

Converting Colors

CIELCh(43, 68.121, 136.264)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(43, 68.121, 136.264)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(43, 67.994, 136.131)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	007701
RGB	0, 119, 1
RGB Percent	0%, 47%, 0%
CMY	1.0000, 0.5339, 0.9969
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.99, 0.53
HSL	120°, 100%, 23%
HSV	120°, 100%, 47%
XYZ	6.5787, 13.1578, 2.2158
YIQ	69.9670, -33.0460, -61.9260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

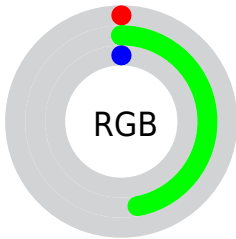
Format	Color
RYB	0, 118, 119
Decimal	30465
CIELab	43.00, -49.02, 47.12
CIELCh	43, 67.994, 136.131
Yxy	13.1578, 0.2997, 0.5994
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278220545 (0xFF007701)
YUV	69.9670, -34.0007, -61.3611
Hunter-Lab	36.2736, -31.1054, 21.7698

Details

The CIELCh color **43, 67.994, 136.131** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006600**. A complement of this color would be **27, 65.398, 328.492**, and the grayscale version is **30, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **63, 67.800, 136.240**, and **25, 46.502, 136.352** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43, 67.972, 136.109**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **43, 65.128, 136.742**.

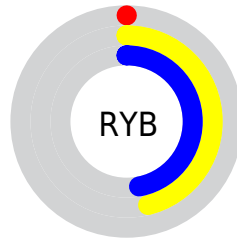
Distribution



Red (0%)

Green (47%)

Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (47%)

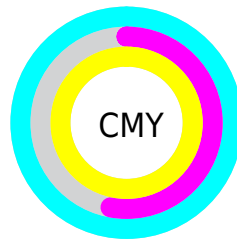


Cyan (100%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (99%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (100%)


Magenta (53%)


Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 43, 67.994, 136.131 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 43, 67.994, 136.131 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 43, 67.994,
136.131


 43, 67.994,
136.131


 100, 67.994,
136.131


 33, 67.994,
136.131

 63, 67.994,
136.131


 23, 67.994,
136.131

 73, 67.994,
136.131

 13, 67.994,
136.131

 83, 67.994,
136.131

 3, 67.994, 136.131

 93, 67.994,
136.131

 0, 67.994, 136.131

 43, 67.994,

 43, 67.994,

136.131

136.131

■ 43, 67.972,
136.109

■ 43, 65.128,
136.742

■ 43, 61.236,
137.576

■ 44, 55.877,
138.605

■ 44, 49.347,
139.704

■ 45, 41.951,
140.775

■ 46, 33.963,
141.762

■ 46, 25.608,
142.642

■ 48, 17.072,
143.411

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43, 67.994, 136.131



27, 65.398, 328.492

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43, 67.994, 136.131



43, 67.994, 186.131



43, 67.994, 316.131



43, 67.994, 6.131

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43, 67.972, 136.109



60, 31.912, 142.579



48, 55.119, 102.852



31, 21.913, 142.288



83, 0.010, 296.813



34, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43, 67.972, 136.109



56, 82.664, 136.084



43, 49.661, 150.110



24, 4.728, 144.140



44, 69.424, 136.106



86, 117.850, 136.054

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27, 65.398, 328.492



37, 79.475, 328.498



24, 48.373, 0.222



23, 4.736, 325.070



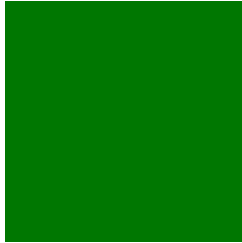
28, 66.789, 328.492



59, 113.201, 328.507

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 43, 67.994, 136.131 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

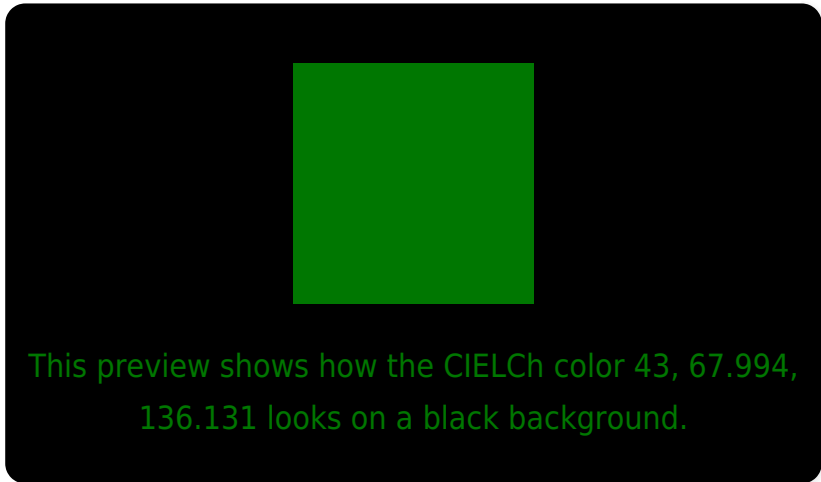
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

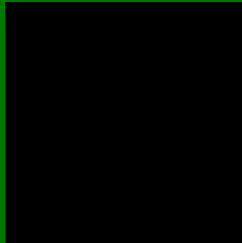
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 43, 67.994, 136.131

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 43, 67.994, 136.131.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 43, 67.994, 136.131.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


43, 67.994, 136.131

Protanopia

43, 49.907, 95.359

Deuteranopia

43, 42.821, 82.061



Tritanopia
43, 19.838, 213.370

Trichromacy



Original Color
43, 67.994, 136.131

Protanomaly
41, 54.447, 120.292

Deuteranomaly
41, 47.280, 116.873

Tritanomaly
42, 36.274, 157.837

Monochromacy



Original Color
43, 67.994, 136.131

Achromatopsia
30, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
33, 32.277, 140.898

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 43, 67.994, 136.131 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 119, 1)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 119, 1)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 119, 1) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 119, 1) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 43, 67.994, 136.131 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 119, 1) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 119, 1) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 119, 1)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 119, 1); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 119, 1); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 119, 1) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 43, 67.994, 136.131 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 119, 1) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 119,  
1) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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