

Converting Colors

CIELCh(43, 5.193, 125.159)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(43, 5.193, 125.159) contains.

CIELCh(43, 5.663, 126.736)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(43, 5.663, 126.736)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	63675E
RGB	99, 103, 94
RGB Percent	39%, 40%, 37%
CMY	0.6118, 0.5961, 0.6314
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.09, 0.60
HSL	87°, 5%, 39%
HSV	87°, 9%, 40%
XYZ	12.0130, 13.1578, 12.4933
YIQ	100.7780, 0.5050, -3.6470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

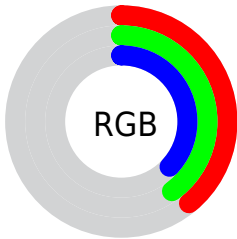
Format	Color
R_{YB}	94, 103, 98
Decimal	6514526
CIE _{Lab}	43.00, -3.39, 4.54
CIE _{LCh}	43, 5.663, 126.736
Yxy	13.1578, 0.3190, 0.3493
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284704606 (0xFF63675E)
YUV	100.7780, -3.3416, -1.5593
Hunter-Lab	36.2736, -4.3638, 4.9709

Details

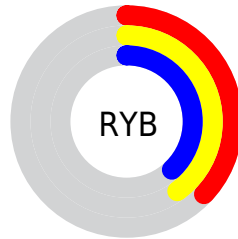
The CIELCh color $43, 5.663, 126.736$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $41, 5.742, 307.487$, and the grayscale version is $43, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $63, 5.798, 125.205$, and $23, 5.504, 123.972$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $42, 12.154, 126.280$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $44, 0.822, 307.088$.

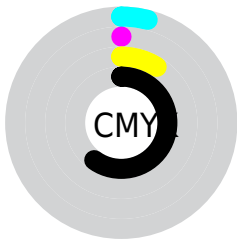
Distribution



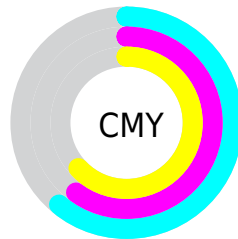
- Red (39%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (37%)



- Red (37%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (38%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (60%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (63%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 43, 5.663, 126.736 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 43, 5.663, 126.736 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 43, 5.663, 126.736

■ 43, 5.663, 126.736

■ 100, 5.663,
126.736

■ 33, 5.663, 126.736

■ 63, 5.663, 126.736

■ 23, 5.663, 126.736

■ 73, 5.663, 126.736

■ 13, 5.663, 126.736

■ 83, 5.663, 126.736

■ 3, 5.663, 126.736

■ 93, 5.663, 126.736

■ 0, 5.663, 126.736

■ 43, 5.663, 126.736

■ 43, 5.663, 126.736

■ 42, 12.154,
126.280

■ 44, 0.822, 307.088

■ 42, 18.607,

■ 44, 7.275, 307.558

125.810

45, 13.672,
307.936

41, 24.965,
125.345

46, 19.997,
308.280

41, 31.144,
124.912

47, 26.240,
308.593

40, 37.028,
124.553

48, 32.393,
308.877

40, 42.450,
124.332

49, 38.449,
309.134

39, 47.190,
124.336

50, 44.407,
309.365

39, 51.000,
124.668

51, 50.263,
309.573

39, 54.188,
125.148

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43, 5.663, 126.736



41, 5.742, 307.487

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43, 5.663, 126.736



43, 5.663, 176.736



43, 5.663, 306.736



43, 5.663, 356.736

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43, 5.664, 126.741



56, 2.424, 127.008



42, 3.189, 66.891



29, 1.853, 126.973



79, 0.010, 296.813



29, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43, 5.664, 126.741



56, 8.104, 126.670



43, 6.483, 142.229



21, 3.610, 126.733



43, 59.057, 125.392



86, 103.303, 126.372

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41, 5.742, 307.487



52, 8.230, 307.561



41, 6.501, 323.032



19, 3.660, 307.495



15, 69.697, 311.184



37, 121.699, 310.524

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 43, 5.663, 126.736 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 43, 5.663, 126.736 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

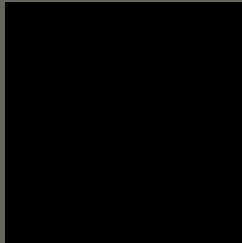
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

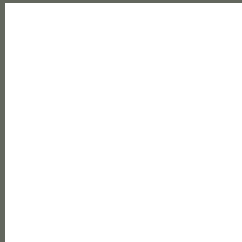
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 43, 5.663, 126.736

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 43, 5.663, 126.736.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 43, 5.663, 126.736.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


43, 5.663, 126.736

Protanopia

43, 5.084, 89.761

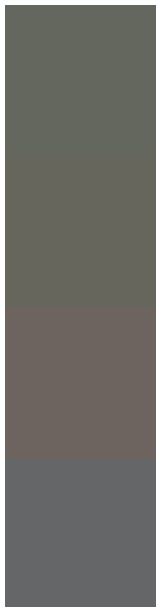
Deuteranopia

43, 7.136, 34.732



Tritanopia
43, 4.818, 290.885

Trichromacy



Original Color

43, 5.663, 126.736

Protanomaly

43, 5.403, 104.846

Deuteranomaly

43, 4.878, 57.529

Tritanomaly

43, 1.446, 256.022

Monochromacy



Original Color

43, 5.663, 126.736

Achromatopsia

43, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly

43, 2.546, 128.938

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 43, 5.663, 126.736 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(99, 103, 94)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(99, 103, 94)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 103, 94) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(99, 103, 94) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 43, 5.663, 126.736 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(99, 103, 94) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(99, 103, 94) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(99, 103, 94)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(99, 103, 94); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 103, 94);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 103,  
94) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 43, 5.663, 126.736 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(99, 103, 94) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(99, 103,  
94) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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