

Converting Colors

CIELCh(43, 6.528, 291.143)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(43, 6.528, 291.143) contains.

CIELCh(43, 6.622, 291.140)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(43, 6.622, 291.140)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	656570
RGB	101, 101, 112
RGB Percent	40%, 40%, 44%
CMY	0.6052, 0.6051, 0.5620
CMYK	0.10, 0.10, 0.00, 0.56
HSL	240°, 5%, 42%
HSV	240°, 10%, 44%
XYZ	12.8617, 13.1578, 17.0978
YIQ	102.2540, -3.5310, 3.4210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

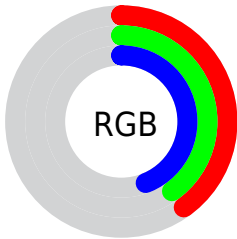
Format	Color
R_{YB}	101, 101, 112
Decimal	6645104
CIE Lab	43.00, 2.39, -6.18
CIE LCh	43, 6.622, 291.140
Yxy	13.1578, 0.2983, 0.3052
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284835184 (0xFF656570)
YUV	102.2540, 4.8048, -1.0998
Hunter-Lab	36.2736, -0.1873, -2.5552

Details

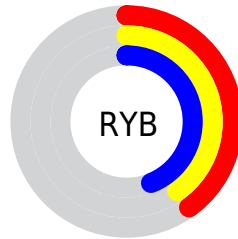
The CIELCh color $43, 6.622, 291.140$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $47, 6.478, 109.269$, and the grayscale version is $43, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $63, 6.715, 290.911$, and $23, 6.683, 291.640$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $39, 13.602, 292.269$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $47, 0.096, 109.718$.

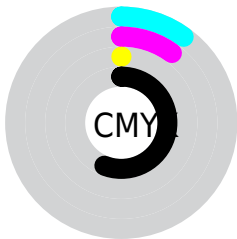
Distribution



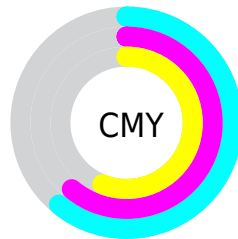
- Red (40%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (56%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 43, 6.622, 291.140 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 43, 6.622, 291.140 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 43, 6.622, 291.140

■ 43, 6.622, 291.140

■ 100, 6.622,
291.140

■ 33, 6.622, 291.140

■ 63, 6.622, 291.140

■ 23, 6.622, 291.140

■ 73, 6.622, 291.140

■ 13, 6.622, 291.140

■ 83, 6.622, 291.140

■ 3, 6.622, 291.140

■ 93, 6.622, 291.140

■ 0, 6.622, 291.140

■ 43, 6.622, 291.140

■ 43, 6.622, 291.140

■ 39, 13.602,
292.269

■ 47, 0.096, 109.718

■ 35, 20.867,

■ 51, 6.568, 109.317

293.598

55, 12.813,
108.606

30, 28.431,
295.143

60, 18.847,
107.992

26, 36.292,
296.912

64, 24.682,
107.460

22, 44.394,
298.885

68, 30.332,
106.999

18, 52.552,
300.981

71, 35.809,
106.596

15, 60.323,
303.027

75, 41.122,
106.243

13, 66.888,
304.755

79, 46.283,
105.933

10, 72.692,
306.257

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43, 6.622, 291.140



47, 6.478, 109.269

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43, 6.622, 291.140



43, 6.622, 341.140



43, 6.622, 111.140



43, 6.622, 161.140

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43, 6.621, 291.135



59, 2.478, 290.474



46, 4.376, 197.550



30, 1.894, 290.538



81, 0.010, 296.813



31, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43, 6.621, 291.135



54, 10.062, 291.398



43, 6.977, 308.897



21, 3.791, 291.048



12, 76.554, 306.283



31, 130.755, 306.285

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44, 4.634, 19.905



55, 7.076, 20.091



46, 6.880, 128.078



22, 2.649, 19.841



24, 57.995, 37.782



52, 102.181, 39.994

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 43, 6.622, 291.140 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 43, 6.622, 291.140 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

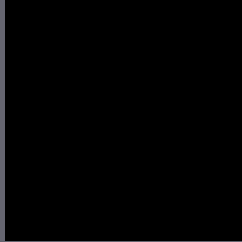
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

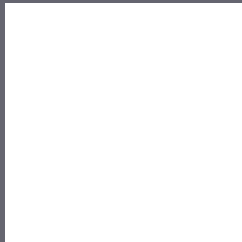
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 43, 6.622, 291.140

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 43, 6.622, 291.140.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 43, 6.622, 291.140.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


43, 6.622, 291.140

Protanopia

43, 6.627, 287.723

Deuteranopia

43, 8.358, 310.870



Tritanopia
43, 4.828, 286.133

Trichromacy



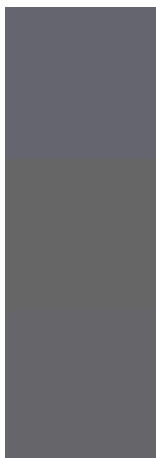
Original Color
43, 6.622, 291.140

Protanomaly
43, 6.627, 287.723

Deuteranomaly
43, 7.427, 303.615

Tritanomaly
43, 5.427, 286.761

Monochromacy



Original Color
43, 6.622, 291.140

Achromatopsia
43, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
43, 2.407, 290.542

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 43, 6.622, 291.140 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(101, 101, 112)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(101, 101, 112)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(101, 101, 112) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(101, 101, 112) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 43, 6.622, 291.140 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(101, 101, 112) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(101, 101, 112) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(101, 101, 112)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(101, 101, 112); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(101, 101, 112);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(101, 101,  
112) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 43, 6.622, 291.140 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(101, 101, 112) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(101,  
101, 112) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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