

Converting Colors

CIELCh(43, 6.887, 106.390)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(43, 6.887, 106.390) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(43, 6.596, 105.466)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	67665B
RGB	103, 102, 91
RGB Percent	40%, 40%, 36%
CMY	0.5958, 0.5998, 0.6429
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.12, 0.60
HSL	55°, 6%, 38%
HSV	55°, 12%, 40%
XYZ	12.2484, 13.1578, 11.8050
YIQ	101.0450, 4.1270, -3.2090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

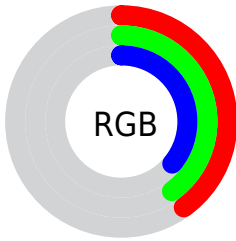
Format	Color
RYB	92, 103, 91
Decimal	6776411
CIELab	43.00, -1.76, 6.36
CIELCh	43, 6.596, 105.466
Yxy	13.1578, 0.3292, 0.3536
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284966491 (0xFF67665B)
YUV	101.0450, -4.9522, 1.7145
Hunter-Lab	36.2736, -3.2056, 6.0961

Details

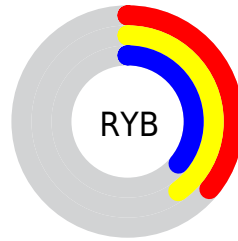
The CIELCh color $43, 6.596, 105.466$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $39, 6.736, 287.823$, and the grayscale version is $43, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $63, 6.689, 106.045$, and $23, 6.650, 104.492$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $42, 12.256, 104.495$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $44, 0.926, 106.384$.

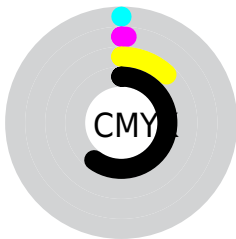
Distribution



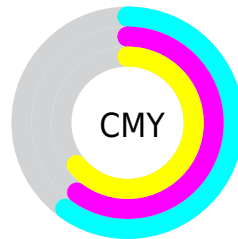
- Red (40%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (60%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 43, 6.596, 105.466 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 43, 6.596, 105.466 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 43, 6.596, 105.466

■ 43, 6.596, 105.466

■ 100, 6.596,
105.466

■ 33, 6.596, 105.466

■ 63, 6.596, 105.466

■ 23, 6.596, 105.466

■ 73, 6.596, 105.466

■ 13, 6.596, 105.466

■ 83, 6.596, 105.466

■ 3, 6.596, 105.466

■ 93, 6.596, 105.466

■ 0, 6.596, 105.466

■ 43, 6.596, 105.466

■ 43, 6.596, 105.466

■ 42, 12.256,
104.495

■ 44, 0.926, 106.384

■ 42, 17.872,

■ 44, 4.737, 287.403

103.503

45, 10.378,
288.305

42, 23.392,
102.512

45, 15.989,
289.178

41, 28.738,
101.537

46, 21.565,
290.013

41, 33.782,
100.595

47, 27.102,
290.810

40, 38.339, 99.703

47, 32.597,
291.567

40, 42.155, 98.882

40, 44.950, 98.143

48, 38.048,
292.284

40, 47.081, 97.560

49, 43.452,
292.961

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43, 6.596, 105.466



39, 6.736, 287.823

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43, 6.596, 105.466



43, 6.596, 155.466



43, 6.596, 285.466



43, 6.596, 335.466

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43, 6.597, 105.475



56, 2.118, 106.277



40, 5.181, 13.343



29, 1.619, 106.218



79, 0.010, 296.813



29, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43, 6.597, 105.475



55, 9.910, 105.206



43, 7.511, 125.587



21, 3.153, 105.738



44, 50.772, 97.490



88, 87.763, 97.137

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39, 6.736, 287.823



50, 10.165, 288.140



40, 7.647, 306.642



19, 3.206, 287.523



12, 69.748, 304.549



32, 124.953, 305.467

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 43, 6.596, 105.466 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 43, 6.596, 105.466 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

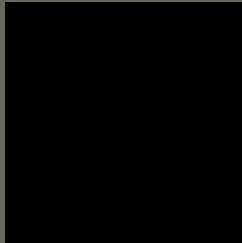
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

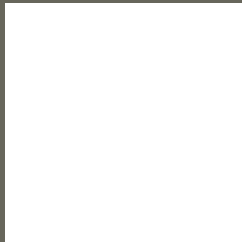
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 43, 6.596, 105.466

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 43, 6.596, 105.466.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 43, 6.596, 105.466.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


43, 6.596, 105.466

Protanopia

43, 6.363, 89.439

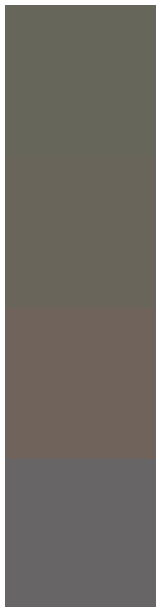
Deuteranopia

43, 8.264, 45.860



Tritanopia
43, 5.254, 313.581

Trichromacy



Original Color
43, 6.596, 105.466

Protanomaly
43, 6.230, 93.206

Deuteranomaly
43, 6.698, 58.524

Tritanomaly
43, 1.390, 353.730

Monochromacy



Original Color
43, 6.596, 105.466

Achromatopsia
43, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
43, 2.430, 99.848

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 43, 6.596, 105.466 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(103, 102, 91)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(103, 102, 91)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(103, 102, 91) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(103, 102, 91) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 43, 6.596, 105.466 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(103, 102, 91) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(103, 102, 91) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(103, 102, 91)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(103, 102, 91); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 102, 91);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 102,  
91) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 43, 6.596, 105.466 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(103, 102, 91) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(103,  
102, 91) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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