

Converting Colors

CIELCh(43, 52.153, 145.639)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(43, 52.153, 145.639)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(43, 51.760, 145.848)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0F7532
RGB	15, 117, 50
RGB Percent	6%, 46%, 20%
CMY	0.9415, 0.5395, 0.8024
CMYK	0.87, 0.00, 0.57, 0.54
HSL	141°, 77%, 26%
HSV	141°, 87%, 46%
XYZ	7.1914, 13.1578, 5.2224
YIQ	78.8640, -39.2850, -42.4610

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

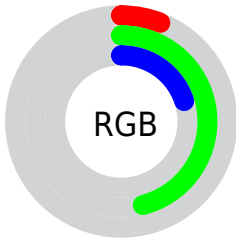
Format	Color
RYB	15, 91, 117
Decimal	1013042
CIELab	43.00, -42.83, 29.06
CIELCh	43, 51.760, 145.848
Yxy	13.1578, 0.2812, 0.5145
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279203122 (0xFF0F7532)
YUV	78.8640, -14.2300, -56.0087
Hunter-Lab	36.2736, -28.0905, 16.8553

Details

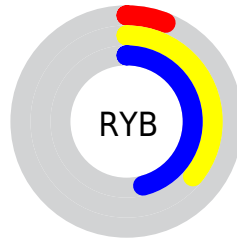
The CIELCh color **43, 51.760, 145.848** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006633**. A complement of this color would be **26, 49.086, 344.996**, and the grayscale version is **34, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **63, 51.737, 145.776**, and **24, 44.472, 137.362** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43, 55.615, 144.002**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **43, 47.347, 147.643**.

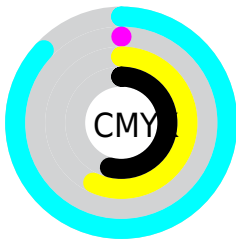
Distribution



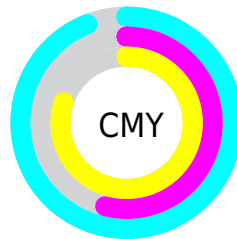
- Red (6%)
- Green (46%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (6%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (46%)



- Cyan (87%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Black (54%)




- Cyan (94%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (80%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 43, 51.760, 145.848 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 43, 51.760, 145.848 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 43, 51.760,
145.848

 43, 51.760,
145.848


 100, 51.760,
145.848

 33, 51.760,
145.848

 63, 51.760,
145.848


 23, 51.760,
145.848

 73, 51.760,
145.848

 13, 51.760,
145.848

 83, 51.760,
145.848

 3, 51.760, 145.848

 93, 51.760,
145.848

 0, 51.760, 145.848

 43, 51.760,

 43, 51.760,

145.848

145.848

■ 43, 55.615,
144.002

■ 43, 47.347,
147.643

■ 43, 56.613,
143.557

■ 44, 42.333,
149.270

■ 44, 36.793,
150.718

■ 45, 30.824,
151.995

■ 46, 24.537,
153.115

■ 46, 18.041,
154.099

■ 47, 11.436,
154.968

■ 49, 4.807, 155.757

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43, 51.760, 145.848



26, 49.086, 344.996

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43, 51.760, 145.848



43, 51.760, 195.848



43, 51.760, 325.848



43, 51.760, 15.848

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43, 51.760, 145.848



60, 21.345, 154.158



45, 54.175, 120.141



30, 14.373, 153.910



82, 0.010, 296.813



33, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43, 51.760, 145.848



55, 69.466, 142.976



44, 31.491, 176.894



24, 3.708, 155.622



45, 58.449, 143.456



86, 101.883, 142.226

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26, 49.086, 344.996



33, 61.500, 348.021



24, 47.006, 23.984



23, 3.730, 336.782



26, 52.519, 347.469



55, 88.117, 348.936

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 43, 51.760, 145.848 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 43, 51.760, 145.848 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 43, 51.760, 145.848

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 43, 51.760, 145.848.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 43, 51.760, 145.848.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

43, 51.684, 145.768

Protanopia

43, 32.927, 95.948

Deuteranopia

43, 27.455, 78.119



Tritanopia
43, 20.263, 212.984

Trichromacy



Original Color
43, 51.684, 145.768

Protanomaly
42, 37.163, 126.652

Deuteranomaly
41, 30.655, 123.239

Tritanomaly
43, 28.562, 172.496

Monochromacy



Original Color
43, 51.684, 145.768

Achromatopsia
34, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
36, 21.486, 153.186

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 43, 51.760, 145.848 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(15, 117, 50)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(15, 117, 50)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(15, 117, 50) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(15, 117, 50) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 43, 51.760, 145.848 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(15, 117, 50) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(15, 117, 50) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(15, 117, 50)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(15, 117, 50); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(15, 117, 50);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(15, 117,  
50) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 43, 51.760, 145.848 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(15, 117, 50) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(15, 117,  
50) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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