ 73, 12.492,
173.639

■ 77, 18.310,
172.965

■ 82, 23.869,
172.356

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43, 34.836, 1.594



58, 30.298, 169.892

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43, 34.836, 1.594



43, 34.836, 51.594



43, 34.836, 181.594



43, 34.836, 231.594

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43, 34.834, 1.596



73, 12.547, 356.599



42, 49.200, 317.254



38, 8.659, 356.815



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43, 34.834, 1.596



51, 51.565, 4.083



46, 30.870, 38.353



30, 3.735, 355.953



29, 55.541, 18.669



1, 3.956, 355.519

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43, 34.834, 1.596



51, 51.565, 4.083



55, 21.291, 220.317



30, 3.735, 355.953



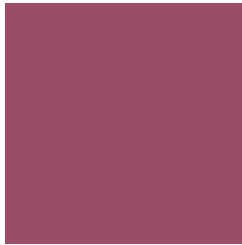
29, 55.541, 18.669



1, 3.956, 355.519

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 43, 34.836, 1.594 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 43, 34.836, 1.594 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

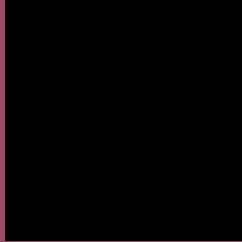
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 43, 34.836, 1.594

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 43, 34.836, 1.594.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 43, 34.836, 1.594.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

43, 34.836, 1.594

Protanopia

43, 9.028, 289.013

Deuteranopia

43, 6.430, 25.483



Tritanopia
43, 32.657, 18.412

Trichromacy



Original Color
43, 34.836, 1.594

Protanomaly
42, 16.168, 336.768

Deuteranomaly
43, 16.945, 5.563

Tritanomaly
43, 32.890, 11.460

Monochromacy



Original Color
43, 34.836, 1.594

Achromatopsia
44, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
43, 12.765, 359.226

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIElCh 43, 34.836, 1.594 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(154, 77, 101)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(154, 77, 101)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 77, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(154, 77, 101) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 43, 34.836, 1.594 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(154, 77, 101) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(154, 77, 101) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(154, 77, 101)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(154, 77, 101); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 77, 101);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 77,  
101) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 43, 34.836, 1.594 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(154, 77, 101) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(154, 77,  
101) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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