

Converting Colors

CIELCh(43, 55.391, 53.508)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(43, 55.391, 53.508) contains.

CIELCh(43, 55.368, 53.588)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(43, 55.368, 53.588)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A34D1A
RGB	163, 77, 26
RGB Percent	64%, 30%, 10%
CMY	0.3589, 0.6997, 0.8997
CMYK	0.00, 0.53, 0.84, 0.36
HSL	22°, 73%, 37%
HSV	22°, 84%, 64%
XYZ	18.0083, 13.1578, 2.5426
YIQ	96.9000, 67.6270, 2.3710

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

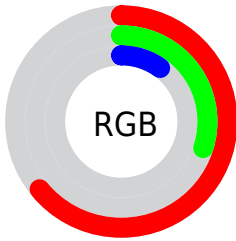
Format	Color
R_{YB}	163, 107, 26
Decimal	10702106
CIE _{Lab}	43.00, 32.87, 44.56
CIE _{LCh}	43, 55.368, 53.588
Yxy	13.1578, 0.5342, 0.3903
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288892186 (0xFFA34D1A)
YUV	96.9000, -34.9537, 57.9697
Hunter-Lab	36.2736, 25.1388, 21.2356

Details

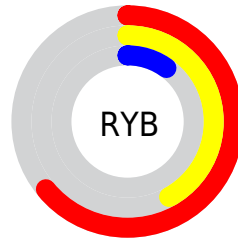
The CIELCh color **43, 55.368, 53.588** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993300**. A complement of this color would be **45, 34.865, 260.030**, and the grayscale version is **41, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **63, 54.906, 54.183**, and **23, 47.446, 45.727** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41, 61.661, 52.235**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45, 48.071, 54.431**.

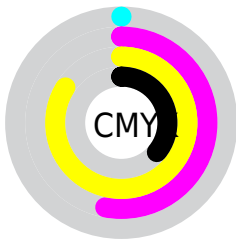
Distribution



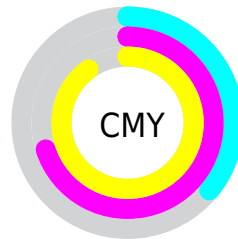
- Red (64%)
- Green (30%)
- Blue (10%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (10%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Black (36%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (90%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 43, 55.368, 53.588 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 43, 55.368, 53.588 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 43, 55.368, 53.588

 43, 55.368, 53.588

 100, 55.368,
53.588

 33, 55.368, 53.588

 63, 55.368, 53.588

 23, 55.368, 53.588

 73, 55.368, 53.588

 13, 55.368, 53.588

 83, 55.368, 53.588

 3, 55.368, 53.588

 93, 55.368, 53.588

 0, 55.368, 53.588

 43, 55.368, 53.588

 43, 55.368, 53.588

 41, 61.661, 52.235

 45, 48.071, 54.431

 40, 65.038, 51.576

 48, 40.553, 55.099

■ 51, 33.207, 55.754

■ 53, 26.208, 56.455

■ 56, 19.616, 57.217

■ 59, 13.440, 58.030

■ 63, 7.662, 58.875

■ 66, 2.250, 59.645

■ 69, 2.832, 240.876

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43, 55.368, 53.588



45, 34.865, 260.030

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43, 55.368, 53.588



43, 55.368, 103.588



43, 55.368, 233.588



43, 55.368, 283.588

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43, 55.366, 53.591



75, 17.084, 57.939



37, 61.610, 346.304



39, 11.883, 57.663



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43, 55.366, 53.591



51, 79.310, 50.882



60, 59.521, 95.069



33, 2.964, 59.299



35, 59.467, 51.956



2, 4.475, 55.903

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45, 34.865, 260.030



54, 48.534, 268.476



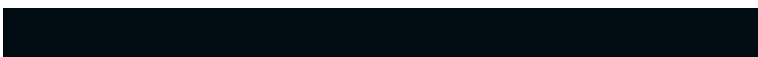
26, 76.031, 300.621



33, 2.848, 241.226



37, 36.018, 266.898



3, 4.586, 247.145

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 43, 55.368, 53.588 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 43, 55.368, 53.588 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 43, 55.368, 53.588

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 43, 55.368, 53.588.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 43, 55.368, 53.588.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

43, 54.963, 53.808

Protanopia

43, 39.843, 95.054

Deuteranopia

43, 46.969, 83.382



Tritanopia
43, 42.205, 23.289

Trichromacy



Original Color
43, 54.963, 53.808

Protanomaly
43, 41.996, 75.895

Deuteranomaly
43, 48.477, 71.014

Tritanomaly
43, 45.213, 37.284

Monochromacy



Original Color
43, 54.963, 53.808

Achromatopsia
41, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
41, 18.807, 57.849

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 43, 55.368, 53.588 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(163, 77, 26)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(163, 77, 26)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 77, 26) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(163, 77, 26) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 43, 55.368, 53.588 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(163, 77, 26) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(163, 77, 26) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 77, 26) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(163, 77, 26); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 77, 26);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 77,  
26) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 43, 55.368, 53.588 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(163, 77, 26) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(163, 77,  
26) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor