

Converting Colors

CIELCh(43, 6.011, 5.603)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(43, 6.011, 5.603) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(43, 6.168, 3.252)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	706265
RGB	112, 98, 101
RGB Percent	44%, 38%, 40%
CMY	0.5602, 0.6151, 0.6034
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.10, 0.56
HSL	347°, 7%, 41%
HSV	347°, 12%, 44%
XYZ	13.4367, 13.1578, 14.1792
YIQ	102.5280, 7.3810, 3.9010

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

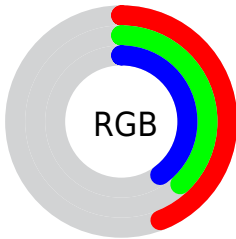
Format	Color
R _Y B	112, 98, 101
Decimal	7365221
CIE Lab	43.00, 6.16, 0.35
CIE LCh	43, 6.168, 3.252
Yxy	13.1578, 0.3295, 0.3227
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285555301 (0xFF706265)
YUV	102.5280, -0.7533, 8.3069
Hunter-Lab	36.2736, 2.6424, 2.2153

Details

The CIELCh color $43, 6.168, 3.252$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $46, 5.897, 181.164$, and the grayscale version is $43, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $63, 6.091, 4.017$, and $23, 5.804, 7.376$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $40, 11.364, 4.362$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $46, 1.200, 2.114$.

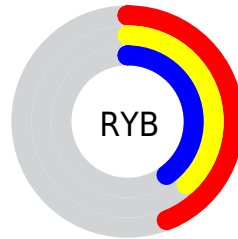
Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (38%)

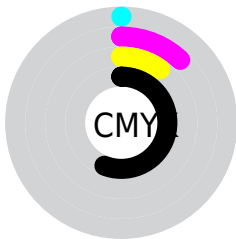
Blue (40%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (38%)

Blue (40%)

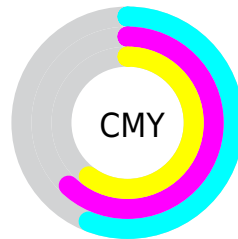


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (56%)



Cyan (56%)

Magenta (62%)

Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 43, 6.168, 3.252 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 43, 6.168, 3.252 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 43, 6.168, 3.252

■ 43, 6.168, 3.252

■ 100, 6.168, 3.252

■ 33, 6.168, 3.252

■ 63, 6.168, 3.252

■ 23, 6.168, 3.252

■ 73, 6.168, 3.252

■ 13, 6.168, 3.252

■ 83, 6.168, 3.252

■ 3, 6.168, 3.252

■ 93, 6.168, 3.252

■ 0, 6.168, 3.252

■ 43, 6.168, 3.252

■ 43, 6.168, 3.252

■ 40, 11.364, 4.362

■ 46, 1.200, 2.114

■ 36, 16.754, 5.646

■ 50, 3.524, 181.680

■ 33, 22.263, 7.188

■ 53, 8.007, 180.918

■ 30, 27.770, 9.074

■ 57, 12.262,
180.271

■ 28, 33.108, 11.417

■ 61, 16.306,
179.696

■ 26, 38.077, 14.349

■ 24, 42.499, 17.996

■ 64, 20.155,
179.178

■ 23, 46.298, 22.401

■ 68, 23.829,
178.705

■ 22, 49.193, 25.599

■ 71, 27.346,
178.273

■ 75, 30.721,
177.875

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43, 6.168, 3.252



46, 5.897, 181.164

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43, 6.168, 3.252



43, 6.168, 53.252



43, 6.168, 183.252



43, 6.168, 233.252

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43, 6.167, 3.260



59, 2.396, 2.364



43, 9.564, 318.813



30, 1.718, 2.441



81, 0.010, 296.813



31, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43, 6.167, 3.260



54, 9.227, 3.566



44, 4.879, 48.755



22, 2.756, 2.902



24, 51.749, 26.048



52, 90.819, 29.462

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43, 6.167, 3.260



54, 9.227, 3.566



45, 4.564, 230.397



22, 2.756, 2.902



24, 51.749, 26.048



52, 90.819, 29.462

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 43, 6.168, 3.252 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 43, 6.168, 3.252 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 43, 6.168, 3.252

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 43, 6.168, 3.252.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 43, 6.168, 3.252.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


43, 6.168, 3.252

Protanopia

43, 1.471, 324.434

Deuteranopia

43, 6.168, 3.252



Tritanopia
43, 7.535, 346.553

Trichromacy



Original Color

43, 6.168, 3.252

Protanomaly

43, 2.781, 354.076

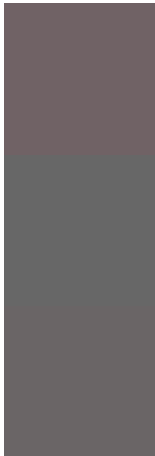
Deuteranomaly

43, 6.168, 3.252

Tritanomaly

43, 7.232, 350.539

Monochromacy



Original Color

43, 6.168, 3.252

Achromatopsia

44, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly

43, 2.171, 3.505

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 43, 6.168, 3.252 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 98, 101)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 98, 101)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 98, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 98, 101) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 43, 6.168, 3.252 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 98, 101) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 98, 101) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(112, 98, 101)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 98, 101); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 98, 101);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 98,  
101) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 43, 6.168, 3.252 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 98, 101) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112, 98,  
101) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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