

Converting Colors

CIELCh(43, 6.338, 240.385)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(43, 6.338, 240.385) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(43, 6.147, 235.021)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5B686E
RGB	91, 104, 110
RGB Percent	36%, 41%, 43%
CMY	0.6444, 0.5935, 0.5700
CMYK	0.17, 0.05, 0.00, 0.57
HSL	199°, 9%, 39%
HSV	199°, 17%, 43%
XYZ	11.9933, 13.1578, 16.5617
YIQ	100.7970, -9.6740, -0.8900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

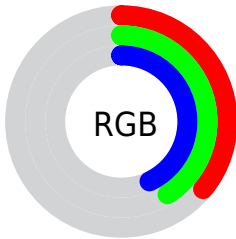
Format	Color
R_{YB}	91, 99, 110
Decimal	5990510
CIE _{Lab}	43.00, -3.52, -5.04
CIE _{LCh}	43, 6.147, 235.021
Yxy	13.1578, 0.2875, 0.3154
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284180590 (0xFF5B686E)
YUV	100.7970, 4.5371, -8.5920
Hunter-Lab	36.2736, -4.4604, -1.6789

Details

The CIELCh color **43, 6.147, 235.021** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **42, 6.720, 52.311**, and the grayscale version is **43, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **63, 6.394, 236.934**, and **23, 5.947, 232.958** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41, 9.476, 236.123**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45, 2.649, 234.171**.

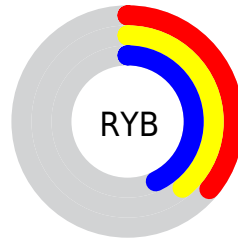
Distribution



Red (36%)

Green (41%)

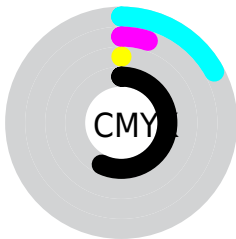
Blue (43%)



Red (36%)

Yellow (39%)

Blue (43%)

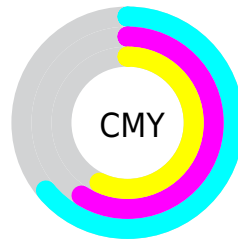


Cyan (17%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (57%)



Cyan (64%)

Magenta (59%)

Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 43, 6.147, 235.021 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 43, 6.147, 235.021 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 43, 6.147, 235.021

■ 43, 6.147, 235.021

■ 100, 6.147,
235.021

■ 33, 6.147, 235.021

■ 63, 6.147, 235.021

■ 23, 6.147, 235.021

■ 73, 6.147, 235.021

■ 13, 6.147, 235.021

■ 83, 6.147, 235.021

■ 3, 6.147, 235.021

■ 93, 6.147, 235.021

■ 0, 6.147, 235.021

■ 43, 6.147, 235.021

■ 43, 6.147, 235.021

■ 41, 9.476, 236.123

■ 45, 2.649, 234.171

■ 39, 12.602,
237.521

■ 47, 0.982, 52.993

■ 38, 15.486,
239.262

■ 49, 4.717, 52.663

■ 36, 18.100,
241.419

■ 51, 8.530, 52.218

■ 34, 20.422,
244.066

■ 53, 12.399, 51.845

■ 33, 22.456,
247.274

■ 55, 16.306, 51.538

■ 57, 20.236, 51.287

■ 31, 24.232,
251.087

■ 59, 24.178, 51.081

■ 61, 28.121, 50.912

■ 30, 25.881,
255.271

■ 30, 26.345,
256.326

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43, 6.147, 235.021



42, 6.720, 52.311

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43, 6.147, 235.021



43, 6.147, 285.021



43, 6.147, 55.021



43, 6.147, 105.021

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43, 6.147, 235.011



58, 2.257, 234.049



44, 11.204, 153.099



30, 1.528, 234.074



80, 0.010, 296.813



30, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43, 6.147, 235.011



54, 9.170, 235.451



40, 9.339, 282.480



22, 2.068, 234.290



33, 28.200, 256.870



66, 49.579, 260.004

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41, 11.160, 336.065



51, 16.837, 336.372



45, 9.172, 98.520



22, 3.672, 335.478



26, 52.681, 345.185



55, 89.014, 346.494

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 43, 6.147, 235.021 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 43, 6.147, 235.021 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

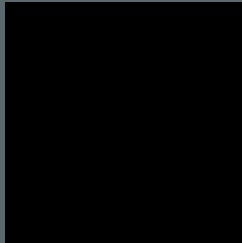
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

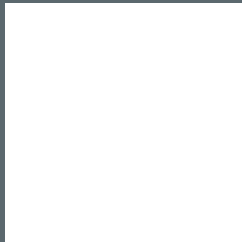
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 43, 6.147, 235.021

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 43, 6.147, 235.021.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 43, 6.147, 235.021.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

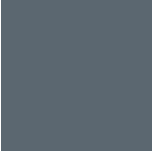
43, 6.147, 235.021

Protanopia

43, 4.216, 290.799

Deuteranopia

43, 7.952, 315.081



Tritanopia
43, 7.035, 249.629

Trichromacy



Original Color

43, 6.147, 235.021

Protanomaly

43, 4.620, 265.314

Deuteranomaly

43, 6.021, 291.055

Tritanomaly

43, 6.611, 245.986

Monochromacy



Original Color

43, 6.147, 235.021

Achromatopsia

42, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly

43, 2.408, 248.146

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 43, 6.147, 235.021 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(91, 104, 110)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(91, 104, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(91, 104, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(91, 104, 110) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 43, 6.147, 235.021 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(91, 104, 110) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(91, 104, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(91, 104, 110)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(91, 104, 110); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 104, 110);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 104,  
110) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 43, 6.147, 235.021 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(91, 104, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(91, 104,  
110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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