

Converting Colors

CIELCh(43, 46.816, 304.763)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(43, 46.816, 304.763)
contains.

CIELCh(43, 46.817, 304.763)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(43, 46.817, 304.763)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6F59A6
RGB	111, 89, 166
RGB Percent	44%, 35%, 65%
CMY	0.5665, 0.6527, 0.3509
CMYK	0.33, 0.46, 0.00, 0.35
HSL	257°, 30%, 50%
HSV	257°, 46%, 65%
XYZ	16.8721, 13.1578, 37.4952
YIQ	104.3560, -11.6050, 28.6110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

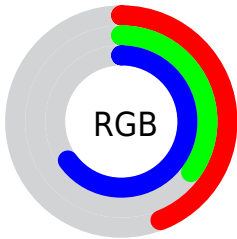
Format	Color
R _{YB}	111, 89, 166
Decimal	7297446
CIE Lab	43.00, 26.69, -38.46
CIE LCh	43, 46.817, 304.763
Yxy	13.1578, 0.2499, 0.1949
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285487526 (0xFF6F59A6)
YUV	104.3560, 30.3905, 5.8268
Hunter-Lab	36.2736, 19.5475, -35.8952

Details

The CIELCh color $43, 46.817, 304.763$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `6666CC`. A complement of this color would be $65, 42.322, 118.590$, and the grayscale version is $44, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $63, 47.316, 304.897$, and $23, 46.943, 304.525$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $38, 57.564, 305.716$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $48, 36.193, 303.858$.

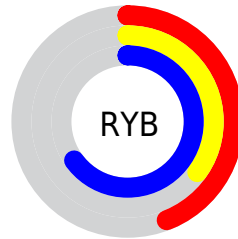
Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (35%)

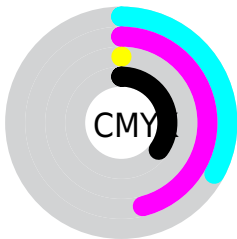
Blue (65%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (35%)

Blue (65%)

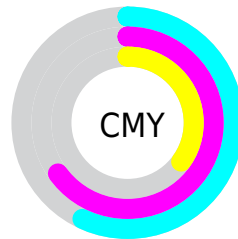


Cyan (33%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (35%)



Cyan (57%)


Magenta (65%)


Yellow (35%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 43, 46.817, 304.763 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 43, 46.817, 304.763 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 43, 46.817,
304.763


 43, 46.817,
304.763


 100, 46.817,
304.763

 33, 46.817,
304.763


 63, 46.817,
304.763


 23, 46.817,
304.763


 73, 46.817,
304.763

 13, 46.817,
304.763

 83, 46.817,
304.763

 3, 46.817, 304.763

 93, 46.817,
304.763

 0, 46.817, 304.763

 43, 46.817,

 43, 46.817,

304.763

■ 38, 57.564,
305.716

■ 33, 68.146,
306.656

■ 29, 78.025,
307.479

■ 25, 86.353,
308.028

■ 22, 92.241,
308.157

■ 21, 94.104,
308.215

304.763

■ 48, 36.193,
303.858

■ 54, 25.836,
303.029

■ 59, 15.805,
302.286

■ 64, 6.115, 301.628

■ 70, 3.237, 121.073

■ 75, 12.262,
120.567

■ 80, 20.979,
120.135

■ 86, 29.404,
119.762

■ 91, 37.556,
119.441

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43, 46.817, 304.763



65, 42.322, 118.590

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43, 46.817, 304.763



43, 46.817, 354.763



43, 46.817, 124.763



43, 46.817, 174.763

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43, 46.816, 304.763



76, 16.487, 302.132



57, 21.048, 234.673



39, 11.403, 302.273



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43, 46.816, 304.763



49, 70.423, 305.766



47, 49.327, 320.259



32, 5.293, 301.802



18, 85.438, 308.311



1, 8.090, 300.234

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48, 42.391, 337.132



58, 61.527, 338.082



62, 48.307, 135.750



32, 5.132, 334.282



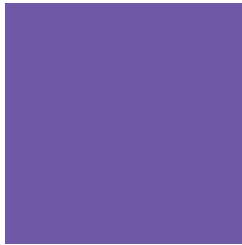
32, 61.514, 343.442



1, 7.615, 336.017

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 43, 46.817, 304.763 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 43, 46.817, 304.763 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

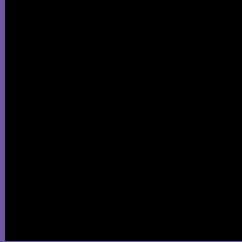
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 43, 46.817, 304.763

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 43, 46.817, 304.763.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 43, 46.817, 304.763.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
43, 46.817, 304.763

Protanopia
43, 45.851, 286.196

Deuteranopia
43, 37.370, 279.735



Tritanopia
43, 5.464, 282.604

Trichromacy



Original Color
43, 46.817, 304.763

Protanomaly
43, 46.252, 292.276

Deuteranomaly
43, 40.337, 289.473

Tritanomaly
43, 20.760, 300.214

Monochromacy



Original Color
43, 46.817, 304.763

Achromatopsia
44, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
43, 17.197, 302.671

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 43, 46.817, 304.763 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(111, 89, 166)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(111, 89, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(111, 89, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(111, 89, 166) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 43, 46.817, 304.763 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

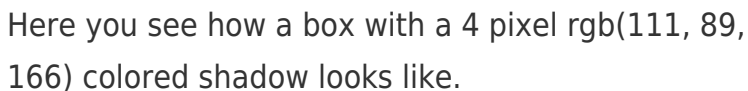
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(111, 89, 166) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(111, 89, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(111, 89, 166)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 89, 166); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 89, 166); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 89, 166) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 43, 46.817, 304.763 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(111, 89, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(111, 89,  
166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor