

Converting Colors

CIELCh(43, 55.725, 20.279)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(43, 55.725, 20.279) contains.

CIELCh(43, 55.407, 20.112)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(43, 55.407, 20.112)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B63749
RGB	182, 55, 73
RGB Percent	71%, 22%, 29%
CMY	0.2863, 0.7843, 0.7137
CMYK	0.00, 0.70, 0.60, 0.29
HSL	351°, 54%, 46%
HSV	351°, 70%, 71%
XYZ	21.8592, 13.1578, 7.6904
YIQ	95.0250, 69.9140, 32.5220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

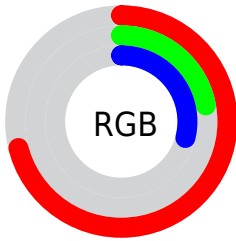
Format	Color
R_{YB}	182, 55, 73
Decimal	11941705
CIE Lab	43.00, 52.03, 19.05
CIE LCh	43, 55.407, 20.112
Yxy	13.1578, 0.5118, 0.3081
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290131785 (0xFFB63749)
YUV	95.0250, -10.8583, 76.2771
Hunter-Lab	36.2736, 44.0887, 12.8215

Details

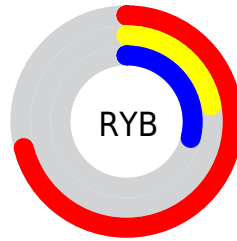
The CIELCh color **43, 55.407, 20.112** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990033**. A complement of this color would be **67, 38.414, 181.249**, and the grayscale version is **40, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **63, 55.471, 20.330**, and **25, 51.916, 23.788** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **40, 62.687, 24.011**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **46, 47.466, 16.973**.

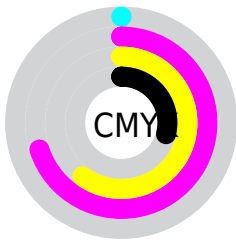
Distribution



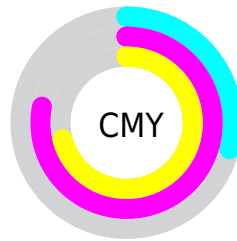
- Red (71%)
- Green (22%)
- Blue (29%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Blue (29%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (78%)
- Yellow (71%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 43, 55.407, 20.112 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 43, 55.407, 20.112 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 43, 55.407, 20.112

 43, 55.407, 20.112

 100, 55.407,
20.112

 33, 55.407, 20.112

 63, 55.407, 20.112

 23, 55.407, 20.112

 73, 55.407, 20.112

 13, 55.407, 20.112

 83, 55.407, 20.112

 3, 55.407, 20.112

 93, 55.407, 20.112

 0, 55.407, 20.112

 43, 55.407, 20.112

 43, 55.407, 20.112

 40, 62.687, 24.011

 46, 47.466, 16.973

 39, 69.139, 28.609

 50, 39.148, 14.490

■ 38, 74.810, 33.325

■ 54, 30.741, 12.525

■ 38, 74.935, 33.417

■ 59, 22.483, 10.954

■ 64, 14.533, 9.673

■ 69, 6.978, 8.590

■ 74, 0.152, 191.017

■ 79, 6.856, 187.105

■ 85, 13.157,
186.423

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43, 55.407, 20.112



67, 38.414, 181.249

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43, 55.407, 20.112



43, 55.407, 70.112



43, 55.407, 200.112



43, 55.407, 250.112

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43, 55.404, 20.114



81, 19.222, 9.860



44, 76.444, 322.930



41, 13.216, 10.198



97, 0.011, 296.813



50, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43, 55.404, 20.114



52, 81.013, 26.536



51, 49.070, 52.981



36, 4.067, 8.545



32, 66.279, 32.760



2, 10.779, 10.855

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43, 55.404, 20.114



52, 81.013, 26.536



54, 32.266, 251.291



36, 4.067, 8.545



32, 66.279, 32.760



2, 10.779, 10.855

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 43, 55.407, 20.112 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 43, 55.407, 20.112 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 43, 55.407, 20.112

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 43, 55.407, 20.112.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 43, 55.407, 20.112.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
43, 55.407, 20.112

Protanopia
43, 5.075, 89.772

Deuteranopia
43, 22.175, 75.265



Tritanopia
43, 56.808, 28.158

Trichromacy



Original Color
43, 55.407, 20.112

Protanomaly
42, 21.986, 21.076

Deuteranomaly
42, 30.848, 37.636

Tritanomaly
43, 56.039, 25.009

Monochromacy



Original Color
43, 55.407, 20.112

Achromatopsia
40, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
39, 21.146, 11.321

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 43, 55.407, 20.112 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(182, 55, 73)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(182, 55, 73)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(182, 55, 73) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(182, 55, 73) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 43, 55.407, 20.112 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(182, 55, 73) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(182, 55, 73) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(182, 55, 73)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(182, 55, 73); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 55, 73);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 55,  
73) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 43, 55.407, 20.112 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(182, 55, 73) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(182, 55,  
73) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor